Staunton Spectator.

VOL. XXXVI. STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1859. NO. XLI.

Staunton Spectator.

JOS. A. WADDELL, Jr., L. WADDELL, } Proprietors.
RICHARD MAUZY,

TERMS.

☞ *The "SPECTATOR" is published once a week at Two Dollars and fifty Cents a year, which may be discharged by the payment of Two Dollars at any time within the year. No subscription will be discontinued but at the option of the Editors, until all arrearages are paid.*

ADVERTISEMENTS of ten lines (or less,) inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Larger advertisements inserted in the same proportion.

A liberal discount is made to those who advertise by the year.

Professional Cards, not exceeding seven lines, will be inserted for one year for $5 00—6 months for $3 00.		
One square, (ten lines)	1 year	$8 00
" "	6 months	5 00
" "	3 "	3 00
Two squares	1 year	12 00
" "	6 months	8 00
" "	3 "	5 00
Three squares	1 year	15 00
" "	6 months	10 00
" "	3 "	7 00
One third column	1 year	18 00
" "	6 months	12 00
" "	3 "	8 00
One column	1 year	30 00
" "	6 months	20 00

All advertising for a less time than three months, will be charged for at the usual rates—$1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent term.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARKWOOD & GRAVES,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS,
Opposite the Marble Yard,
Main St., Staunton, Va.

WOULD inform their friends and the public generally that they are now prepared to execute work entrusted to them in the neatest and most fashionable style.

As they have had the practice of six years as CUTTERS they feel confident of pleasing all who may favour them with their custom, and they hope by prompt attention to business to merit a liberal share of patronage

Staunton, Sep. 6, 1859.

DISSOLUTION.—The LAW PARTNERSHIP of Michie, Skinner & Michie terminated on the 1st of July inst., by limitation. Thomas J. and John C. Michie will continue to practice in partnership in the Courts of Augusta Co., under the style of MICHIE & MICHIE. THOMAS J. MICHIE, JAS. H. SKINNER, JOHN C. MICHIE.

Staunton, July 12, 1859.

JAS. H. SKINNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, STAUNTON, VA.,
PRACTICES in all the Courts of Augusta, Rockingham and Highland Counties.
Office first door, in the Brick Row in front of the Court-House.

Staunton, July 12, 1859—6m.

JAS. H. MCVEIGH. EDGAR T. MCVEIGH.
JAS. H. McVEIGH & SON,
(Successors to McVeigh & Chamberlain,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Liquors, Wines, Tobacco, Segars, &C.,
PRINCE STREET WHARF,
ALEXANDRIA, VA.

March 29, 1859.—1y.

Western Virginia
MARBLE WORKS,
AT STAUNTON
AND
HARRISONBURG.
MARQUIS & KELLEY,

Staunton, April 7, 1858.

DR. JAMES JOHNSTON, SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST, having been located permanently in Staunton for the last four years, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he still continues to practice Dentistry in all its various branches, with the strictest regard to durability and usefulness.

Office on the south-side of Main Street opposite the old Spectator Office.

Staunton, Nov. 22, 1854.

A. J. TURNER, PROF. MUSIC, WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE—Teaches Piano, Guitar, Flute, Violin, &c., also Ballad Singing. Instructs Private Classes on Tuesday and Thursday evenings. Pianos Tuned in the most accurate manner. Persons wishing to buy Pianos are respectfully invited to call at my house, opposite the residence of Col. Geo. Baylor, and examine the specimen of Messrs. Wm. Knabe & Co.'s celebrated Instruments.

Staunton, Jan. 25, 1859.

GEO. E. COCHRAN. JAMES COCHRAN.
COCHRAN & COCHRAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
STAUNTON, VA.,
WILL practice their profession in all the Courts of Augusta and the Circuit Courts of Bath and Highland. Strict attention will be given to all business entrusted to their care.

Aug. 24, 1858.

POWELL HARRISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA,
WILL practice in the Courts of Augusta and Highland.
☞ He may be found at his office, adjoining the Sheriff's office.

Dec. 9, 1857.

GUY & WADDELL,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.
BUYERS AND SELLERS will find it to their advantage to call at their office in the BRICK PAR OF THE OLD BALL TAVERN.

Staunton, Sep. 6, 1859.

G. C. YEAKLE,
DEALER IN
CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
Opposite Va. Hotel, Staunton, Va.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

J. D. BROOKS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
WARM SPRINGS, VA.,
WILL practice in the Courts of Bath, Alleghany, Pocahontas, Highland and Augusta.
☞ Office in Warm Springs Hotel.

Dec. 7, 1858—1y

J. M. HANGER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, STAUNTON, VA.,
WILL practice in all the Courts held in Staunton, and in the Circuit Courts of Albemarle and Rockingham. Office in the brick-row, in the rear of the Court-house.

Staunton, Dec. 30, 1857.

MARSHALL HOUSE,
Corner King and Pitt Sts.,
ALEXANDRIA, VA.
M. V. MADDUX, Proprietor.
A. FOX, Book-Keeper.

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1859—1y

G. A. SMITH Manufacturer of Ladies' Shoes of all description, keeps a large stock constantly on hand and offers them at very reasonable prices. Also MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES. His stand is NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE. Patronage is respectfully solicited.

Staunton, May 17, 1859.

DOCTOR JAMES B. GILKESON—Having located in Staunton, tenders his professional services to the public. He may be found, when not professionally engaged, at the room over the Saddle and Harness establishment of Mr. G. H. Rick, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Staunton Feb. 8, 1859—tf.

R. L. DOYLE,
Attorney at Law, Staunton, Va.,
WILL practice in the Courts of Augusta, Rockbridge, Bath and Highland.

July 26, 1859.

KIRKWOOD HOUSE,
Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.,
JOHN H. & A. W. KIRKWOOD,
Proprietors.

Washington, March 24, 1858—1y

DENTAL NOTICE. DR. W. M. CHAPMAN has removed his Office from the West side of Main St. one door West of the National Hotel, opposite Mosby & Taylor, where he will be glad to receive all who may desire his professional services.

Staunton, Sep. 6, 1859—1y

JUST RECEIVED. The best and cheapest fine cut TOBACCO that can be found. Wholesale or retail by

Staunton, July 24, 1859.

NAILS.—40 Kegs Old Dominion Nails just received by WOODS & GILKESON

Staunton, Aug. 2, 1859.

TOBACCO.—Just received a large lot of very fine CHEWING TOBACCO, for sale by

Staunton, July 26, '59 JNO. B. EVANS.

NAIL ROD.—Norway and American Nail Rod, just received by WOODS & GILKESON.

Staunton, Aug. 2, 1859.

SOFAS.—A new lot Sofas, just to hand, very cheap

Staunton, July 19, '59 A. D. CHANDLER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
FOUNDED 1837. CHARTERED 1854.
LOCATED
Corner of Baltimore and Charles Sts.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
THE LARGEST, MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED AND POPULAR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE IN THE UNITED STATES.
SECRETARY IS STEAMBOAT FROM NEARLY EVERY STATE IN THE UNION.

EVERY YOUNG MAN should write for one of those Large and Beautiful Ornamented Circulars representing the External and Internal View of the *BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE*, Penmanship, &c., which will be sent by return mail, *free of charge*, with Catalogue containing List of Students, Terms of Tuition, Opinions of the Press on our new system of Book-Keeping, etc.

FACULTY.

S. S. LOSIER, Principal—Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Customs, etc.
J. M. PHILLIPS, Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Calculations.
H. B. DAVIES, Associate Prof. of Book-Keeping.
N. C. JOHNSON, Professor of Penmanship.
S. T. WILLIAMS, ESQ., Mercantile law.
REV. E. Y. BEESE, D. D. Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES:

Hon. John P. Kennedy, Hon. Joshua Vansant, Hon. Thomas Swann, Wm. H. Keighler, Esq., Jacob Trust, Esq., William Knabe, Esq.

The time usually required to complete the full course is from 8 to 12 weeks.

Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c., sent by mail *free of charge*. Address

S. S. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md.

June 21, 1859—1y.

IMPROVED INSTRUMENT FOR SURVEYING AND CALCULATING AREAS.

This instrument is highly recommended by

A. T. Bledsoe, Prof. Mathematics, University of Va.
Maj. Thos. H. Williamson, Prof. Engineering, Va. Military Institute.
Rev. Charles Phillips, Prof. Civil Engineering, University of N. C.
" W. T. Walters, Prof. Mathematics, W. F. College, N. Carolina
" H. Snyder, Prof. Mathematics, S. S. College, Va.
" B. Craven, President Trinity College, N. C.
" P. C. Wills, Prof. Math. R. M. College, Va.
L. Turner, Prof. Math., Richmond College, Va.
Jas. Curty, Prof. Nat. Phil. and Ast., Georgetown College, D. C.
Edward T. Fristoe, Prof. Math., Columbian College, D. C.
T. R. Connell, Prof. Engineering, Georgia Military Institute.
Prof. A. D. Bache, Supt. U. S. Coast Survey.
Lieut. Gen. Winfield Scott, Col. Philip St. Geo. Cocke,
A. L. Nelson, Prof. Math. Washington College,
J. L. Campbell, Prof. Phys. Science, Wash. College,
L. L. Holladay, Prof. Nat. Science, Hampden Sidney,
Chas. W. Hackley, Prof. Astron'y Col. College N. Y. City.
Wm. O. Peck, Prof. Math. Col. College, N. Y. City.
Rich'd H. Bull, Prof. of Civil Eng. University of the City of New York.
A. S. Church, Prof. Math. U. S. M. Academy, West Point.
Charles Davies, Prof. Higher Math. Columbine College.
A. W. Craven, Chief Eng. Croton Aqueduct, N. Y. City.
James P. Kirkwood, Chief Eng. Water Works, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
and many other gentlemen of scientific attainments.

I have a lot of these instruments on hand and for sale. JAMES M. LILLEY, Patentee.

Staunton, May 10, 1859.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE—HORSES AND MULES.—We have leased for a term of years the commodious and convenient Stables attached to the National Hotel in Staunton, where we intend to keep constantly on hand for sale the finest Mules and Horses which can be procured. J. S. Byers, whose experience and qualifications as a horse-dealer is well established, will select from the Kentucky and Virginia stables the best stock which can be found. As our business is to be one of years no pains will be spared to obtain and keep the public patronage.

We will also take horses on livery. County custom solicited. Drivers are invited to stop with us—We will keep the best quality of forage, &c., and attentive ostlers.

J. S. BYERS & CO.

Staunton, June 28, 1859.—Vin. copy.

The World's Great Exhibition Prize Medal Awarded to C. Meyer,

For his Two Pianos, London, October 15th, 1851.

C. MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has constantly on hand *PIANOS*, equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal in London, in 1851. He has received during the last fifteen years more Medals than any other maker from the Franklin Institute, also, First Premiums in Boston, New York and Baltimore. All orders promptly attended to, and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

Warerooms, No. 127 Arch Street, below Eighth, south side, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 26, 1859.—3mos

GLASS PRESERVING CANS PERFECT AT LAST.—I have just received and will keep on hand during the season, (being sole agent for the manufacturer) a new style of GLASS PRESERVING CANS, just patented, with glass tops to screw on, which we think combines all the merits, without the disadvantages, of the best Cans heretofore in use and must take the place of all others. They operate upon the same principle as Spratt's screw-top tin Can, the only objection to which has been the material of which it is made, and which is entirely obviated in the new Can. An examination will be sufficient to show its merits and all interested are invited to call and see them. GEO. E. PRICE.

Staunton, May 17, 1860.—Vin. Copy.

WHEN ARE GOOD TIMES COMING?—When the people of Virginia turn their attention to Home Industry. REUBEN HUGHES takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and would inform them that he has just received a fine assortment of Material for the manufacture of Ladies', Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES, and Gentlemen's Boots, Gaiters and Shoes of every variety, with neatness and dispatch, and hopes, by industry and readiness to please, to merit the public patronage.

Staunton, April 21, 1858.

REMOVAL AND NOTICE!
MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS

WILL please bear in mind that my STORE ROOM is now opposite my FORMER STAND, and in the House formerly occupied by *John B. Brideburg, dec'd.* I have on hand and will sell them *WITHOUT REGARD TO COST* a very large stock of CLOTHING, comprising yet a general assortment, which I propose to close of the season. Come and secure bargains.

Clothing at greatly reduced prices.

Staunton, July 12, 1856—3t. J. POLLITZ.

A. D. CHANDLER,
UNDERTAKER,
Staunton, Va.,

KEEPS METALIC CASES of all sizes, at Staunton and Millborough Depot, at City Prices.

Staunton, July 19, 1859.

A MANUAL OF SCIENTIFIC and PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE, for the School and the Farm; by J. L. Campbell, A. M. Professor of Physical Science, Washington College, Va. Just received and for sale by ROBT. COWAN.

Staunton, June 28, 1859.

STORE-ROOM FOR RENT.—The room formerly occupied by us is offered for rent. It is unquestionably situated for business of all kinds. Call on Henry Frank, at our sales room, Corner of Va. Hotel.

STEINER, BROS. & CO.

Staunton, July 19, 1859.—Vin copy.

LACE MANTLES.—We have just received by Express from New York another lot of those FRENCH MANTLES at $9.

DAVIS & KAYSER & CO.

Staunton, July 5, 1859.

