Staunton Vindicator.

VOL. XVII. STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1861. NO. 23.

The Vindicator,

BY S. M. YOST.

TERMS.—The "VINDICATOR" is published every Friday morning at $1 00 PER ANNUM, two copies to one address for one year, or TWO DOLLARS to single subscribers, if not paid in advance, Forty Cents, which may be discharged by the payment of Forty Cents.

No paper will be discontinued but at the option of the Editors, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS of one inch (or less) in length, inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent continuance. Larger advertisements inserted in the same proportion.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

☞ Annual advertisers will be limited to their immediate business, or the advertisements charged for at transient rates.

STAUNTON FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers call the attention of the public to their extensive variety of

PARLOR, BOX, TEN PLATE AND COOKING STOVES,

of their own manufacture. They have had on hands a large lot of Stoves, which they offer very low FOR CASH, and will be found equal in quality, if not superior, to any purchased of Northern manufacturers. They are now making, and will keep on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, every kind and every description of

TOOL WORK,

ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY, MACHINERY, and all kinds of Castings made to order.

For patronage, the undersigned respectfully solicited.

Nov. 16, 1860. A. J. GARDER & CO.

GREAT BARGAINS!

THE SUBSCRIBER calls particular attention to his very extensive and well selected stock of

Boots and Shoes,

which he is selling as cheap, if not the cheapest in the place.

Men's Boots, only, $1 00
Men's Gaiters, only, 50
Ladies' and Misses' Shoes very low. Just received some Goods' Lasting Shoes—very pleasant for tender feet.

☞ Still is manufacturing Gentlemen's Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, also best French Calf Skin, Ladies' Gaiters, and Shoes of all kinds.

☞ Call and get bargains.

OPPOSITE DAVIS A. KAYSER'S.

Staunton, Sept. 14, 1860.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ARTHUR has entered into a co-partnership with DR. REINT, of Winchester. Dr. Reint is a graduate of Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, and has been in practice over four years. Dr. Arthur intends to take a vacation of a few days, (in Richmond,) from time to time, for the purpose of attending to the duties of his profession, which will be made known in the papers. He will be found at his office in Staunton, on the first Monday in each month, (Court week.)

March 8, 1861.

SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING.

JUST received, one of the neatest and most fashionable assortments of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND CAPS,

ever before offered in Staunton, next door to Adams' Express Office, New Street.

JAMES A. BRAMENTHOUT.

Staunton, March 22, 1861.

Soap and Candle FACTORY.

THE subscriber is commencing the manufacture of Soap and Candles, in the building on the corner of Beverley Street, opposite the Furniture Warehouse of A. Coiner, Jr., where he will keep on hand a superior article of Tallow Candles and Soap, which he will sell on the most accommodating terms.

THOMAS WHITLEY.

Staunton, Sept. 21, 1860.—tf.

CITY HOTEL,

CORNER RYNAL AND CAMERON STREETS,

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

J. ROSSNER, Sup't. A. W. DRAKE, Clerk.

THIS HOTEL is the largest, most central, and most pleasant place to stop. ☞ Omnibuses always in readiness at the Cars.

Alexandria, April 12, 1860.—tf

FAMILY CARRIAGE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a fine gray TWO-HORSE CARRIAGE, which will cost six persons. It can be seen at the Vindicator office. The horses can be bought by Rodgers, the best builder in the United States. The horses are young, and have been broken in harness. It will be sold now for $400, and the horses will be worth $300 in the spring. Apply at this office, or by letter addressed to the Editors.

March 15, 1861.—tf.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

CORNER OF MAIN AND WALL STREETS,

RICHMOND, VA.

GEORGE W. MADDOX, Proprietor.

JAMES MASSENBURG, JR., (Late of the Exchange Hotel, Petersburg,) General Superintendent.