COACH FINDINGS.—We have just received a supply of Rims, Hubbs, Spokes, Shafts, Buggy Sticks and other findings, which will be sold cheap.

WOODS & GILKESON.

Staunton, Aug. 2, 1859.

HERE AGAIN. Another supply of GOLD LEAF LIGHT PRESSED TOBACCO just arrived in prime order and for sale by

R. J. GLENDY,
Staunton, June 21. per C. T. Cochran.

SELF-SEALING CANS.—We have just received a supply of Self Sealing Cans of various patterns, which will be sold cheap by

WOODS & GILKESON

Staunton, Aug. 2, 1859.

HYDRO THERMAL CHURNS.—We have just received another supply of those celebrated Churns WOODS & GILKESON

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

CHEMICAL FOOD or Compound Syrup of Phosphates of Lime Iron Soda and Potassa, prepared by P. H. TROUT & CO.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859. Chemists & Druggists

6 DOZEN ROCKING CHAIRS, from $7.50 up wards. Also a large lot of FURNITURE which I can sell very cheap.

A. D. CHANDLER.

Staunton, July 19, 1859

MARBLE TOP CENTRE TABLES—A nice article. Also 25 dozen Cane Seat Chairs. Call and see them at CHANDLER'S.

Staunton, July 19, 1859.

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!! G. C. Yeakle has on hand a very fine assortment of JEWELRY in sets, which he will sell very low.

Staunton, Aug. 6, 1859.

JUST RECEIVED A very fine assortment of CLOCKS to be sold very low.

Staunton, Aug. 9, '59. G. C. YEAKLE

POETRY.

God's Support and Guidance,

(TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN.)

Forsake me not, my God
Thou God of my salvation!
Give me thy light, to be
My sure illumination
My soul to foily turns,
Speaking she knows not what,
O! lead her to thyself—
My God, forsake me not!

Forsake me not, my God!
Take not thy spirit from me;
And suffer not the might
Of sin to overcome me.
A father pitieth
The children he begot,
My Father, pity me—
My God, forsake me not!

Forsake me not, my God!
Thou God of life and power,
Enliven, strengthen me,
In every evil hour;
And when the sinful fire
Within my heart is hot,
Be not thou far from me—
My God, forsake me not!

Forsake me not, my God!
Uphold me in my going;
That evermore I may
Please thee in all well-doing;
And that thy will, O Lord,
May never be forgot
In all my works and ways—
My God, forsake me not!

Forsake me not, My God!
I would be thine forever:
Confirm me mightily
In every right endeavor,
And when my hour is come,
Cleansed from all stain and spot
Of sin, receive my soul;
My God, forsake me not!

MISCELLANY.

Burling, the New York Dun.

The Boston Post's account of this man gives us a faint picture of him. I will give you one from real life:

Ten years ago I was seated in my office at No. 12 Wall street, busily driving the quill, when I heard a quiet step behind and then a mild voice inquiring if I had the transcript of a certain judgment against one J. G. O.—the projector of the great Peg-ghe-wah-wah Company for selling Indian Medicines. I looked up and saw a man whose twisted foot and palsied arm were quite familiar to me, but of whose name or calling I knew nothing.

"Yes," I replied, "I have the transcript."

"Well, I want it," he said, "I'm going to collect it for the creditor."

"Going to collect it!" I exclaimed, "Why, the judgment; and all ordinary means of grace, have long ago been exhausted upon O. He is hopelessly insolvent, and is, besides, the most adroit scamp of a swindler I ever encountered."

"What's that to me?" broke out the visitor, in a gruff, strong voice, quite different from his first tones. "Perhaps you don't know who I am. I'm Burling, the man about town. You a lawyer, and not know me! Sheriffs are good for nothing; constables are good for nothing; executions and creditors' bills are good for nothing. Give me the transcript—here's the order for it—I'll make the money out of him."

I swiveled around in my chair and stared at the man. "And will you be so good, Mr. Burling," I asked, "as to tell me what is your patent plan for superseding officers and writs, and for squeezing blood out of turnips, and cash out of the President of the Peg-ghe-wah-wah Company?"

"How I do it? you mean. Why I dun 'em at their houses, I dun 'em in the street, I dun 'em at the theatre, I dun 'em in church, I catch 'em early in the morning and stick to 'em all day; follow 'em up wherever they go; go to meals and eat with 'em; go to bed and sleep with 'em; give 'em no peace night nor day; Sunday nor week day, stick to 'em like death to a dead nigger. A man who owes a debt. He won't pay it. I follow him up all the week so he can't do any business, nor go to see his sweetheart, nor walk in Broadway, nor eat with any appetite, nor sleep without dreaming I'm after him with the devil to help run him down. All this won't do. Very well. When he goes to church, Sunday, he finds me in his pew. (Your Sheriffs can't work Sundays—I do my best business then.) The congregation rise, and he rises, takes out his book, opens at the place, and there he finds the bill I've stuck there, and gets so mad he can't say amen."

"Sheriffs and constables!" continued he, getting loud and fierce, "will a sheriff go of a Sunday morning to a parson's house and follow him to church and walk up the broad aisle with him before all the congregation, and go up the pulpit stairs close to his heels, and slip into the pulpit after him before he can shut the door, and take a seat by his side and get up, when he gets up, and when he opens the Bible, opens John Jones' bill full length, and lays it down over the chapter and verse, and tell him:—*There's that bill of horse hire; pay it before you preach!* That, that's what I did—and I got my money too."

"And what commission did you charge?"

"Fifty per cent." "Rather strong," I suggested, "but still your mode of procedure was strong. Do you often get as much as fifty per cent?"

"When I earn it, I get it. Dr. C., of Broadway, sent me to dun a fellow who lived in a back yard, and kept two bull dogs that he let loose when anybody came to collect honest debts. I went to him with a horse-pistol in each hand and Dr. C.'s bill in my teeth, and made him pay up. What did Dr. C. offer me for getting his sixty dollars? He offered me one dollar, wou't take it, says I. I'll pay no more, says he. Pay me thirty dollars, says I. Get out of my office, or I'll kick you out, says he. Pay me thirty dollars, says I. Clear out, says he, and he kicked me out of his door and down the steps into Broadway. I goes to the——hotel and hires a great arm chair out of the bar room, and takes it across the street, and plants it on the curbstone right opposite Dr. C.'s office door, and I lays the bill I had made out on a foll sheet of foolscap across my knees, hanging down so everybody that went by could read in large, black, sanded letters:

DOCTOR C——

To J. BURLING, Dr.

For collecting of Richard Roe:—

Commission $30,00

And all the crowd kept stopping to read, so that there was all the white two or three hundred people standing on the Doctor's pavement and reading first my bill and then his sign, and making their jokes. I had hired the chair for the whole afternoon, but he hadn't stood this more than fifteen minutes before he comes to the door, and says, come here, you rascal, and I went in and took thirty dollars of his money, and left the bill stuck.

"Hey, my round, don't your impudent ways often get you into scrapes, are you not afraid some one will some day break your head?"

"Break my head!" he thundered; didn't Call S. of New Orleans, a man that's killed seven men in duels, when I went to dun him at the Astor House, didn't he grab me by the slack of my breeches, and hold me out the fifth story window, and shake me there above the pavement, and say shall I let you fall, and break your neck on the stones, or take you in, and kick you down stairs!

"Well," said I, anxiously, "what did you do then?"

"What did I do? I said PAY ME THAT MONEY! and didn't he pull me in and pay me every cent!"

The intensity of his manner, as he thus related his exploits, cannot be rendered on paper—especially when he exclaimed with closed teeth and the fingers of his right hand clenched—"pay me that money!"

He took the transcript, and limped out. In another day the hapless debtor, an over match for all the regular thumb screws of the law, came to to beg piteously I would call off the blood hound. I told him it was the creditor's affair, not mine. Next day I met Burling at the corner of Courtland street, looking mild and happy, and asked him how he succeeded. "I haven't got it yet," was the reply. "He hasn't found me out, but he has just paid me five dollars for his fun done at the hotel down there, without my company. We've taken all our meals together for the past two days, and he began to find his appetite fail."

Whether the $5 was credited on the judgment, or pocketed as a personal perquisite, I never knew.

Fishing Anecdote.

Among the many celebrities of Washington, Judge Bibb, lately deceased, was not the least notable. He was a gentleman of the Old School, and retained knee-breches and ancient manners until the day of his death. He constantly devoted himself to angling, so much so, indeed, that he was regarded by our juvenile fisherman as a perfect walking (or bonting) edition of Izaak Walton.

On a fine spring morning, about two years since, I started, in company with a party of friends, for the Little Falls of the Potomac. We were 'prospecting' the chances of rock fish, but knew not in your latitude as 'striped bass.' It was quite early in the season, but not too early for Judge Bibb. He had arrived long before us, and sat upon a ledge of rock, rod in hand—the very picture of settled patience unrelieved.—Hailing him from a distance, I asked, with the natural instinct of a Sportsman:

"What luck, Judge?"

"Luck, sir! Worst luck in the world, sir; been fishing here for four hours, and haven't had a nibble!"

"What bait are you using?"

"Capital bait, live frog, sir!"

I ventured to suggest, mildly, that perhaps 'live frog' was not such very capital bait; where upon the Judge burst forth:

"Don't tell me, sir! you can't teach me anything, sir! Don't I know! Best bait in the world, sir; only the luck! awful luck! four hours without a nibble!"

By this time we had reached the Judge's position; and while preparing our tackle Mr. D——, one of the party, observed a frog sitting on the bank, within a few feet of the Judge. Said he:

"Judge, let me catch a fresh bait for you. I see a frog on the bank close beside you."

"Thank you, sir; I wish you would catch that frog, sir. It's been staring me in the face all the morning. I believe it knows that I have one of its family on my hook. Ha! ha! ha! Catch it, sir; by all means catch it."

Mr. D—— shortened his rod, and, cautiously striking with the sharp end, pinned the frog through one of its hinder legs. Just then as Mr. D—— was hitting aloft his prize, the Judge began winding up his reel, and uttered a joyous cry:

"Hold still, sir! keep quiet! I've got a bite!"

Rapidly wound the reel, rapidly came in the slackening line, till the last few yards of it floated upon the surface of the stream; and then, with a face that boded thunder, the Judge turned to Mr. D——:

"Why, sir, you've caught my frog!"

And so it was. The frog, with the impulse of all amphibious animals when wounded, had made for the shore; and there it had crouched, for four hours, directly under the Judge's nose, and holding his hook out of water.

Anecdotes of Wellington.

With him there was never relaxation till every duty was discharged. A curious illustration of this habit was told us by an English officer, who had it from General A——. The night previous to one of the Duke's great victories, another officer came up to A——, and asked in much alarm, "What will become of us? We shall have a great battle to-morrow, and Lord Wellington is doing nothing but flirting with Madame de Quintana!"

"I am very glad to hear it," replied Alava, "if we are to have a great battle to-morrow, for it is quite certain that all his arrangements are made if he is flirting with Madame de Quintana."

His coolness in danger, and his personal escapes, were as striking attributes of the individual man as his tactics were attributes of the General. During the battle of Talavera, Albuquerque sent him by a staff officer a letter informing him that Cuesta, the commander of the Spanish army in the action, was a traitor, and was actually playing into the enemy's hand.—He was intently watching the progress of the action as the despatch reached him; he took the letter, read it, and turning to his aid-de-camp, coolly said, "Very well, Colonel, you may go back to your brigade." On another occasion, just before the siege of Rodrigo, when the proximity of the allies to Marmont's army placed him in considerable danger by reason of the non-arrival of their flank divisions, a Spanish General was astonished to find the English commander lying on the ground in front of his troops, serenely and imperturbably awaiting the issue of the peril. "Well, General," said the Spaniard, "you are here with two weak divisions, and you seem to be quite at your ease, it is enough to put one in a fever."

"I have done the best," the Duke replied, "that could be done, according to my own judgment, and hence it is that I don't disturb myself either about the enemy in my front, or about what they may say in England."

In several instances he very narrowly escaped being taken prisoner. Once, at Talavera in the midst of the action; once just before the battle of Mayra, being surprised by a party of French while looking at his maps; once at Quatrebras, again during the battle. In the latter action, as he was carried away on the tide of a retreating body of young troops, the French lancers suddenly charged on its flank, and his only chance was in his horse's speed. "He arrived," Mr. Gleig writes, "hotly pursued, at the edge of a ditch, within which the 92d Highlanders were lying, and the points of their bayonets bristled over the edges. He called out to them as he approached, 'Lie down, men,' and the order was obeyed; whereupon he leaped his horse across the ditch, and immediately pulled up with a smile on his countenance."—*Edinburgh Review for July.*

A married friend says he intends to join the abolitionists, because one of their preambles reads thus:

"Whereas, there can be no right more sacred, perfect and self evident than the right of every human being to the unhaunted possession and control of his own person," &c., &c.

He affirms that he has not had "control of his own person" since the day of his "happy union" with Mrs. Smith, and he now "goes in" for the largest liberty.—*Boston Post.*

FOOTE AND BENTON.—Mr. Foote had said that he would write a little book in which Mr. Benton should figure very largely. Mr. B. heard of this, and replied, in his characteristic way, to the informant:

"Tell Foote that I will write a *very large* book in which he shall not figure at all."

The 'Thirty Years' will show how faithfully this promise was kept.

"Pray, reader, what do you charge for recovering an umbrella?" said Michael O'Flaherty, from Tipperary, the other day, walking into an umbrella shop. "Let me see it," was the reply. "Ah, faith and that's just what I want to do, for I've outlooed, and I see you offer to recover them at a very small charge, so I was just thinking I would get you to recover mine."

It is stated as an evidence of the immense size of the new ship Great Eastern that persons occupying her forward berths are to be charged double price on account of the advantages they will have of arriving in port ahead of their fellow passengers.

A young lady was asked to join a Division of the Daughters of Temperance. She replied, "It is unnecessary, as it is my intention to join one of the Sons soon."

'I am certain, wife, that I am right and you are wrong; I'll bet my ears on it.' 'Indeed, husband, you shouldn't carry betting to such *extreme lengths.*'

For the Spectator.

A Trip To Elliott's Knob.

Messrs. Editors—I had the pleasure of being one of a social party, composed of ladies and gentlemen, who paid a visit to Elliott's Knob on the 1st inst. On the evening of the 31st of August our little party assembled at Buffalo Gap Hotel. After partaking of a very excellent supper prepared by our kind hostess, we repaired to the Ice House Alley, where we enjoyed ourselves very pleasantly for a considerable time. The night being far spent in exercising upon the Alley, we retired. Having laid ourselves down, we were very soon embraced in the soft and pleasant folds of sleep. Under divine protection we awoke much refreshed from the exercise of the previous evening. Having partaken of a sumptuous breakfast, such as fried chicken, warm biscuit, nice honey, coffee, tea, &c., our party began to make preparation to start upon their trip. As none of the party had ever been upon Elliott's Knob, I took the responsibility upon myself to act as guide. Before leaving the Hotel I prepared myself with a good shooting iron, and plenty of ammunition, determined to clear the way of everything that might, in any way, hinder our progress. All things being ready we started for the summit of Elliott precisely at 8 o'clock. A young gentleman who was not fortunate enough to have a lady in charge, and my self being in front, we kept somewhat in advance of the main party, eagerly watching to the right and left for an opportunity to try my shooting iron, before we should take to the mountain, but in this I was doomed to be disappointed. All nature seemed to be inanimate, the eye could rest upon nothing belonging to the animal or feathered tribe upon which I could make a display of my skill as a marksman. No sound greeted the ear, save the rustling of the morning breeze in the surrounding forest. Arriving at the turn of the waters, we left the main road, and took to the mountain, which we found to be more easy of access than we had anticipated, still keeping some distance in advance of the company, hoping that an opportunity might present itself, in which I could get a shot at a bear, rattlesnake, or some other animal or reptile. My hopes were soon gratified. We had not proceeded far, when, to my great gratification, some twenty yards in advance I beheld a lizzard sticking to the side of a small pine tree. Pleased at having an opportunity (as Davy Crockett would have said) of trying what kind of kildevil our friend Herring keeps, as well as trying my own skill as marksman, I dismounted at once, gave my horse in charge to the young gentleman, who accompanied me, examined my piece, found all right, then advanced a step or two with my eyes fixed upon my victim, took deliberate aim and fired; but to my painful experience I found that my gun was as severe in the rear as in front, and in this instance a little more so. I heard the report echo in the distant forest, and when the smoke had cleared away, I found that I had missed my aim, for the lizzard was still sticking to the tree as if in defiance of powder and ball. Being satisfied that I had received the worst end of the battle I concluded not to try him again in that way, but thought if he remained where he was until I came up I would try him high a stick, but just when I got in striking distance the fellow ran down and took to the brush. Just at this time the company came up, and finding that we had proceeded as far as it was practicable to proceed with buggies, we came to a halt. Those gentlemen who had been fortunate enough to procure side saddles for the ladies, proceeded at once to unhamess, and to saddle the horses for the ladies. The gentlemen were not all thus fortunate in procuring saddles, consequently some of the ladies had to walk. After a delay of some fifteen or twenty minutes, we again were on our way up the mountain, proceeding in Indian file about one mile, when we came to a halt, dismounted, and sent the horses back for three in the rear. The foremost party proceeded on foot until overtaken by those in the rear. By this mode of procedure our little party was, at times, strung out to at least half a mile in length. I was all the time forcibly reminded of Bonaparte crossing the Alps, and the narrow way with here and there a traveller. Or, on, we proceeded until we, at length, arrived at the spring (within a few hundred yards of the top) which to us was a welcome sight indeed. Being very thirsty we dismounted and proceeded to quench our thirst with as pure and cold water as ever ran from the earth. After remaining at the spring some fifteen minutes, we having hitched our horses to the surrounding brush, started on foot for the summit, where we arrived at 11 o'clock. We were then upon the top of Elliott's Knob, considered one of the, if not the, highest peaks in Virginia. To look around upon all the surrounding beauties of nature, how beautiful! how sublime! As I stood upon the summit, and looked towards the East and West, to the North and South, beholding this beautiful valley, fringed by the Blue Mountains whose towering tops seemed to pierce the arched heavens, whose eastern horizon was tinged with the golden rays of the morning sun, I could but gaze and admire. After gazing until sight was lost in the distance and the mind in reflection, I turned from the ocean to gather a few pebbles of which I found a variety of shapes and sizes and beautiful wild flowers, of which I gathered thirteen different kinds or varieties, which I formed into a bouquet to carry home as a trophy of the trip. After remaining three quarters of an hour upon the summit, we commenced to descend, and arrived at the spring in safety.—Finding our horses as fast as we had left them, and partaking freely of the water, we took up the line of march and soon arrived at the spot where we had left the buggies in the morning, having made the trip to about four hours. Up to this time nothing had occurred to mar the pleasure of the social party. All had been pleasant, nothing but laughter and merriment seemed to pervade the whole company. It could not have been otherwise for there was a venerable bachelor—ah! yes a venerable bachelor—whom I shall, for sake of distinction, call Hiuegan, who kept up a continued chain of witty sayings which added much to the enjoyment of the whole company. "May his shadow never grow less." And as time is beginning to make its mark upon his head I shall be happy to meet him upon an invitation all occasion. But it seemed, Messrs. Editors, that fate destined that we were not to have a good luck, for when we arrived at the buggies we found that a horse which had been left tied to a tree was missing, whether he had broaked himself and strayed off or was stolen, I cannot say, but am inclined to the latter opinion, as I have been informed several horses have been missing recently in the neighborhood. However, there we were, four miles from the Hotel, with a lady and gentleman having no conveyance to convey them thither. There was a buggy, it is true, and plenty of horses, but no harness, to put on them. But a plan was soon devised. Two ladies were placed in one of the buggies, who drove down to the main road, while two gentlemen took the empty buggy. Having arrived at the road to safety the empty buggy was attached to one of the others. After half an hour's drive all arrived in the spring at the Hotel, it being 3 o'clock. Having spent the evening and night with our kind hostess we started for our respective homes, where we arrived in safety, more than compensated for their trip, with the exception of the gentleman that lost his horse. In conclusion, Messrs. Editors, I would advise all lovers of pleasure, who wish to spend a few days in a pleasant quiet way to go to Buffalo Gap and it, after giving fresh Herring a fair trial, they are not pleased, it they will present their bills they will be paid by. PIONEER.

A LARGE OFFER.—There is now on exhibition at a fashionable jewelry establishment in New York, in a small snow case less than thirty inches square, a collection of gorgeous diamond jewelry, forming an outfit for a lady, valued at $18,000. A pin, consisting of a single white diamond, valued at $5,000, one necklace of a large diamond $9,000, two small ones, $6,000 each, two parasols, $75 each.

For the Spectator

Agriculture of Augusta County.

SECTION III.

Geology and Formation of Soils—The rocky masses forming the basis upon which Augusta county rests, are generally stratified, and present considerable variety in structure and composition. Hence the soils formed by their disintegration vary widely in condition and quality.

In presenting a brief and general outline of the geology of the county, we shall commence at the top of the Blue Ridge, which forms its S. E. boundary. The whole area may then be conveniently divided into *five* distinct belts.

1. The first we shall call the "Blue Ridge belt." This lies along the S. E. border of the county, extending in length from the Rockbridge to the Rockingham line, and in width from the summit of the Ridge, to the beginning of the limestone rocks along the S. River valley. The main ridge of this mountain range is composed largely of unstratified or igneous rocks. These were not deposited by the action of water, like most of the rocks of this county, but have been thrust upward through the over-lying stratified masses, by volcanic forces, and in a fused condition. They consist chiefly of Trap and Epidote, minerals which by their disintegration make good soils. These are the only igneous rocks found in Augusta, except an occasional dyke of Trap, which is found protruding here and there through the limestone rocks of the valley.—When these Trap dykes are exposed to the weather, the rock breaks up into angular blocks of various sizes, which soon become weather-worn, having their angles rounded, and assuming the shape of water worn boulders. They are called "iron rocks," it being erroneously supposed, from their weight and dark brown color, that they are iron-ore. Some call them "fire rocks," from the fact that they bear a high temperature with out much change of condition. On this account they are used for lining lime-kilns. There is a beautiful Trap dyke near Mt. Solon, in which short, black crystals of the mineral *hornblende* are abundant.

Near the Rockbridge line the igneous masses of the Blue Ridge are very extensive, and by their elevation, have thrust the adjoining sandstone and slaty strata, forming the broken ridges and spurs of the western slope of the mountain, further out towards the valley, than at any other point in the county. The consequence is that the limestone portion of the valley is here considerably contracted and the rocky strata pressed back into an almost perpendicular position, as may be seen near Midway and Greenville.—As the mountain approaches Rockish Gap, the igneous rocks diminish in extent, until we find at the Tunnel, the main ridge composed chiefly of stratified rocks, which belong to the eastern slope of the mountain. Farther north the igneous rocks again increase in extent and give great elevation to the sandstones and slates resting against their western side.

That portion of this belt lying between the Blue Ridge and the valley limestones is made up of the sandstones and slates already alluded to. The strata here have been elevated on their eastern edge by the igneous rocks so as to give them a western *dip* (or downward slope;) though, in some cases, they have been not only elevated, but have been thrown back and tilted, until the eastern edge leans toward the west, and the dip is towards the mountain. An example of this may be seen near Waynesboro'.

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1859.

☞ The STAUNTON SPECTATOR having an large a circulation as any paper published in Western Virginia, has an superior in this section of country as an advertising medium.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. The undersigned hereby give notice that from this date they will decline the publication of Chancery Orders and other legal advertisements, unless the parties interested agree to pay for them at our regular advertising rates, nor will they certify to the publication of such advertisements unless they are paid for in advance, or unless payment is assured by some responsible person. They are forced to take this position from the fact that they rarely get any compensation for such advertising, and when they do are forced to take half-pay or nothing.

WADDELL & CO., Proprs Spectator
MICHIE & CO., Props Vindicator

Staunton, Sept. 9, 1859.

Stumping for the Presidency.

We are pleased to see that our friends of the Vindicator deprecate the idea of a stump canvass for the Presidency, which has been suggested in some of the newspapers with evident approbation. The Richmond Enquirer, believing that Judge Douglas will pursue such a course, in the event of his failure to secure the nomination of the Charleston Convention, suggests that a man should be put upon the track, fully competent to cope with him in debate, and gravely asks why the Presidency should be exalted above popular discussions? We suppose the Enquirer imagines Governor Wise to be the only man equal to the "Little Giant," on the stump, and that his qualifications in this respect would commend him to the nominating Convention. The truth is, however, that our Governor's powers are very much over-rated. He has received far more credit for his crusade against "Sam" in the Gubernatorial canvass of 1855, than he is entitled to, his speeches in that memorable campaign having attracted attention more from the bitterness of their denunciation than anything else. We have never been able to perceive the chivalry of his bearing, in abusing thousands of his fellow citizens who chose to differ with him in opinion, when, from a mistaken policy, he had the whole field to himself. Upon his achievements in the canvass of 1855, when he traversed the State without a competitor, his friends have never failed to pass the highest eulogiums 'in season and out of season,' until many people actually believe that Gov. Wise is absolutely without an equal as a popular Debater. This is a great mistake, and if the Charleston Convention should nominate him because of his ability to cope with Judge Douglas, they will do so under a misapprehension of the Governor's calibre. A rough and tumble contest with the "Little Giant" will be a very different thing from an undisturbed belaboring of poor defenceless "Sam."

There can be no question, however, that Gov. Wise would be entirely willing to undertake the Job of making stump speeches in every State in the Union. We have no idea that he considers the Presidency above the dignity of popular discussion, who did not consider it too exalted to become the subject of private correspondence between the Governor of a great State and B. Donnelly, Esq., of No. 3, William St. Gov. Wise would rejoice in the nomination of the Charleston Convention even upon the condition that he should address the sovereigns in every "town village and hamlet" on the affairs of the nation. Indeed we are rather disposed to think that he intends to do the thing in, any event. Should Douglas receive the nomination, as now seems most probable, is it not a possible thing that Gov. Wise may assume the position of independent Southern candidate and endeavor to rally the Southern people around his standard by a personal canvass throughout the Southern States?