T. D. TEBBETTS, Clerk.

The undersigned, late of the Exchange Hotel, Petersburg, Va., has taken the above well known and popular Hotel, and has refitted it throughout with new furniture, and has added to its attractiveness by the addition of a Billiard Room. The Hotel is in the immediate vicinity of the Public Buildings, and is the most central and convenient to the business portion of the city. Its tables will be supplied with the best the markets afford, and its bar with the choicest liquors. Its rooms are well ventilated, and its beds and bedding will be found comfortable and clean. The patronage of his friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

GEO. W. MADDOX.

Richmond, Jan. 18, 1861.

$100,000 to Spend.

THE undersigned wishes to invest his entire estate in

Young and Likely Negroes,

for which he will PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES. Address him at Staunton or Middlebrook.

JAS. E. CARSON.

March 29, 1861.—6m

(Spectator, Lexington Gazette and Star, and Rockingham Register copy.)

PICTURES!

J. E. HOFFMAN,

AMBROTYPIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER,

BURDETT'S OLD GALLERY,

OPPOSITE THE VINDICATOR OFFICE,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

☞ Instructions given in the Art.

March 29, 1861.—tf

CATTLE SCALES.

FAIRBANK'S STANDARD SCALES are unsurpassed by any manufactured, and are now enable us to furnish FAIRBANK'S CE'EBRATED PLATFORM SCALES at the lowest factory prices. All persons who have the fairbanks' celebrated, guaranteeing their accuracy, or furnish them free for transportation. These Scales are now used in most extensive establishments throughout the country, and are warranted in every particular. Towns and Cities supplied, and all further information given by the undersigned, sole agent for Fairbanks' celebrated Scales.

GEO. E. PICKE.

Staunton, April 5, 1861.

NEW GOODS AT DAVIS A KAYSER'S.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

Staunton, March 8, 1861.

A. D. CHANDLER,

UNDERTAKER,

Staunton, Va.

KEEPS METALIC CASES of all sizes, at Staunton and Baltimore prices. Also, a Hearse and Velvet Pall, at City Prices.

Staunton, July 22, 1859.

Wanted.

1000 CORDS OF WOOD delivered at our Distillery near Staunton, for which we will pay the highest cash price, on delivery. For specifications, apply at the office in Staunton.

AUBREY, MARMAN & CO.

Dec. 7, 1860.—tf.

Something Nice.

JUST received and for sale—in beautiful little cans of 1 and 2 pounds, a supply of the celebrated Manchester Pickled Tongues. These tongues are cured with Manchester Salt, and are very tender.

R. J. GLENDY.

FRESH TONGUES.

DR. THOMAS A. BREEDLY

HAS removed his office to the corner of Main and Beverly Streets, opposite the old Mansion House.

Staunton, April 12, 1860.—tf.

CARBOLIC CATARRH CURE.