Whatever may be the issue, we hope to see the press speak out against the idea of a stump canvass for the Presidency by the candidates of any party or section. There are reasons why the Presidency should be exalted above such a strife which will present themselves to every unprejudiced mind, so obvious that they need not be mentioned; and we feel assured that the intelligent people of the country will frown upon a proposition which tends to degrade the highest office in their gift.

Failure of Crops.

For several months past we have received accounts from friends residing in Highland, of the almost total destruction of the crops in that county by the June frost. Grazing is the business upon which most of the people rely for making money, but they generally raise grain enough for home consumption. The failure of the crops this year is unprecedented. We learn that one farmer who sowed from twenty to twenty-five bushels of wheat, gathered sixteen, and another did not obtain more than a quart; although in some neighborhoods the yield was much better. The corn crop will of course be a very short one, and to cap the climax the frost injured the grass in many places so as to reduce materially the amount of winter provender upon which the graziers depend. But, said the gentleman who gave us these facts last week—with the air of a man who can always find some expedient to relieve misfortune—"the county is covered with buckwheat." There are comparatively few very poor people in Highland, and we presume there will be little or no actual suffering. Another season will bring matters right again, and the mountains of Highland will be covered with herds and the valleys produce their wanted abundance.

Ceremony of To-Day.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new Methodist Episcopal Church in Staunton, will take place to day. This building will be the third which has occupied the same spot. We learn that in the year 1802, the late Sampson Eagon was the only member of the Methodist Church then residing in Staunton, and for some years afterwards his wagonmaker's shop, on "Gospel Hill," was used as a meeting house. We do not know the date when the first church was erected, but it was taken down in 1834 to give place to a larger and better building. That was removed a few weeks ago, and the corner stone of a new and more spacious edifice will be laid to day. It is hoped that the friends of the enterprise will be liberally disposed, and aid by the contribution of their means, an enterprise so commendable.

Fatal Affray.

An affray took place on Saturday last about three miles from Staunton, between Wm. Farrar and Michael Vance, which resulted in the death of the latter, his neck having been broken by blows which he received. We understand that Farrar alleges that his wife had been maltreated by Vance. A coroner's jury held an inquest upon the dead body of Vance and return a verdict that he came to his death from the effect of blows inflicted by Farrar, who was arrested, and on Monday last was fully committed by Justice Bickle.

Dodgine Stock.

The Richmond Whig remarks upon the fact that Douglas stock is rising rapidly in Virginia. In this county some of the most active members of the Democratic party are friendly to his election, and express great confidence that he will be nominated for the Presidency at Charleston

The San Juan Affair.

In the absence of that exciting topic, the difficulty on our Northwestern frontier, is receiving a share of public attention. The affair appeared very trifling in the start but there is no knowing what a good deal it may develope hereafter. It would indeed be the height of folly for two great nations to be on the eve of a war on any serious difficulty, although it may be very little value to either. From the explanation however, the affair would seem some, if it were not for the management of the United States and British officers on the Parole.

At the latest dates from Victoria, then Harney occupied the Island of San Juan with five hundred American troops, and had placed it in a complete state of defence. Earthworks had been thrown up, and the harbor of Victoria was commanded by field pieces. The military force comprised nine companies of infantry and artillery.

The Assembly of British Columbia, in the mean time, had requested Governor Douglas to enforce on the British Government the necessity of demanding the evacuation of San Juan at all risks, and maintaining her rights to the Islands, "clandestinely, dishonorably and dishonestly" invaded by the United States. In pursuance of the popular wish, Gov. Douglas called upon the British Admiral in command on the Pacific, to dislodge the Americans, but that officer is fortunately a prudent man, and refused to make any hostile movement until he received orders from the home government.

The view of the Administration at Washington are probably indicated in a letter from "Ion" to the Baltimore Sun. The following is an extract:

"The disputed boundary question which has arisen between us and the British government is one that is not to be soon or easily settled. It has, unfortunately, become complicated with a question of national courtesy. The seizure of the island by one party is regarded by the other as a breach of national comity, and each it would certainly have been considered by Mr. Marcy, as one of his diplomatic letters on the subject shows. But this point may, and probably will, be got over by a disavowal on the part of this government of the proceedings of Gen. Harney. The assertion made, and reiterated in some of our journals, that the act was done by order from this government, is not entitled to credit; neither was the movement made by the advice or even with the knowledge of our boundary commissioner, Mr. Campbell.

"Gen. Harney may have been actuated simply by a desire to afford protection to our settlers on the island, irrespectively of the disputed title. But still, it was more easy for General Harney to take such a step than for this government to retract it. The public feeling, especially on the Pacific coast, has become excited on the subject, and it much more readily affects the national interest and honor than anything connected with the chronic Mosquito or the Bay Islands question."

We may anticipate, therefore, that President Buchanan will disavow the proceedings of Gen. Harney. In another communication "Ion" mentions, perhaps for the purpose of further relieving Mr. Buchanan of responsibility, and at the same time excusing Gen. Harney, that the orders in reference to the islands were issued during the late Administration, but were binding on the General, inasmuch as they had not been revoked or modified.

The Administration has taken prompt action to prevent an outbreak, by calling into requisition again the services of Gen. Scott as a pacificator. Upon a brief notice that distinguished veteran took his departure from New York, on Tuesday last, for the scene of the disturbance.—A large crowd assembled to see him off, and greeted his appearance with enthusiastic cheers. A salute of thirteen guns was fired by the Scott Life Guard, and as the steamer passed down the harbor guns were fired from various vessels, and from Governor's Island and Forts Hamilton and Columbus. The occasion was one well calculated to excite popular enthusiasm. The General is now seventy-three years of age, yet upon a notice of five or six days he started on a journey of as many thousand miles, to preserve the peace and maintain American rights on the Pacific coast. Such despatch has seldom been exhibited before, and never perhaps by one of so advanced an age. The ability and prudence of Gen. Scott, and his success heretofore as a pacificator, inspire universal confidence that he will accomplish the objects of his mission. His campaign in Mexico elevated him to the rank of the greatest generals of the age, but his success as a peacemaker in South Carolina, during the Cana da troubles, and on other occasions, give him a still nobler fame.

Railroad Workshops.

The Charlottesville Advocate states that the interests of the Central Railroad require the establishment of additional workshops at some convenient depot on the line, and insists that Charlottesville is the very place. It says:

"Staunton, with its usual and very commendable public spirit and untiring zeal in advancing her own prosperity, will be, if she is not already, pressing her own claims for the location of these workshops. Do our property holders and business men imagine that the apple will fall into their laps whilst they sit idly by, when Staunton is doing everything to catch it as it falls?"

Our friend is unnecessarily alarmed. So far we are aware, Staunton did not know that the Central Railroad contemplated erecting new workshops till the last Advocate came to hand. She is certainly doing nothing to "catch" the "apple." We presume the Directors of the Central Railroad will locate the works with reference to the interests of the Company, and they are welcome to put them where they please.

THE MEXICAN TREATY.—The Commercial Advertiser's correspondent at Washington says:

"The Mexican negotiation has proved a total failure. *I am quite certain that Mr. McLane has no confidence in its ultimate success, or in the stability of the Juarez Government*, though he believes that the Liberalists, as a party, may and ought to prevail. No treaty can be made even with the present unstable Government at Vera Cruz, which can give to the United States a foothold in Mexico, even by right of way with power to maintain troops for their protection and still less is there a probability that Mexican territory will be ceded to the United States. But suppose we should purchase such a treaty from the Juarez Government. The question would arise in the United States Senate whether that Government has the right to sell. *The plan is, no doubt, to obtain concessions from Juarez, and then maintain them by a resort to force, against any person in Mexico.*"

Northern Emigration.

We see it stated that a large body of land, 92,000 acres, lying in Highland, Pendleton and Randolph counties, this State, has been sold for $60,000 to a Northern Emigration Society, who design settling upon it. From the small price paid, we infer that the tract is mountain land exclusively, and have no doubt that it is utterly unfit for cultivation. The speculators who, no doubt, have the matter in hand, will induce emigrants to come on, however, only to find themselves disappointed and deceived when they arrive. This is not the first time such a game has been played.

☞ Having received two communications in regard to the recent trip of a pleasure party to Elliott's Knob, we have been compelled to lay one of them aside

☞ The farmers of this county, and readers generally, will be interested in Prof. Campbell's third article inserted on the first page of this paper.

Violent Speech by Senator Douglas.

Senator Douglas delivered a speech at Wooster, Ohio, on the 16th inst., in which he made a violent assault upon Judge Black, Attorney General of the United States, and a member of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet. The following report is given by the Washington Union, the organ of the Administration:

After discussing at considerable length the question of popular sovereignty and the rights of the people of a territory, Judge Douglas took up the reply to his recent article in Harper's Magazine, which has been attributed to Judge Black, and asserted that if he was the author of that reply it came from a man who wrote to the Democrats of Illinois to support Abolitionists for Congress in preference to the regular Democratic candidate.

Whether Judge Black was the author or not, the copy which he (Judge Douglas) held in his hand came to the gentleman who handed it to him in the care under the frank of that gentleman.

It is asserted that the article in Harper contained an assault on the federal courts, but the author of this reply, no matter who he was, knew that he uttered a falsehood.

During the last year's canvass in Illinois he (Judge Douglas) made one hundred and thirty speeches, and in every one of them he defended that court. What, then, could be thought of a man who would prostitute a high office to deceive the American people?

Whoever the author of that reply was, he was a base calumniator. He knew it was a tissue of falsehoods from beginning to end. It was a falsehood, and the writer knew it to be such, he uttered a falsehood.

Judge Douglas had ever advocated the doctrine that private property could be confiscated by any power on earth, except by due process of law. The author of the pamphlet asserts a double falsehood. It was a deliberate attempt to misrepresent his position, unworthy of any man who claimed any respect for himself. It was a misrepresentation made for the purpose of attacking him and weakening the force of the Democratic party.

He would not have noticed this attack, but that it was aimed at the friends of popular sovereignty. It was intended to reach Judge Kanney, the noble standard-bearer of the Democratic party of Ohio; it was intended for the gallant Becker, the candidate for Governor in Minnesota; it was intended to strike at the eloquent Dodge, who was leading the Democratic hosts in Iowa; it was a strike at the candidates of the democracy throughout the country, who stand on the same platform of popular sovereignty. When the author of that pamphlet attempted to strike at that doctrine, he made a blow at the entire Democratic party of the northwest.

Judge Douglas quoted some further statements in the article of Judge Black, and pronounced them insidious falsehoods, put forth willfully and with bad intent.

Judge Douglas retired amidst the cheering of the crowd, the firing of cannon and the music of some half dozen bands.

He returned to town and took the train this evening for Washington, where he will remain until some time in October.

The New York Herald correspondent on the 19th telegraphs from Washington:

"Judge Douglas is here. He denounces openly in public places the article in the Constitution replying to his popular sovereignty article in Harper's Magazine. It has so ruffled his temper that he calls the writer a liar. Brown, of the Constitution, openly declares Judge Black the author. It is said that First Comptroller Governor Medill is to proceed to morrow to Ohio, to canvass the State, to counteract the effect of Douglas' speech."

Important from China.

The last European steamer, the North American, brings intelligence of a desperate battle fought on the 17th June between the British and French and the Chinese. The latter are no doubt aided by Russians, as heretofore they have been unable to make any effective resistance.—The following is the telegraph report of the intelligence:

Admiral Hope arrived off the Pelho river on the 17th June, but found the entrance barred. An attempt was made on the 25th to force a passage, when suddenly batteries supported by a force of twenty thousand men were unmasked and opened a destructive fire.

After a severe action the squadron was compelled to withdraw with the loss of gun boats Cormorant, Lee, Plover, and 464 men killed and wounded. The French had 14 men killed out of 60. Seven British officers were killed, and 17 wounded, the latter including the Admiral.

The details say the mouth of the river was raked by the fire of newly constructed forts, mounting 900 guns.

At 1.30 P. M. the signal for action was run up. The gun boats Opossum and Plover pushed in close to the first barrier, when the guns of the forts opened fire, and the action became general. The fire of the Chinese, in weight and precision, was such as was never before experienced. Every shot told, while those of the British did but comparatively little damage. The troops were ordered to land, but as the first boat touched the shore, the forts poured a perfect hurricane of shells, balls and rockets which mowed down the men as they landed. The ship supported them as well as possible.

The mud on the shore was deep, and of the thousand landing barely one hundred reached the first wide ditches, five hundred yards from the river. Only fifty reached the third ditch, and these would have made an attempt to scale the walls but the ladders were broken by the shot or stuck fast in the mud. With the one remaining, ten men sprang forward, three of whom were killed, and five severely injured.—Orders were at last given to retire and in the retreat the men were shot down like birds.—Many boats were swamped by the balls and there was not enough to take off the survivors. Several boats' full of wounded were struck and swamped.

Russian features were distinctly visible at the batteries.

The Americans towed up several boats to the scene of action and afterwards took a number of men to their respective ships.

The Great Eastern.

The steamer Nova Scotian brings intelligence that the monster steamship Great Eastern had made the first move towards putting to sea.—On the 7th inst. the vessel proceeded down the Thames, and struck off Dover on the 9th. She proved to be perfectly manageable, and the experiment was in all respects successful. It is said that in ten minutes all doubts as to her beating the fastest vessel beyond comparison in the world were set at rest. Her length is about two hundred yards.