CATARRH, Cold in the Head, Ozena, Deafness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Lung Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Nervous Debility, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Cholera, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Typhus Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, Ship Fever, Bilious Fever, Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague, Pleurisy, Inflammation of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels, Stomach, Bladder, Uterus, Piles, Gravel, Dropsy, Gout, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Mercurial Disease, Mercurial Rheumatism, Mercurial Cachexia, Syphilis, Secondary Syphilis, Tertiary Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Leucorrhœa, Prolapsus, Fluxus, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, Amenorrhœa, Sterility, Impotence, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Irritation, Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Spinal Irritation, Sleeplessness, Hypochondria, Hysteria, Melancholy, Mania, Mania a Potu, Epilepsy, Tetanus, Hydrophobia, Dropsy, Consumption, Scrofula, Cancer, Tumor, Ulcers, Abscesses, Boils, Felons, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bites of Venomous Animals, Poisons, Mercurial Poisons, Lead Poisons, Opium Poisons, Tobacco Poisons, Alcohol Poisons, Cantharides Poisons, Poisonous Exhalations, Poisonous Secretions, Poisonous Excretions, Poisonous Contagion, Poisonous Infection, Poisonous Miasmata, Poisonous Malaria, Poisonous Virus, Poisonous Vapors, Poisonous Gases, Poisonous Effluvia, Poisonous Air, Poisonous Water, Poisonous Food, Poisonous Medicines, Poisonous Mineral Medicines, Poisonous Vegetable Medicines, Poisonous Animal Medicines, Poisonous Physic, Poisonous Nature, Poisonous Art, Poisonous Science, Poisonous Philosophy, Poisonous Physics, Poisonous Metaphysics, Poisonous Theology, Poisonous Religion, Poisonous Christianity, Poisonous Christians, Poisonous Preachers, Poisonous Priests, Poisonous Popes, Poisonous Cardinals, Poisonous Bishops, Poisonous Priests, Poisonous Deacons, Poisonous Elders, Poisonous Members, Poisonous Churches, Poisonous Sermons, Poisonous Prayers, Poisonous Hymns, Poisonous Devotions, Poisonous Sacraments, Poisonous Baptism, Poisonous Eucharist, Poisonous Communion, Poisonous Marriage, Poisonous Burial, Poisonous Resurrection, Poisonous Judgment, Poisonous Damnation, Poisonous Hell, Poisonous Satan, Poisonous Devil, Poisonous Demons, Poisonous Angels, Poisonous Cherubim, Poisonous Seraphim, Poisonous Thrones, Poisonous Dominions, Poisonous Principalities, Poisonous Powers, Poisonous Virtues, Poisonous Archangels, Poisonous Angels, Poisonous Saints, Poisonous Martyrs, Poisonous Christ, Poisonous God, Poisonous Holy Ghost, Poisonous Holy Trinity, Poisonous Bible, Poisonous Heaven, Poisonous Eternity, Poisonous Immortality, Poisonous Life, Poisonous Death, Poisonous Resurrection, Poisonous Eternity, Poisonous Hell, Poisonous Damnation, Poisonous Eternity, Poisonous Eternity, Poisonous Eternity

For the Dispatch.

Agitation.

Where is the heart that does not instinctively rejoice at the light of that line of battling clouds marshalling in the distant West, and skirting the verge of the horizon with the mighty roll of their green swelling banners of rolling vapour, after a long and weary mid summer's day, when the great burning eye of the sun looks down upon the heated and parched earth, whose green the gaudy veil of a cloud to dim the sickening glance? when not a cooling breathes from the landscape, but the air seems dull and dead, and all animated nature is wallowing and panting under the stagnating oppressiveness. How does rejoicing nature clap her hands in ecstacy, as the first cool puff of wind fans her feverish cheek, fresh from the magazine of the tempest, and the grand sweep of the stern king marches majestically up the broad archway of the sky, darkening the heavens with the drearily packed columns of its mustering squadrons. How grateful the sound, when the rain and the hail come rushing down from the battlements of the skies, and the revelling gales break loose from their bondage.—when peal on peal rolls from the heavenly drum of heaven—when battery of celestial artillery is discharged, blazing fiercely along the whole line, vibrating with fresh vitality the languid pulses of the air, and sending their quickened best thrilling through all the arteries of creation.

Now, who objects to this *agitation* of the elements? Is it not absolutely necessary to preserve the health and vitality of nature? What though, in this elemental war, the flashing "levin brand" of Omnipotence hews to the ground, at a single stroke, the gnarled old oak of a thousand summers, and the dashing bolt topples down in blazing ruin, the tower and the dome, and here and there strikes dead the pulse of human life and hope, who would choose the everlasting stagnation of a smoldering mid-summer day to escape such occasional catastrophes?

When, "the deep blue sea" is motionless to the bottom, and not a ripple dims its mirrored surface, one might perhaps be tempted to wish it were always so. But stagnation, and miasmatic poisons, and pestilential death around all its shores would be the consummation of such a wish.—

Health requires that violent *agitation* should sometimes stir its depths, and wild winds lash its surface into foam. This is an imperative law of nature. Agitation purifies. It is as necessary to the sea as to the lungs for the preservation of universal life. And though the fated ship is sometimes, by this *agitation*, whelmed beneath the angry surges, and the sailor's go down to their tombs in the cool caves, where the sea monsters sport, yet the evil, if any there be, must be accepted for the sake of the *immensely greater* good.

Who, for the sake of avoiding an occasional catastrophe, however horrid it might be, would desire the realization of Byron's Poem on Darkness, in which, to the fevered dreams of the poet, was presented this vision:

> "I saw the world was void;
> The populous and the peopled lands, the towns,
> Seas, mountains, rivers, and the forests, blotted
> A lump of death, a chaos of hard clay.
> The rivers, lakes, and oceans all stood still,
> And nothing stirred within their silent depths;
> Ships, without sailors, lay rotting on the waters,
> And their masts fell piecemeal: as they decayed
> They slept upon the abyss, without a surge.
> The waves were dead, the tides were in their graves,
> The winds were wither'd in the stagnant air,
> And the clouds perished."

Air is the elements, as is air, earth and water. *agitation* is essential sometimes, to vitality and health, so in the political world.

That community or nation, which can look upon great political agitations, that blow into the very fundamental laws of society—that can look upon oppression, and wrong, and outrage, and not feel keenly in the inmost depths of the soul, and not be intensely *agitated*, is ready to be subdued—is ready to settle down, with calm, stupid submission, into a rayless and unbroken despotism.

Better play the part of the lightning and the gale, and the storm—better lay cities in ashes, and deluge the land in blood, and pile the ground with heaps of aggressive slain, as did our Revolutionary fathers, than to be witnesses of the haughty insolence of Great-Britain, than to let *Right* ever be trampled under foot by aggressive *Wrong*.

Give us occasional *agitation* then, if necessary, and let that agitation be equal to the emergency that demands it. It is the great purifier of the political, as well as the physical elements. Better is it that our country should be convulsed to its centre, and shaken as with a whirlwind than that superstitious wrong should prevail over *an alienable right*"

H E C——.

Memphis (Ga.) Clarion.

Copy of a letter to the Editor, dated

MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
May 28th, 1861.

Dear Vindicator:—Permit an old reader, who after many wanderings has brought up at the seat of Government of the Confederate States, to address a few words to you. Sketch of the proceedings of the C. S. A., for all the officials here are now busy in preparation for a removal to Richmond. After several weeks' sojourn in this dusty and sultry town, I was not surprised that the Congress, if influenced by mere considerations of comfort, and convenience should have determined to meet elsewhere. But more important considerations induced them to remove to some point nearer the bird where our nationality is to be won. No one who looks at the map of our country can doubt that Virginia is to be the great battle-field; that upon her soil, or from her soil, our people are to strike the decisive blow for independence. Having lately traversed nearly all the Cotton States, I speak advisedly when I say that their people are a unit for resistance, and are willing to devote the last dollar and the last man to the cause. With President Davis they are satisfied. His antecedents as a soldier and a statesman, fashion the belief that coming his term as provisional President, he will conduct the war and administer the government upon wise and patriotic principles—The members of his Cabinet, too, have a large share of the confidence of the people, with the exception of the Hon. P. H. Walker, (Secretary of War,) who has always been considered an unfortunate selection. However it is generally understood that he is to be replaced by some Virginian of ability and national reputation, who will soon reduce the war department to complete system. The gratification at Mr. Walker's removal is some, but by which he is qualified, will be as general as was the surprise at his appointment to his present place.

No Virginian could fail to be gratified at the eagerness which is here manifested by all classes to hasten to the defense of the dear old "Mother of States and Statesmen." It is the fatherland to a large proportion of the Southern people, whose swords will leap joyfully from their scabbards to drive back the invaders from the soil where rest the dust of Henry, of Jefferson, and of Washington.

H. D. F.

AFFAIRS AT THE NORTHWEST.—A dispatch from Louisville, Ken., contains the following items:

It is supposed that Col. Anderson came to Louisville voluntarily, but along, and prominently endeavor to divert the attention of secessionists, Kentuckians to the sight of Federal buttons, and gradually bring the State into the condition of Missouri.

It is rumored that the Nashville Railroad will be embargoed, in which event, the Louisville and Nashville Railroad will be Southern Rights men of Louisville, and every, or almost every, prepared to repel aggression from either side, and the Tennessees will gain thousands of supporters by waiting.