The Great Eastern is expected at Portland, Maine, in a few days, and great preparations are in progress there for her reception. A correspondent of the Boston Journal says:

Portland seems to be in a fever of excitement, and every emotion, from the most sanguine hope to deep, almost painful, anxiety, is pictured on the faces of the people in the streets. A man with an indifferent air in Portland at this time may be safely set down "not a native." Every place in town where people can be stowed or packed will be opened for the reception of guests by the day on which the Great Eastern is expected. The old Custom House on Fore St., has been opened and aired, and made to look quite cheerful. It will contain accommodations for about a hundred lodgers. Five thousand mattresses have been brought into Portland within the last week, mostly, of course, from Boston. If the Great Eastern comes, and if an unexampled number of travellers crowd to see her, I believe they may all be accommodated, so extensive are the arrangements.

It is estimated that the Great Eastern will carry 10,000 persons. Assuming that she runs to Portland in seven days, the cost will be £11,200; miscellaneous charges £9,000. A Mr. Lever has offered to charter the steamer for the first trip, at £30,000, but the Directors declined the proposal.

For the Spectator.

To the Officers of the Valley Turnpike.

The bridge over Middle River, at Chue's mill, ought to be attended to at once, or it will soon be a total loss. The support under the centre has been either taken away or weakened by the late flood, and the structure is swaying.

OBSERVER.

POLITICAL BETTING IN N. Y.—The New York correspondent of the Charleston Mercury, in a letter of the 14th inst. gives an account of the political bullies of that city. He says:

A score or two of ball heads and clumsy jaws have gone up to Syracuse, to "assist," as the French say, at the Democratic State Convention. "Tammany" and "Mozart" each sends the best fighters in its ranks. "Tammany is particularly strong in this material, as it has taken good care to secure the appointment of some of its best muscle in the various bureaus of the city government; and, as the officers which they fill are emoluments, they have plenty of leisure for occasional gentlemanly excursions out of town. The Mozart Hall attaches do not enjoy the advantages of feeding from the city trough, but entertain an unfaltering trust "that their turn will come when the indomitable Fernando shall again issue his fiats from our *Hotel de Ville*." It is generally supposed that Fernando keeps his retainers in pay. This is an error. The chief that he works on is the one that Bulwer's *Rockaleen* describes as the "boys of favors yet to come."—Fernando's elections never cost him much, except in the way of promises, of which he is affluent.

To return to the short-haired gentry. Strangers commonly suppose them to be ragamuffins of the stage type, with crushed hats, dirty shirts and ventilated boots. *Au contraire*, they are among the neatest and most hatily dressed men about town. Black is their favorite wear, and but for the gigantic real diamond pins that flash from their shirt fronts, they would pass for hard working young lawyers, or divinity students.—The conflict of these partisans, when they come into collision at Tammany Hall, at nominating conventions, or at the polls, are always confined to fisticuffs, and are devoid of personal malignity. In the gambling halls and other dens of infamy where they meet, these men are friendly enough, and only punctual one another on political occasions as a matter of duty. Since the day when Augustus Schell came near having his cranium cracked open like a cocoanut, at Tammany Hall, some ten years ago, I have not heard of a single serious injury resulting from the encounters of these paid pugilists.

LATEST FROM SAN JUAN.—A despatch from Washington city, on the 25th, says:

Colonel Rankin, Register of the Land Office at Olympia, in Washington Territory, has arrived here from the Island of San Juan. He reports that it the intentions of Governor Douglass had been carried out, there would have been a collision between the British and American forces, as the vessels Satellite and Tribune had orders from him to fire, but Admiral Bayne opportunely arrived and superseded him in command of the English ships of war, five in number.

The original misunderstanding was with the Hudson Bay Company, the interests of which were represented by Governor Douglass. The Island of San Juan had been in the occupancy of the Americans at least eighteen months, nobody seeming to question their rights, and for a longer period was considered and treated in all respects as belonging to Washington Territory. It was not until Gen. Harney applied to and was informed by Boundary Commissioner Campbell that our title to the island was clear and certain, that he despatched troops thither at the earnest request of the residents, who claimed protection from British aggression, and especially from the predatory incursions of Northern Indians, who had even taken and held possession of a slight house for three days, and against whom private expeditions had repeatedly been sent to chastise them. Col. Rankin says the people of Washington Territory and of the Pacific States are unanimous for our retention of the island of San Juan. And such is their enthusiasm that if the United States troops should be directed to vacate it, private parties in formidable numbers would immediately occupy that important position, and not surrender without a severe struggle. But it is not supposed in this city that our troops will be withdrawn, as this would be considered as an admission that our title is clearly disputable.

It may not be generally known that this Government has recently confirmed a bluff of land, containing three thousand acres, for a military reservation, if anything further north than San Juan.

SHOOTING AFFAIR IN RICHMOND.—On Tuesday night last, the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, was the scene of a murderous assault, which has produced intense excitement and indignation in that city. Between 9 and 10 o'clock a man named H. Melton, a negro trader from Louisiana, who had been at the Hotel for several days, complained to Mr. P. O. Sims, the Clerk, of the inattention of the servants, &c. He then returned to his room, and sent a note to Sims, written in the style of a drunken man, after which he came down to the office again and commenced an altercation. Sims deliberated to send for the police, and at last Melton, continuing his abuse, struck him in the face with his fist. In warding off another blow, or designed by, S. struck M. in the face with his open hand, and directed a servant to bring M.'s baggage down. Finally Melton drew a pistol and discharged it at Sims, the ball entering his abdomen and lodging in the kidney or bladder. He immediately ran up to his room and threw the pistol into the alley. When the officers arrived to arrest him, he showed another pistol and called attention to the fact that it was loaded, as proof that he had not shot Sims, but the man to it was afterwards found where he had thrown it.

Mr. Sims was alive yesterday (Monday) morning, but no hope of his recovery was entertained.

THE NEW STEAM PLOW.—The committee appointed by the Illinois State Agricultural Society to make a practical test of steam plowing machines, have unanimously awarded the prize of $3,000 to Joseph W. Fawks, of Christiana, Pa. The machine invented by him was fully experimented with, and amply sustained the test of the committee. Its whole weight was ten tons, length 18 feet, and cost about $4,000; the engine about thirty-horse power. The plows, eight in number, are attached to one frame, which is suspended by chains passing over grooved pulleys in two beams, projecting from the back of the engine. These can be raised or lowered at pleasure, according to the depth of the furrow. The cost of plowing per diem is estimated as follows: One ton of coal $5; one cord of wood $5; labor of three men $4; oil, &c., $1; wear and tear $2; interest at 10 per cent. $1.12; total $16.12. It is calculated to plow twenty five acres per day with a liberal allowance for hauling fuel and water one mile, making the cost per acre 64 1-2 cts. The price paid for breaking prairie land at present is $2.50 per acre. Experiments were made to test the capability of the machine to overcome steep grades, and it fully answered expectations in respects successful. It is said that in ten minutes all doubts as to her beating the fastest vessel beyond comparison in the world were set at rest. Her length is about two hundred yards.

The Great Eastern is expected at Portland, Maine, in a few days, and great preparations are in progress there for her reception. A correspondent of the Boston Journal says:

Portland seems to be in a fever of excitement, and every emotion, from the most sanguine hope to deep, almost painful, anxiety, is pictured on the faces of the people in the streets. A man with an indifferent air in Portland at this time may be safely set down "not a native." Every place in town where people can be stowed or packed will be opened for the reception of guests by the day on which the Great Eastern is expected. The old Custom House on Fore St., has been opened and aired, and made to look quite cheerful. It will contain accommodations for about a hundred lodgers. Five thousand mattresses have been brought into Portland within the last week, mostly, of course, from Boston. If the Great Eastern comes, and if an unexampled number of travellers crowd to see her, I believe they may all be accommodated, so extensive are the arrangements.

It is estimated that the Great Eastern will carry 10,000 persons. Assuming that she runs to Portland in seven days, the cost will be £11,200; miscellaneous charges £9,000. A Mr. Lever has offered to charter the steamer for the first trip, at £30,000, but the Directors declined the proposal.

For the Spectator.

To the Officers of the Valley Turnpike.

The bridge over Middle River, at Chue's mill, ought to be attended to at once, or it will soon be a total loss. The support under the centre has been either taken away or weakened by the late flood, and the structure is swaying.

OBSERVER.

Miscellaneous.

The "Republicans" in Massachusetts have nominated Gov. Banks, for re-election, as Governor of the State

The first volume of the forthcoming life of Madison, by Hon. W. C. Rives, of Virginia, will soon appear

Littleton Tazewell was elected Common wealth's Attorney for the Circuit Court of Richmond, on Thursday last.

We learn by the steamer Arabia that the Zurich Conference had been suspended. A general European Conference was still talked about.

There are now ten anti slavery papers printed in English in the Slave States, and eight in German. Of these eighteen, nine are published in Missouri.

Two hundred Democratic papers in the West openly advocate the nomination of Judge Douglas as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency

There are said to be only six soldiers of the revolution still living in Virginia. How soon every trace of the toil and glory of the days of '76 will have passed away.

We see it stated that the first locomotive run in Egypt used mummies for fuel, making a very hot fire. The supply of mummies is said to be almost inexhaustible, and are used by the cord.

The New York American State Convention at Utica nominated a ticket selected from the nominations of the Republican and Democratic parties, and including five of the former and four of the latter.

The returns of the Post-Office Department for June 30th, have been revised, and the deficiency to be provided for by Congress is $4,281,000.—This is more than $100,000 less than the deficiency of last year.

Whilst Mr. Douglas was speaking from the platform of the cars at Lawrenceburg the other day, the cars suddenly started and carried him off, speech and all. That's the impolitest rail road we ever heard of in our lives.

The Virginia planters state that the tobacco crop now standing has been almost entirely exempt from the ravages of the horn-worm, and unless an early frost shall hasten the cuttings an average yield of the fine grades will be produced.

The latest attempt at counterfeiting has manifested itself in the manufacture of bogus Christ image. They are made of heavy composition metal, electroplated, and have the rough, unfinished exterior and all the rude characteristics of the originals.

A mill situated on Walker's Creek, near Marshanctown, in Giles county, Va., owned by Joseph Peck, was swept away by the late freshet. The mill contained about 2,000 bushels of wheat and 50 or 60 barrels of flour. Mr. Peck's loss by the flood is estimated at from $12,000 to $14,000.

The Democratic Convention which met at Farmville last week, nominated Roger A. Pryor, by acclamation, as the candidate for Congress to succeed the Hon. Wm. O. Goode. Mr. Hopkins' name was not before the Convention. Mr. Thos. Goode, independent Democrat, is still in the field.

The present session at Washington College, Lexington, opened with 90 students. The number would, probably, have been larger, but the high standard of scholarship required for admission drives many young men, who would otherwise enter this college, to the University of Virginia!

The Charleston Mercury refers to a rumor prevailing in Charleston, that the real object of Mr. John Mitchell in going to France, is at the instigation of leading members of the Slave Trade party, to induce the Emperor Napoleon to relax his opposition to the trade under the French flag, if not to legalize it.

The Liverpool Times says it has the best authority for stating that the prospects of emigration to the United States are "most promising," and that an active movement for some months is anticipated. The latest emigration statistics show that while there is a falling off in the Irish emigration, the number of English and Scotch emigrants is largely increased.

A few years ago the Duke of Tuscany imprisoned the Madiai for circulating copies of the Bible. To-day the Duke is a fugitive from his kingdom, and the Madiai are now busily engaged in circulating the Scriptures, the Provisional Government of Tuscany having proclaimed freedom of conscience and full religious liberty.

Advices from Marshall, Texas, say the Southern Pacific Railway was sold, on the 8th, under execution, and purchased by Gen. Richardson, and his associates. Mr. Fowlkes is paying off the debts of the road, and preparing to organize the company. It is proposed to elect Edgar Thompson President, unite with the El Paso company, and continue to construct the road.

The New Orleans Delta says that in place of the yellow fever, so long a scourge in that city, a new epidemic has broken out, which is adding not a few victims to the weekly bills of mortalities. This is the epidemic of suicide. Somany cases of death from this cause have never before been known there. Every day the coroner is called upon to investigate such cases.

According to the accounts from Berlin, the release of Christian Ernst, (a naturalized American citizen,) from the Hanoverian army, was granted as an act of courtesy to the United States, and a token of personal regard to the American Minister, and not in compliance with any principle of the law of nations, or, at all, yielding to the doctrine last advanced, by the State Department of this country.

Madame Poitevin, widow of the well-known aeronaut, recently made a balloon ascension at Rouen, (France,) accompanied in the car by her assistant, in the costume of Sancho Panza, while below was suspended a donkey, mounted by a new Dulcinea del Toboso, whose white toilet was visible when the balloon itself could hardly be perceived. The descent was effected in safety at Franqueville.

A complimentary dinner was given by the Whigs of Lunenburg county, Va., week before last, to Robert Ridgway, Esq., the able, zealous, and untiring senior editor of the Richmond Whig. It was a compliment well deserved. Mr. Ridgway made an eloquent speech on the occasion. Speeches were also made by several other gentlemen, and letters were read from A. H. H. Stuart, J. M. Botts, Wm. H. Macfarland, Wyndham Robertson, R. T. Daniel, and others.