The Marion Rifles, an intensely Union corps, have resigned by a majority of one, to be sworn into the Home Guard.

The New York Times, received here by mail, has a bitter article on the attitude of England and France. It says—"Without circumlocution, it is plain they are loudly acknowledge the independence of the Confederate States."

RATES OF POSTAGE. The following are the rates of postage under the Confederate government: Half ounce, six cents for 3000 miles, per half ounce, 10 cents for 3000 miles, per half ounce, 20 cents for 5000 miles. Drop letters for delivery, of any weight, 2 cents; prepaid, each transient newspaper, pamphlet, periodical, or magazine, published in the Confederate States, and each unsealed circular, to be sent to any post office in the Confederate States, and not intended for delivery, connected with any manuscript, and weighing not exceeding one ounce, 2 cents; and like additional rate for each additional ounce. Books, bound or unbound, weighing not over four pounds, 2 cents each ounce; and newspapers, periodicals or books published outside the limits of the Confederate States, *double* the above specified rate.

NOT EXECUTED.—Notwithstanding the many accounts from different quarters, tending to confirm the reported arrest and execution of young Lambert, as a spy, at Manassas Junction, it has turns out to be untrue. We were positively informed yesterday that he was discharged, and that he is now in Alexandria. He is a civil engineer on the Manassas Gap road, and the papers found in his possession, which were said to be drawings of Harper's Ferry, were his engineer's drafts of surveys on his road. We furthermore understand he is a good Southern man.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

BY THE GOVERNOR.

A Proclamation.

[illegible] citizens of the Commonwealth of Virginia have already been invaded by the forces of Illinois, and shed the blood of its people, and committed other acts of outrage and aggression, thereby rendering it necessary for the Commonwealth of Virginia, subject to the jurisdiction of the people of Virginia, and subject to the allegiance of the Commonwealth, therefore, I, John Letcher, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby require all the volunteer companies now in the service of the Commonwealth, not already organized in the service, to be organized and mustered into the service of Virginia.

And I do further hereby call upon all the patriotic people of Virginia, to rally to the standard of their country, to place themselves under the orders of the Commonwealth, at Richmond, on the 1st day of June, 1861, and on the 20th day of May, 1861.

JOHN LETCHER.

By the Governor:

GEO. W. MUNFORD,
Sec'y Comm'th.

The Mobile Advertiser says the Southern States have now a Navy, and a Navy of no mean pretensions, either. The Navy is composed of the following vessels:

A lump of death, a chaos of hard clay.
The rivers, lakes, and oceans all stood still,
And nothing stirred within their silent depths;
Ships, without sailors, lay rotting on the waters,
And their masts fell piecemeal: as they decayed
They slept upon the abyss, without a surge.
The waves were dead, the tides were in their graves,
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H E C——.

Memphis (Ga.) Clarion.

PROMOTED.—We are glad to say that the President has appointed Col. Wm. H. T. Walker to be a Brigadier General. It has been a source of much mortification to his many admirers that he has not never been placed in position where he could be effective in the cause of his country. It is well that one of the most brilliant and daring of our military men has been allowed to test upon his well-earned laurels, rather than be placed where he would achieve no honors for himself, and render distinguished services to his native land. General Walker was, we believe, the first officer of the U. States Army to throw up his commission upon the election of Lincoln. He deserves well of his country for his patriotic deeds, and we are glad that now he is to be again in active service. He will [illegible]

Augusta (Ga.) Chron.

THE "WEEKLY" OF THE SOUTH.—A new literary paper, just started in N. York, [illegible]

[illegible] Southern States [illegible] Southern Rights [illegible] under arms.—[illegible] Southern States [illegible] Southern Rights [illegible] Southern States [illegible] Southern Rights [illegible]

MR. CRAWFORD CAVALRY.

All Honor to the Gallant Corps!!

Upon being informed that Infantry was needed for the North-western service, without a murmur they gave up their horses, sabres, &c., and armed themselves with muskets. This exhibition of patriotism and self denial, upon the part of these brave men from the Tenth Legion, will we hope, be emulated by all who desire to enter the service of the State, and that Volunteers will rally to the rescue, ready and willing to take any arms the State may be able to furnish.