RATS IN ILLINOIS.—Parts of Illinois are so terribly infested with rats, that the Logan county agricultural society has offered three premiums of $50, $35 and $20 for the three largest exhibitors of rat scalps at their Fair. A great many persons are competing for the prize, and the show promises to be large and interesting. Mr. Gordon, of Kickapoo Creek, has already secured 1,118 scalps, and intends running the number up to fifteen hundred before the Fair.

On Friday, the 16th, an altercation took place in Albemarle county, between Mr. Payne, overseer for B. H. Magruder, Esq., and a negro man belonging to the latter, which resulted in the death of the negro. It seems that in attempting to correct the negro he made resistance to the overseer, who thereupon shot the negro with a pistol which caused his immediate death. We understand that Mr. Payne has been bailed for his appearance at the next court.

A deputation, consisting of the Rev. Dr. Edgar, of Belfast, the Rev. Samuel Dill, of Ballymena, and the Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Limerick, has arrived at New York, by the Kangaroo, to appeal to the Christians in the United States for aid in behalf of domestic missions in Ireland.—The Rev. Henry Cooke, D. D., of Belfast, is expected to join the deputation in about three weeks. We have no doubt it will be cordially received by all evangelical Protestants in the United States.

A SNAKE STORY.—Mr. Wm N. Wood, residing near the North Mountain, not far from Mr. Robert R. Crawford's, in this county, killed forty-two snakes all at one killing, and within a few yards of each other, one day last week. All these snakes were of the copper head kind, and some of them of very large size. What were these snakes doing in this school? Can anybody give us the sign? No wonder it has been raining almost incessantly for the last week.—*Harrisonburg Citizen.*

The Louisville *Journal* says the Washington *Constitution*, the President's immediate organ, hasn't had one word to say about Gov. Wise's Donnelly letter since the Governor's warning, through his own organ at Richmond, "to the President direct," that anything further upon the subject would be met by the publication of "more than a dozen private and confidential letters of the kind" in the possession of the Governor's friends. The Governor has evidently locked the President's jaws and put the key in his pocket.

A MYSTERY OF THE PAST.—An immense catacomb can be seen at Rochwell, in the interior of England, near the direct route from Liverpool to London. It is an immense vault built of masonry, under a church which dates back apparently to its first erection to about the year 1150, and contains the skeletons of 30,000 men, probably warriors of great size, piled up in regular order, so that skulls and large bones only appear on the outside of the piles. The skulls show marks of spear and hatchet, but no gunshot wounds, and their owners probably fell in mortal conflict anterior to the invention of gunpowder. The vault was discovered by accident 180 years ago, and has no connection with the church so far as known. In fact the mystery is that there is no historical evidence nor traditionary legend which throws the least light upon the obscurity of its erection.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CARD.

WE are now receiving from the Eastern Cities, our stock of *FALL AND WINTER GOODS*, embracing many entirely new styles of articles, a which may be found

Splendid Plaid Striped and Brocade Silks;
French Velvet Poplins;
Printed French D'Laines,
Plain and Printed French Merinos,
Red Manchester Ginghams;
White Quaker, Opera and Fancy Flannels;
Bleached and Brown Canton Flannels,
Houlton, Maltese, Valenciennes and French Worked Collars, Sleeves and sets to great variety;
Hem Stitched Embroidered and Plain Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs from 12½cts to $4;
English and Valenciennes Laces and Edgings;
New style Trimmings;
Double Mantle Shells and Crape Shawls;
Cloth Cloaks and Mantlas of new and handsome styles;
A full line of Brown and Bleached Cottons;
Tickings, Apron Checks, Linsey Blankets,
Irish Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

☞ To which we invite the early attention of our friends.

We have been so well pleased with the working of our new system that we have determined to adhere to it, feeling more than ever convinced that it cannot but commend itself to all right thinking minds as the correct mode of doing business

☞ *All Goods marked in plain figures and are one* PRICE.

☞ *A discount for Cash allowed on all bills of $5 and upwards.*

☞ *All bills due and to be settled July and January.*

By selling the best goods at a very small advance upon their first cost, we mean to make it to the interest of all to buy of us upon our terms.

Respectfully, DAVIS A. KAYSER & CO.

Staunton, Sep 27, 1859.

NEW AND ELEGANT STOCK OF FALL DRY GOODS AT CRENSHAW, QUARLES & CO.'S, 229, Broad St., Richmond.

WE have just received our entire stock of FALL DRY GOODS, embracing all the new designs that are in market this season, and shall continue to add to our assortment by every arrival, so as to present at all times a full and complete stock of foreign and Domestic Goods.

In LADIES' DRESS GOODS, Cloaks, Mantles, White Goods, Trimmings, &c., we have a large and varied selection, and at prices that will suit the most economical purchaser.

In GENTS' GOODS, we have the largest stock ever offered, such as French and English Cloths, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Velvet and Silk Vestings, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ties and Scarfs, Byron and Lavcotte Collars, Silk and Gambric Umbrellas, Merino and Wool Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, &c., &c.

In CHILDREN'S GOODS, we have bright colors in small Figured and Checked Goods in all the different fabrics.

In HOUSEKEEPING GOODS our stock cannot be surpassed.

In SERVANTS' GOODS we have a large and splendid stock of the best makes, and at low prices.

We invite an examination of our Goods as the best test of their quality, style and price.

CRENSHAW, QUARLES & CO.

Richmond, Sep. 27, 1859.

TAKE NOTICE!

ARRIVAL OF NEW FALL AND WINTER READY-MADE CLOTHING.

THE subscribers would inform the citizens of Staunton and vicinity that, having disposed of their old stock of goods, they have concluded to remain longer in this place, and, therefore, have brought in this town a large and well selected stock of *READY-MADE CLOTHING*, which has been made in their well known and very large and extensive establishment at 249, Balt. St., Baltimore.

As we have won for ourselves the reputation of being the cheapest dealers in ready-made clothing in this place, it will be our object in future to maintain it. Therefore we would say to our friends and those who have not heretofore honored us with their calls, it would be to their interest to give us a call before going elsewhere.

Our stock consists of Casinet, Cassimere and Cloth Suits of all qualities, made in the latest style and best manner, and of the best material. Also a very large assortment of **Furnishing Goods** of all kinds. All of which will be sold at the very lowest Eastern market prices.

☞ New arrivals every week.

WEBLER & BROTHERS.

Staunton, Sep. 27, 1859—3m.

LAND SALE.—In pursuance of a decree rendered in the cause of George Bader vs. Henry Kepetor and al. in the Circuit Court of Augusta C. I shall proceed, on the premises, on *Wednesday, 21st day of September*, next, to sell at public sale to the highest bidder, a tract or body of LAND in the County of Augusta, in Buffalo Gap, on the line of the Central Railroad and the old free Turnpike, and containing about 1000 Acres. The land has several Dwellings and a *SAW MILL* on it—with other improvements. Part of the land is bottom of good quality, and the rest is valuable for its timber.

TERMS:—Costs of sale and of suit and the balance in payments of eight, sixteen and twenty four months from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bonds and good personal security and the title to be retained as ultimate security. NICH. K. TROUT, Com'r.

August 23, 1859.

Postponement.

The above sale is postponed until *Monday, October 10th*, next. N. K. TROUT, Com'r.

Sept. 27, 1859.

FARM FOR SALE ON THE 22ND OCTOBER, 1858.—Finding it inconvenient to give proper attention to property in the country, and having determined to settle my sons in the South, I will sell my FARM containing 162 Acres, well improved, about ¾ mile from Staunton, with DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, Stabling, 2 ice-houses, Spring house, &c. About 140 acres are cleared and in a fine state of cultivation, and all set in grass and very productive. It has on it a large collection of choice fruit trees, and is well watered. About 45 acres are sown in small grain and under good fencing, a great portion being new plank fence. I hazard nothing in saying that in my opinion there is not a more desirable home farm of the same size for sale in the county. At the same time I will sell Horses, Cattle, Wagons, Plows, Harrows and the Farming Utensils on the farm.

The farm will be sold on liberal terms. TERMS made known on the day of sale. B. F. POINTS.

Sep. 27, 1859.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE AND ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE.—Intending to return to Richmond, I will sell at public sale, at my residence, in Bridgewater, on *Wednesday, the 19th day of October*, on a credit of six months, all my Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, Rocking Chairs, tables, Stands Wardrobes Clock, Mirrors, one Rosewood Piano, Passage and Solar Lamps, Mantle Ornaments, Shower Bath, Carpet and Mattings, Queensware and Table Furniture, Chamber, Parlour and Cook Stoves, and a variety of articles necessary for housekeeping.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. M. D. MYERS.

Sep. 27, 1859. WM. FOSTER, Auc'r.

ATTENTION OFFICERS OF THE

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The Border (Scotland) Advertiser notices the death of Elizabeth Graham, the "Madge Wildfire of the Heart of Mid Lothian." She was an super ad well known in a dying state in the public road. It says:

Fifty years ago Elizabeth Graham was the rustic beauty, belle and toast of Melrose and its neighborhood, respectably brought up, with health mantling her cheek and guileless innocence in her heart. Returning home one evening she was set upon in the gloomy solitude of the Bogle Burn, and there ruined. She returned home, or rather she immediately forsook the ordinary haunts of man, having become a raving maniac, and henceforth she dwelt apart, living alone among, but not a responsible portion of humanity. The outward form of that had once been a gay and happy girl took up its dwelling-place in a rude cave in the old Quarry Hill of Melrose. Here she slept at night, in summer and winter, wrapped up in a blanket, save when for some wild and woeful weeks after the birth of her dead child, when she followed it to the church yard, and would not be driven away, but slept among the tombstones to watch its grave. It was from this unfortunate wretch Sir Walter Scott drew the character of Madge Wildfire in the "Heart of Mid Lothian." The particulars of the sad case were quite well known to every living in the neighborhood, and it is easier to observe that there is a striking coincidence between the real facts as above recorded, detailed insets and the incidents in the novel as depicted by the pen of the author of Waverly.

Two Men Killed.—A correspondent of the Abingdon Democrat, writing from Walnut Hill, Lee county, Va., says: "On last Friday, an affray took place between Hiram Wireman and Job Crabtree, concerning the grinding of two bushels of wheat. It appears that the grain was not ground when Crabtree called for it, agreeable to promise—the reason given for its not being done, was scarcity of water. Hard words passed; a fight ensued; they were parted; when Crabtree went a piece off and called to his brother, Richard H. Crabtree, to come to him quickly.—R. D. Crabtree, John Ball, and Wm. Britton, were waiting at the mouth of the lane, (to the mill) for Job. However, they all went down to the mill and renewed the combat, when John Ball and R. D. Crabtree were both stabbed by Wm. Provence, causing almost immediate death. Wireman was badly used up, and for several days doubts were entertained as to his recovery, but he is now past endangering convalescence. Job was not much injured. Ball was cut through, just below the sternum—cutting the spine half in two. The knife would measure eleven inches in length—made by some of our country smiths. R. D. Crabtree was cut to the heart, and died first, although last stabbed. Provence made his escape and has not been heard of since."

Jefferson on the African Slave Trade.—In his annual message of December, 1806, within two years of the time at which Congress had constitutional power to suppress the African Slave Trade, President Jefferson said:

"I congratulate you, fellow citizens, on the approach of the period at which you may interpose your authority, constitutionally, to withdraw the citizens of the United States from all further participation in those violations of human rights which have been so long continued on the unoffending inhabitants of Africa, and which the morality, the reputation, and the best interests of our country have long been eager to prescribe."

We commend the above extract, from an exchange paper, to the serious consideration of those Jeffersonian Democrats of the South, who are just now bent on reviving the Slave Trade.

Grain Stacks in Wisconsin.—Threshing machines have work to do in the Rock River region of Illinois and Wisconsin. Between Beloit and Janesville, twelve miles, a few days ago, there were seven hundred and thirty eight stacks of grain within sight of the prairie road; and a considerable portion of the grain along the route had been threshed when the count was taken. Fourteen hundred and ninety-four stacks can be seen from the top of Rockway College, at Ripon, Wisconsin, with a telescope. The Star states that there are three thousand stacks in a square of ten miles, with Ripon for its centre. Farmers estimate a stack at from one to three hundred bushels, making full one million bushels of grain in the ten miles square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FULL FALL SUPPLIES.

R. H. MILLER, SON & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF QUEENSWARE,
No. 65, King Street, Alexandria, Va.

HAVE just received from Liverpool by ship "Elvira Owens," 150 CRATES AND HOGSHEADS, which gives them a full and complete assortment of GOODS, and they are now prepared to fill all orders from country Merchants and others, of a quality unsurpassed in any other city, and at prices, which they assert will be found by comparison, as low as any of the Northern cities. They have for the last month been in receipt of other goods besides the above, comprising assortments of—

French, Porcelain and English CHINA, in sets and other wise.

Cut, pressed, and Plain GLASSWARE, of all descriptions.

LAMPS AND GAS FIXTURES—Mantle Ornaments and Vases.

Stoneware and preserving JARS, of all descriptions.

Window Glass, a full supply, from 6 by 8 and 8 by 10 to 30 by 50 inches. Orders for Plate Glass, Enamelled Window Glass, &c., taken and speedily executed.

Pipes in boxes, Pipe Heads—Putty in bladders.

R. H. M. & SON & CO., hope to convince Virginia Merchants by a rigid scrutiny, if they will only try it—that they need not patronize a crockery house out of the State.