The proceedings of the Council of the Town of Staunton, June 1, 1861.

A report to the Governor of the Governor of the Union to Blue of March last, was presented and received, and the Clerk was directed to transmit a copy thereof to the Editor.

The Committee heretofore appointed for that purpose, reported an Ordinance, as a substitute for the present year, which was passed.

The Council laid the levy, and made allowances for the present year.

For reasons satisfactory to the Council, the Treasurer was excused for failing to make his monthly statement of the financial condition of the town.

The Mayor reported that the Officers of the town have discharged their duty.

On motion, the Council adjourned.

A. WARD,
Mayor.

JAMES F. PATTERSON, Clk.

The Markets.

STAUNTON MARKETS.
—WHOLESALE PRICES—
Reported by A. Ward.

June 6, 1861.

FLOUR.{	Superfine	$4.50@4.75
	Extra	5.00@5.25
	Family	5.50@6.00
	Rye	3.50@3.75
GRAIN.{	Wheat	1.00@1.05
	Corn	0.55@0.60
	Oats	0.25@0.30
	Fresh Bell	14 @ 16
	Tallow	13 @ 14
	Lard	13 @ 14
BACON.{	Hams or Ton	12.00
	Shoulders	
	Clear	10.00
SALT		5.00

TIED.

In this place, on Friday, May 24th, Mrs. Louisa Lumbaugh, wife of Mr. Harman Lumbaugh, aged 37 years.

In Pinesdale, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Dr. S. D. Hopkins, on the 27th ult., Mr. Tazewell C. Bear, formerly of Richmond, in 19th year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOUTHERN PENCILES.

THE Volunteer Company being raised by Capt Skinner, and officers, is now encamped in the Academy, and is to be organized to-morrow.

We are in receipt of pledges of support from prominent citizens of Kentucky, and we feel confident, of Kentucky, Kentuckians to the sight of Federal buttons, and gradually bring the State into the condition of Missouri.

It is rumored that the Nashville Railroad will be embargoed, in which event, the Louisville and Nashville Railroad will be Southern Rights men of Louisville, and every, or almost every, prepared to repel aggression from either side, and the Tennessees will gain thousands of supporters by waiting.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW CONCERN.

The Copper & Steel Iron Manufactory

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Staunton and surrounding country, that they have taken the Shop, one door West of Mr. Kinney's Store, and are prepared to make all kinds of COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK, from a Tea Cup to a Still. They are also prepared to repair Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, and hooping on at fair terms as it can be done in this section of country. Having a desire to live and let live, they ask a share of public patronage.

JOHN C. GROVE & BRO.

Staunton, Feb. 8, 1861.

FOR RENT.—The large and commodious Store Room now occupied by D. J. Golden, and Tailoring Shop, in the same building. The situation for business is one of the best in the place being only one door above the Post Office, and adjoining the Central Bank of Va. Possession given 1st April.

TAYLOR & HUGE.

Feb. 8, 1861.

FRENCH CHEMICAL ASBESTOS.—We have just received an assortment of Fire Cut Chewing Tobacco, from the celebrated Bird's Plantations; Anderson & Co's Asbestos; Anderson & Co's Molasses; the best cut of Chewing, and Smoking Tobacco, which we offer at the lowest cash prices.

per C. T. COUNAHAN.

Staunton, Oct. 5, 1860.

FRENCH CLOTHS & CASSIMERES.—I have now a fine stock of French Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest style.

The undersigned have formed a partnership in the Practice of Law, in the various Courts held in Staunton, and promptly try to attend to all business confident to their care. Special attention paid to the Collection of Claims.

Hope of undersigned will be held Courts of Highland, Bath and Rockbridge, and in the Court of Appeals.

JAS. HUMGARNER, Jr.
WM. H. SHEFFEY.

Staunton, Feb. 14, 1859.

R. L. DOYLE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
STAUNTON, VA.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE COUNTIES OF Augusta, Rockbridge, Bath and Highland.