R. H. M. SON & CO. are prepared to do their part to retain it in the Commonwealth.

Sept. 20, 1859—1x$8.00

TO THE FARMERS OF AUGUSTA.—From an experience of Twenty years in the manufacture of Plows, I can safely say that the Plow introduced into this county by me, which I have been making for the last fifteen years, known as the LIVINGSTON COUNTY PLOW, is the best and cheapest Plow ever used in this County. Although simple in its construction, to work well it must be well gotten up, and I flatter myself that I can furnish the article as cheap, as good, and if experience and success are worth any thing, better than any one who may undertake the manufacture of the article.

I am prepared to furnish Plows, Points and Slides in any quantity, that may be desired, warranting every piece that passes out of my hands; if it is not what it is represented to be, return it to the merchant from whom purchased, and I will bear the loss. Full assortments of Plows, Points and Slides may be found at the following places:

Staunton, at the Warehouse, near the store of Crawford & Cochran.

Spring Hill, U. D. Poe.

Middlebrook, McChesney & Templeton.

Waynesboro', H. M. Darnall & D. Fishburn.

Greenville, at all the Stores.

Mint Spring, Alex. Gardner.

☞ Merchants at other precincts of the County who may wish to have the article, can be supplied on liberal terms either at wholesale or to sell on Commission.

My address is Steele's Tavern, Augusta County, Va.

SCHUYLER BRADLEY.

Sept. 20, 1859.

STEINER, BROS. & CO.
HAVE RECEIVED A VERY LARGE AND STOCK OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
AT THE CORNER ROOM OF
VIRGINIA HOTEL, STAUNTON,

WE inform the citizens of Staunton and surrounding country that we have just brought to this market one of the finest stocks of Ready-Made Clothing, accompanied with the greatest care, by Mr. H. Frank, at our own Wholesale Establishment, No. 544, W. Balt. St., Baltimore. We need not say to our patrons that we can defy all competition, as our most to always has been "Quick Sales and Small Profits." We invite respectfully all those in need of Clothing to call at our new stand, Corner of Va. Hotel

Particular attention is also called to our superior stock of Furnishing Goods, which comprises all sorts of Shirts, Collars, Handkerchiefs, and a nice stock of Hats and Caps, all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

STEINER, BRO'S & CO.

Staunton, Sept 20, 1859. Vin. Copy.

NEW GOODS.—Having employed WM SHRY as my Agent, I am now prepared, from an entirely new stock of HATS and CAPS, selected by him in New York and Philadelphia, to furnish the citizens of Staunton a superior article at 10 per cent less for Cash than it can be obtained elsewhere in this market. Call before the stock has been diminished, at the Store Room nearly opposite the Va. Hotel

W. G. HARMAN.

Staunton, Sept. 20, 1859. tf. Vin Copy.

ATTENTION DEERFIELD MILITIA.—A Parade at your usual place (Deerfield), on the 1st Saturday in October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. An officer will be present for the purpose of holding an election for a Captain and first and second Lieutenant. A full parade is desired. All absentees will be noted. By order of the Colonel.

GEO. W. IMBODEN, Adj't. 115th Reg't.

Sept. 20, 1859—Vin. Copy.

LIKE! LIKE!! LIKE!!!—The subscriber takes this method of informing Plasterers, Masons and the public generally that he keeps constantly on hand at his kiln FRESH LIME of the best quality, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. All orders promptly attended to. Public patronage solicited. Address SAMUEL McCLURE.

Sept. 20, '59.—Vin copy 8t. Fishersville, Va.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO DYSPEPTICS

And all who suffer the torments which this disease inflicts in one form or another, it is many phases, cure yourselves permanently and speedily by using

The Oxygenated Bitters.

The Weekly Novelette of Sept. 18, says

Dyspepsia is one of the prevailing diseases of our country. This is owing both to climate and the almost universal habit of eating our meals too rapidly and without of proper digestion. Hence in spite of these adverse circumstances, this disease, even when it has become chronic, disappears rapidly by the use of the Oxygenated Bitters, which have been found to prove an infallible remedy.

From the Publisher of a widely circulated Magazine
BOSTON, July 1, 1858.

Messrs S W. Fowle & Co. I have taken three bottles of the Oxygenated Bitters, and have derived great benefit from their use. I have been much troubled with dyspepsia for several years and found nothing that afforded me any relief until I used the Bitters. I must cheerfully recommend them to all who are afflicted with this troublesome and stubborn complaint.

JAMES ROBINSON,
of the "Student and Schoolmate."

From Gen. A. C. Dodge our Minister to Spain
WASHINGTON, D. C. May 18.

Dr. Geo. B. Green—Dear Sir. The Oxygenated Bitters with which you were kind enough to furnish me, have had a most salutary effect in my case. I was troubled with Dyspepsia for four years, during which time I tried many remedies, but never met with any so good as your Bitters. I am now in the enjoyment of good health, and I hope and believe, that all who use the Oxygenated Bitters, will find them as serviceable as I have found them.

With high respect, your obt servant,
A. C. DODGE.

Prepared by S. W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by P. H. Trout & Co., Dr. H. S. Eichelberger & Bro., and Dr. W. B. Young, Staunton; T. H. Aurum, Waynesboro'; J. T. Patrick, Greenville; J. Randolph, Patton & Co., Middlebrook; Stewart & Anderson, Moffett's Creek; J. S. Ross, Mt. Sidney; James M. Stout & Co., New Hope; P. H. Wheeler, Mt. Meridian; and by all dealers in medicines.

August 4, 1859—3mosadv.

"FOR"
HERRING'S FIRE PROOF SAFES,
LEATHER and RUBBER BELTING,
LACE LEATHER,
STEAM PACKING HOSE, &c
COTTON and LINEN TWINES,
AND FOR
INSURANCE on your Lives, or the Lives of your servants, at the lowest cost, call at Stationers Hall, No 81 Pearl Street, Richmond, Va.

KNOWLES & WALFORD.

Richmond, March 16, 1859.—1y

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

From rich and poor, bond and free; all colors, grades and conditions of life, we hear the same tale of praise and joy from the use of this wonderful article. Sores are healed pains relieved, lives saved, valuable animals made useful, and suicide life assuaged by this great medicine which are surprising to the judgment of many. What family does not require a standard Liniment? Who ever heard of the same effects produced by any other article? For Cuts, Bruises, Sprains Rheumatism, Swellings, Strained Horses, &c., it has no rival. Beware of imitations. The genuine Mustang Liniment is sold by all respectable Druggists and Livery Men in every town, parish and hamlet throughout North and South America, Europe, and the Islands of the Ocean. Buy of none

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, N. Y.

Also Lyon's celebrated Insect Powder.

Sep. 27, 1859.—1mosv.

MR. THOS. T. BAGBY, General Collector, Richmond, is an authorized Agent for the Staunton Spectator.

MARRIED.

On 21st Sept., by Rev. Wm. E. Baker, Mr. Danvy N. Clark, of Pocahontas, and Miss Mary S. Lovegrove, of Augusta.

On the 26th inst., at the Virginia Hotel, by Rev. G. G. Brooke, Mr. Lafayette Campbell, formerly of Madison Co., to Miss Sallie Talley, of Augusta Co.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. James Brown, Mr. Geo. W. Kincaid, formerly of Augusta Co., and Miss Margaret A., youngest daughter of Jarret Armstrong, Esq., of Highland.

On Wednesday morning, the 14th inst., in Botetourt Co., at the house of Jas. McClaie, of Augusta Co., by the Rev. Mr. Fraley, Rev. J. Claie, of Augusta Co., to Miss Lizzie J., daughter of Geo. McCheney, Esq., of Texas.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Geo. G. Brooke, Mr. John E. Hughes to Sarah C., daughter of Mr. Nelson Key, formerly of Nelson county, Va.

On the 18th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the same, Mr. Bispo P. Smith, to Miss Mary Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Robinson Hauger, of this County.

DIED.

At Hill's Hotel, in Harrisonburg, on Monday night last, of Consumption, Miss Mary Patterson, formerly of Augusta Co., in the 29th year of her age.

The deceased was taken with a severe cold, about eight months ago, which terminated in consumption, and finally proved fatal. About the beginning of her sickness, and before any serious result was apprehended, she made a profession of religion and united with the Mt. Horeb Presbyterian Church. Her religion proved its genuineness by being her solace during months of sickness and her support in the great hour of trial. She died the death of the righteous, calmly and peacefully, and with strong confidence, resigning her soul to the hand of a saviour.

THE MARKETS.

STAUNTON MARKETS.
WHOLESALE PRICES.
Reported by P. N. Powell & Co.
[Sep. 27, 1859.

FLOUR.	New Superfine	$4.75@0.00
	Extra	5.25@0.00
	Family	5.50@0.00
GRAIN.	Rye	0.65@0.00
	Oats	0.25@0.30
	Corn, (New)	0.50@0.00
BUTTER.	Fresh Roll	0.12½@0.14
LARD.		0.9½@0.10
PLASTER	Lump, per Ton	11.00@0.00
	Ground	14.00@0.00
SALT.	Ashton	2.50@3.00
	Marshall	2.75@3.00
	Ground Alum	2.62@02.5

RICHMOND MARKETS.
Reported for the Spectator by W. D. Temple & Bro
RICHMOND, Sept. 24, 1859.

FLOUR—Sales this week from $5¾@5¾ to $6¾ for Superfine; $6¾@6¾@$6¾, for Extra.

WHEAT—$1.10@1.20@1.25 for Red, $1.20@1.55@$1.60 for White. The extreme prices for prime.

CORN—80@85@90 cents.

OATS—35@40 cents.

RYE—75@80 cents.

BUTTER—Good scarce and wanted at from 20@25 cents.

LARD—12½@14.

PLASTER—$4¾@$4¾

GUANO—$35.

JAMES H. CALLISON,
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, SCRIVENER, AUCTIONEER AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,

ATTENDS promptly to the transaction of business. As agent I offer for sale near 11,000 Acres of Land, situated near Birch River, in Nicholas and Braxton counties, Va. The land will be sold in tracts of 1 to 5 acres and upwards. ☞ Terms easy and title good. Persons wishing to purchase can go with me to meet me at Birch River P. O., Va., from the 5th to the 15th of October. JAS. H. CALLISON,

Sep. 13, 1859.—3t Middlebrook, Va.

TO TRESPASSERS.—The subscribers hereby warn all persons not to trespass upon their lands for the purpose of hunting, &c., as they will hereafter put the law in force against all offenders.

A. H. PRICE,
JOS. HOUSEMAN,
S. K. TAYLOR,
GEO. ZIMMERMAN,
WM. CROSBY,
JAS. W. HOUSEMAN,
WM. H. JACKSON.

Sept. 20, '59—3t.

CHURCH NOTICE.—The fourth payment on the subscription for building the Central E. V. L. Church, at Staunton, fell due the 1st of this month. Therefore, all persons who have subscribed for this purpose are respectfully solicited to endeavor to make prompt payment to the undersigned in Staunton.

GEO. BAYLOR, Treasurer

Sep. 13, 1859—Vin copy

TURNPIKE NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Warm Springs and Harrisonburg Turnpike Road Company will be held at the Warm Springs in the County of Augusta, on the 1st Friday in October next. It is hoped the Stockholders will attend or send their proxies. By order of the Board

M. H. EFFINGER, Sec'ry.

Sept. 13, 1859—1m.

NEW BOOKS. Popular Tales from the Norse. Adam Bede. The Roman Question, by Edmond About; Ten Years of Preacher Life, by Wm. Henry Milburn, the Blind Preacher; Miss Gilmores' Window, the War in Europe, with Maps and Engravings, &c., &c.

ROBT COWAN

Staunton, Sept. 13, 1859

STAUNTON FOUNDRY. The subscribers have on hand of their own casting a large lot of STOVES, to wit: Parlor, Box, Office, Plate and Cooking, which they offer for sale on very reasonable terms at wholesale or retail.

A. J. GARBER & CO

Staunton, Sept. 13, 1859

NOTICE.—We forewarn all persons from hunting, shooting and passing on our lands, as we are determined to enforce the law against all offenders.

ROBT S. HARNSBERGER,
ROBT B. SNAPP.

Sep 20, '59—3t.

FLOUR.—I will buy 25 barrels of flour on the 4th Monday of each month. Farmers and Millers will please give me a call at the fair, for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind.

W. B. WILSON, Steward

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859—3mos—Vin copy

HARNESS OIL, for greasing leather. Also MACHINE OIL, for sale by

DR. H. S. EICHELBERGER.

Staunton, March 8, 1859.

SCHOOLS.

LOCH WILLOW SCHOOL, near Church VILLE (Augusta Co., Va.), two miles from Staunton, on the stage route from Staunton to Warm Springs. Jed Hotchkiss, Principal, assisted by a graduate of the University of Va.

The teachers will open a school on the Loch Willow Farm, the former residence of the late J. Addison Cochran, Esq., on the 1st Wednesday in September, 1859, and continue the same until the 3rd Wednesday in June, 1860.

The object of this school is to prepare students for the University or Colleges of Va., or fit them for the active duties of life.

The subjects taught are Ancient & Modern Languages, Mathematics, Natural Sciences, &c.

TERMS. For Tuition, Board, &c., for each term of 5 scholastic months, from $82.50 to $100, payable in advance.