July 25, 1857.

J. B. WATTS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BRICK ROW
COURT-HOUSE SQUARE,
STAUNTON.

1861. SPRING TRADE. 1861.

Keen, Baldwin & Williams,
MIDDLESAX AND BATAIR.

CLOTHERS,
102 MAIN ST. RICHMOND,

ARE now prepared to show Merchants a full and complete stock of

SPRING CLOTHING,

embracing every variety of style and quality of goods, manufactured by themselves, in a superior manner, and on advantageous and favored terms.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On the first of July next we shall remove to our magnificent

WHITE MARBLE BUILDING,

A few White Wash Brushes, Horse do., So sibling; Tassels; Hatching; Hanging; Paper Hangers; Brushes; Varnishes; and constantly on hand.

GEO. E. PRICE.

NOTICE.

CABINET, Shoemakers take the method of informing the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws—and the most have money—and prepared to trim Hair in the most fashionable style and manner, nine, ladies and gentlemen, I shall call on him. He will experience in the business, justifies him in promising to please all who may favor him with a call.

January 4, 1861.

A NEW CHEAP AND DURABLE ROOFING.

THE undersigned have obtained the agency for Young & Chossley's celebrated

Gutta Percha and India Rubber Roofing Cloth.

This article is a thick body roofing cloth, one hard side, saturated in a solution of *Gutta Percha* and India Rubber, and coated on both sides with a thick coat of the same, so that it combines all the requisites of the age, viz: Cleanness, durability, elasticity and fire proof. Cloth is adapted to all kinds of roofing, whether tin, slate or shingle, is adapted to being walked upon, and is the best article for leaky roofs, without the necessity of removing the shingles, which is a great saving in expense, as the shingles can be repaired and exchange speed and white repairs are being made.

Gutta Percha Roofing Cement.

As above stated, is a concentrated solution of GUTTA PERCHA and INDIA RUBBER, and is the best and cheapest article for a cheap roofing. It is a consistence of six coats of house paint. It is adhesive, and will stick to any thing, and on any roof, as a preservative against rust or decay, it adheres so firmly to all parts, that leaky tin roofs, and other metal roofs are repaired, at one cost of this cement will render it proof against rust and leak for many years. As an air tight application it is unsurpassed, and as a fire proof it is invaluable. It is better than a pound of cure. It will last for years, and is adapted to all kinds of weather, hot or cold, and wash off. I will put up one cask of this cement for two cents per square and insure satisfaction.

SLATE ROOFING.

The undersigned, has been engaged in SLATE ROOFING for the last twenty years, and has laid more than any other man, some of the best and most Public Buildings in this part of the country, from the extreme Eastern Shore, and is in that branch of my business. Most respectfully solicits a share of public patronage, and will guarantee satisfaction, or no pay. Slate furnished on the ground, or put up in the best manner.

J. W. SHEPHERD.

I SAY AGAIN!!

I have also on hand a large quantity of SLATE PAVEMENT, either fancy or plain, sawed into square, or cut to any pattern, and of any size, rough, and laid in chickens, suitable for

Halls, Basements, Porches or Floors.

Of any kind, as the colors are variegated into green, blue, purple, and brown, and are very beautiful and general appearance of the flooring so laid.

Also large SLATE Hearths, either planed or in the rough, of any size, from one to twelve feet wide and two to three inches in thickness, or a beautiful Marble Hearth for the price of Slate Paveness, now so common in all large Cities, and at this time being laid in all the principal Hotels in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Slate Pavement, Slate Mantles, Table, Washstand Tops, Slate Cistern, Slate Roofing, Slate Slate Company's Quarry about 5 miles from Philadelphia.

An opportunity is now offered to the public to purchase Slate Roofing, Slate Pavement, Slate Mantles, &c., at a very low price.

RICHARD KEAYY,
the only appointed agent for the Slate Works of John & Crosby's Gutta Percha Cement Roofing is the only and the adjoining counties.

STAUNTON, Feb. 1, 1861.

NOTICE!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Staunton and surrounding country, that they have taken the Shop, one door West of Mr. Kinney's Store, and are prepared to make all kinds of

COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK, from a Tea Cup to a Still.

They are also prepared to repair Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, and hooping on at fair terms as it can be done in this section of country. Having a desire to live and let live, they ask a share of public patronage.

JOHN C. GROVE & BRO.

Staunton, Feb. 8, 1861.

$60,000

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES

HAVE been sold since their introduction in the Spring of Forty Two. This far exceeds the number that have been sold of other kinds, and shows their superiority to the Machines in the market. Most other machines have been tried by many others have been offered to the public, and some of them doubtless have merits, but the difficulty of making them known to the use of Wheeler & Wilson's Patents, which are the very essence of the good opinion, and which are so completely controlled by the few manufacturers now using them, has (and so long as the Patents exist, will) prevent the introduction of any other Machine that cannot stand comparison with it. Speaking of this in the strongest terms, which we could have no better authority, I say:

It is without a rival. No other Machine exceeds it in its adaptation to all the purposes of sewing, and in point of effectiveness and finish, no other machine stands ahead of it. We state this much in regard to that which Machine upon our own responsibility, and we hope thereby to save ourselves considerable time and money in answering letters which frequently come to us with inquiries touching the merits of the Wheeler & Wilson's Patents.

Repairs three years, free of charge.

Full instructions with every Machine.

—ALSO—

Gow's Family Sewing Machine

Is the cheapest and most simple family machine. Makes 5,000 stitches per minute.

Price $60.

H. M. STODDARD,
Agent, Staunton.
R. H. CHAMBERLAIN, Agent,
No. 327 Main st., Richmond Va.

April 4, 1860.

DAVID A. KAYSER is now receiving an important addition to his stock of Staple Dry Goods, comprising in part of

Brown and Bleached Cotton Sheetings;
Best brown and bleached Cotton Flannel;
Linsey Woolsey Cloth;
Black Alpacas;
Satin Twill Corrett Jeans;
Satinetts; and other Staples;
4-4 Cotton Osnaburgs;
Ladies Cloth Cloaks;
Dressing and Lasting Coat Buttons;
Wove Linen Hosing;
Gent's Wool Hosing;
Hoop Skirts—new styles and best makes;
Black and Colored Silks;
Bleached Cotton Hose;
Men's fine Merino Shirts;
Men's fine Merino Drawers;
Black Brown Cloth for Coats;
Marseilles Quilts, &c.

Staunton, Feb. 8, 1861.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm heretofore existing under the name and style of W. Powell & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, A. Richards, one of the partners of said firm, selling his entire interest to W. F. Powell, the other partner. Those persons having claims against the concern will present them to W. F. Powell, and all persons who are indebted to the concern will make payment to him, and he will use the name of the concern in collection.

Staunton, Oct. 10, 1860.

The undersigned continue the business of the late firm of W. Powell & Co., and solicit the continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed on the same.

A. RICHARDS.
W. F. POWELL.

Staunton, Oct. 12, 1860.—tf.

NOTICE.

CABINET, Shoemakers take the method of informing the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws—and the most have money—and prepared to trim Hair in the most fashionable style and manner, nine, ladies and gentlemen, I shall call on him. He will experience in the business, justifies him in promising to please all who may favor him with a call.

January 4, 1861.

A NEW CHEAP AND DURABLE ROOFING.

THE undersigned have obtained the agency for Young & Chossley's celebrated

Gutta Percha and India Rubber Roofing Cloth.

This article is a thick body roofing cloth, one hard side, saturated in a solution of *Gutta Percha* and India Rubber, and coated on both sides with a thick coat of the same, so that it combines all the requisites of the age, viz: Cleanness, durability, elasticity and fire proof. Cloth is adapted to all kinds of roofing, whether tin, slate or shingle, is adapted to being walked upon, and is the best article for leaky roofs, without the necessity of removing the shingles, which is a great saving in expense, as the shingles can be repaired and exchange speed and white repairs are being made.

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JOHN C. GROVE & BRO.

Staunton, Feb. 8