Mrs Hotchkiss, added to a teacher of music, will take charge of the education of a few young ladies at the same rates as above, with the usual rates for music extra.

June 28, 1859.

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY, AT STAUNTON, VA. JOHN B. TINSLEY, Principal.—The next session of this Institution will commence on Monday, the 26th day of September and continue until the last in June following. Ample arrangements have been made for a thorough system of education. The course of study is complete, literary and practical, embracing all the branches useful and ornamental, taught in the first class schools of the highest grade. The several department are filled by competent and experienced assistants. The public rooms have been recently supplied with Maps and Charts of a superior character, and the Philosophical and chemical apparatus enlarged at a heavy expense. It is the purpose of the Trustees to avail themselves of all the educational improvements of the day, and to place their Institution upon such a basis that it will furnish advantages for an accomplished female education, equal to any that may be obtained elsewhere.

Circulars, giving additional information, will be sent upon application to the Principal.

Staunton July 14, 1859.

WAYNESBORO' ACADEMY,—Teachers, W. T. RICHARDSON, M. HALE HOUSTON.—The next session will begin on the 12th of September with a thorough system of instruction.—The scholar will be prepared for College or the University. Few places offer such inducements to those who wish to have their boys educated in safety. I can confidently assert that no such thing as dissipation exists in the school, nor is there known to be a dissipated youth in the place. And perhaps no school in the State has furnished a larger proportion of best rate young men. References is given particularly to the character and proficiency of those who have gone to Washington College or the University. A limited number of boarders will be received into the family of the subscriber.

TERMS.

Total expense for scholastic year, $175. For particulars inquire of W. T. RICHARDSON.

Waynesboro', June 28, 1859.—tf.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—The undersigned having employed Messrs M. KEAGY and S. EYERS to teach an English and Classical School, will open a session of ten months on the first Monday in September, near Pleasant Grove Church, two miles South of Mt. Crawford.

The object of this school is to prepare students for the ordinary avocations of life or for the University of Virginia.

TERMS:—Tuition will range from $2 to $4 per month.

Board can be obtained near the school for from $8 to $10 per month. For further particulars address M. Keagy, Burke's Mill, Augusta Co., Va., or S. Eyers, Mt. Crawford, Rockingham Co., Va.

J. R. KEAGY,
P. S. ROLLER,
J. ROSS.

September 9, 1859—6w.$3.25.

FEMALE SCHOOL AT BARTERBROOK.—The first session of this School will commence the 12th September next, and close the 12th June, 1860, under the immediate control of Miss Julia N. Day, an experienced Teacher.

Rev. C. S. M. See will have the general supervision and management of the school and will lecture twice a week upon Philosophy and Chemistry.

TERMS.—English Branches $15, French $10, Music on Piano $30, use of Piano $5, Contingent Expenses $1, Board, Washing, Fuel, Lights, &c., $10 per month. One half in advance.

DAVID GILKESON,
H. P. BURTE,
JNO. BROOKS, } Trustees.
WM. McCOMB,
T. W. SHELTON,

Aug. 16, 1859—3mos.

MOSSY CREEK ACADEMY, AUGUSTA COUNTY, VA.—The next Annual Session of this Academy will commence the First Monday in September, and close the 25th of June, 1860. The School is designed to be preparatory to the University of Virginia. All the teachers are graduates of that Institution.

TERMS:—Board and tuition, including everything $200.

For particulars see Catalogue.

Address, Mossy Creek, Va.

T. J. WHITE, Principal.
D. C. CANNON, M. A.

July 5, 1859.—11stOct.

GOULD & LINCOLN,
NO. 59 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON,
Have Just Published
A COMMENTARY ON THE EPISTLE TO THE EPHESIANS, EXPLANATORY, DOCTRINAL AND PRACTICAL, WITH A SERIES OF QUESTIONS. BY E. B. PAYSON, D. D., LATE PRESIDENT OF WATERVILLE COLLEGE. 12mo.—cloth, $1.00.

THIS Commentary contains the very marrow of the Gospel, unfolding, from a single epistle, the scheme of Divine mercy through Jesus Christ. It will instruct young disciples and feed older saints, and the questions annex ed will make it a useful text-book in Bible Classes.

Mind Words For Children, to Guide them in the Paths of peace. By Rev. Harvey Newcomb, author of "How to be a Man," "Harvest and Reaper." 16mo. Cloth. 50 cts.

A simple and beautiful exposition of the doctrines and duties of the Gospel, in language and with illustrations adapted to children.

"We wish every mother would buy it, read it, and cause its contents to be engraved on the hearts of her children."—*Intelligencer.*

Theocrautia—the Bible; its Divine Origin and Inspiration; deduced from internal evidence and the testimonies of nature, history and science. By L. Gaussen, D. D. New and Revised Edition, with Analysis and Topical Index. 12mo, cloth, $1.

NEARLY READY.

The Puritans; or, Rise and Progress of Church and Parliament of England, during the reign of Edward sixth and Elizabeth. By Samuel Hopkins. 8 vols, octavo. Vol. 1. $2.50.

British Novelists and their Styles. By David Masson, M. A., Author of the "Life of Milton."

The Leaders of the Reformation, Luther, Calvin, Latimer, and Knox. By J. Tulloch, D. D., Author of "Theism."

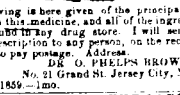
Historical Vindications; or, the Province and Uses of Baptist History. By S. S. Cutting, D. D.

Moral Philosophy.—By Jos. Haven, D. D., author of "Mental Philosophy."

Sept. 13, 1859.

DYSPEPSIA AND FITS.

DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, the great Cure of Consumption, was for several years so badly afflicted by Dyspepsia, that for a part of the time he was confined to his bed. He was eventually cured by a prescription furnished him by a young chairvoyant girl. This prescription, given him by a mere child, while in a state of trance, has cured everybody who has taken it, even in cases having failed once. It is equally sure in cases of Fits and of Dyspepsia.



An engraving is here given of the principal herb employed in this medicine, and all of the ingredients are to be found in any drug store. I will send this valuable prescription to any person, on the receipt of one stamp to pay postage. Address

DR. O. PHELPS BROWN,
No. 21 Grand St. Jersey City, N. J.

Sept. 13, 1859.—1mo.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—The subscribers would invite the attention of the ladies to their beautiful lot of Canes, Dress Silks, including some new style Double Skirt Brocade Silk Robes, just received to day. We have received from New York, by express, some new Dress Goods of various fabrics, which we have bought so much far terms as almost to defy competition. We are determined to keep our stock full and complete of all kinds of FANCY GOODS, having made arrangements to receive goods twice a week from this time until the demand ceases. We would also publicly say that we will offer no Staple goods at cost in order to bait the community, but are determined to sell all our goods at cash living profits.

We very respectfully ask all to give us a call as we certainly take great pleasure in showing our stock, even if you do not wish to purchase.

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER,
Near National Hotel.

Staunton, Sept. 13, 1859—Vin Copy

FRENCH WORK. Collars and Sleeves in setts, Swiss and cambric finishing and inserting, Valentin Laces and Edging.

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

QUEENSWARE. A set of Gilt Band and White French China, just received at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER'S

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

OATMEAL Lemon Grains, Bitter Almond Soap, from Omnibus Paling, just received at Herner and Lamott's other Toilet Soaps, for sale by

P. H. TROUT & CO

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

GENUINE LONDON PORTER just received at

P. H. TROUT'S CO'S Apothecary Store

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

TRUSSES, Abdominal Supporters, Mrs Bell's Dr. and Chase's Trusses, for sale by

P. H. TROUT & CO

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

SULPHATE of Morphia, Aritate do., Muriate do., for sale by P. H. TROUT & CO'S Drug Store

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

A LOT of superior Italian GUITAR and VIOLIN STRINGS at P. H. TROUT & CO'S Apothecary Store.

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

AUCTION SALES.

MILLERS IRON WORKS!
SALE WITHOUT RESERVE
OCTOBER 10TH 1859

I HAVE as trustee of John Miller made into attempts to sell the Furnace, Forge, Mills and Farms constituting the extensive Property known as the LAURA IRON WORKS in the County of Rockingham.

I now give fair notice to all whom it may now concerned that on the *10th day of October, 1859*, I will sell at the Forge and at the Furnace, all the real estate and resource of the establishment, to the highest bidder.

It is now becoming clear that all the Iron Works, and many others, are to be built and operated in the South, and that all such enterprises will be supported from Western Virginia.

The Merchant Mill, chopping Mill and Saw Mill, all of the best construction, and abundantly supplied with water, are convenient to the Furnace, and are the most valuable of their number, and containing in the aggregate more than two thousand acres of valuable and productive land, have been laid off and divided into lots, to suit a variety of purchasers, so that no one wishing to buy a farm can fail to find one to suit him.

Upon the whole I can say with confidence, that there has rarely offered in Virginia such an opportunity for the investment in realizable property.

Persons disposed to examine the property are referred to Mr. John Miller, who will take pleasure in giving any information in his power.

TERMS.—The sale will take place on the premises, on the same time and place I will sell a SIX MULE TEAM with wagon, harness and furniture complete, and perhaps some other personal property.

TERMS.—Sufficient to pay the costs of sale and the residue in three equal annual payments thereafter, bearing interest from the sale and secured by endorsed negotiable notes and a mortgage upon the property.

For the personal property four months credit upon endorsed negotiable paper, interest added.

JOHN S. BALDWIN, Trustee

Sep. 6, 1859—4ds

☞ Vin and Harrisonburg papers copy.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.—In virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county made in a cause therein depending between James Hundgardner, Plaintiff, and A. Harna and others, therein named, we will proceed on *Monday, the 24th day of October next*, on the premises, to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder a TRACT OF LAND, containing 22½ Acres,—a LOT containing about 2 Acres, a House and Lot in Rockingham, adjoining Joshua Culp, &c., and 4 Houses and Lots in Mt Solon, held by A. Harna in his own right, also the late residence of A. Harna in a Saw Mill Yard and all perishable goods, and in a TRACT of land containing about 70 Acres, on which said Hanna now resides, and about 10 Acres of Land on North river. This property is very desirable and will be shown to any one wishing to see it by A. Harna or the undersigned.

TERMS.—So much in cash as will pay costs of sale and suit, and residue on a credit of six, twelve, eighteen and 24 months, bonds with good security to be given and title retained until the purchase money is paid.

G. M. COCHRAN, Jr.,
JAMES HUNGARDNER, Jr., } Comrs
NICHO. K. TROUT,

Sept. 6, 1859.—4ds

Postponement.

The above sale is postponed till *Wednesday the 12th of October.*

Sept. 13, 1859.—4ds

TRUST SALE OF LAND & PERSONAL PROPERTY.—In pursuance of Decrees of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, entered respectively in the causes of Thomas Bell, Adm'r of David Michael, against James Back and others, I will proceed on the premises, near Sangersville, on *Tuesday, the 18th day of October* next, to sell at public sale to the highest bidder, the following property: A Tract of Land containing about Two Acres, more or less, purchased by said Back of Andrew Trout; another Tract of Land containing about Three Acres, more or less; also, 2 Bedsteads and Bedding, 1 Loom and apparatus, 1 set of Claws, 1 Burrel, 1 Cupboard, 1 Cook Stove and utensils, 1 Buggy and Harness, 1 Horse, 2 Ploughs, 2 Tables, and sundry other articles of household and kitchen furniture.

TERMS.—Cash in hand, credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, in equal instalments. Personal Property—$5 and under Cash—over that sum on a credit of three months, purchasers to give bond and good personal security, and title to be retained until paid.

SAMUEL PAUL, Comr.

Sep. 13, 1859.—4ds

LAND SALE.—In the case of Alexander H. Mellon and others against John Mellon, &c., the Circuit Court of Augusta Co. decreed that the land in the bill mentioned should be sold. I, the undersigned, commissioner appointed by said decree I will sell at the premises, on the 15th *day of October next*, the LAND which lies on the Little Cell Pasture River about miles from Craigsville, Augusta Co., Va., containing about 400 Acres, and about 147 Acres. The improvements consist of a DWELLING HOUSE, stable and other necessary buildings. A fair proportion is level land producing fine grass and grain. The society is good. Mills, Churches, stores and schools convenient. Mr. R. S. Wallace, who has the land rented will show it to any one desirous of purchasing.

TERMS:—One third in cash, one third in 18 and the remainder in 30 months from the sale with good personal security, and the title to be retained as ultimate security.

R. TURK, S. A. C. Com'r.

Sept. 20, 1859.

SALE OF LAND AND MILL.—I will on the *14th of October next*, sell on the premises, near Jonathan Golladay's, Esq., in Augusta Co., by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta County, in the cause of John Hoover, &c., against James Bolen and others a TRACT OF LAND, containing 44 Acres, on which there is a *HOPPING MILL*, driven by Walker's Creek. The land is very productive, the mill in pretty good repair and situated in one of the best grain portions of Augusta County. It is a very desirable home and adjoining to the sale of the tract of land, placed it in the power of men of small means to purchase. The facilities are good. This property is worthy the attention of any one wanting a small home.

TERMS.—One third in six, one third in 12 and the remainder in 24 months from sale, bonds with good personal security to be given and the title retained as ultimate security.

R. TURK, S. A. C., Com'r.

Sept. 20, 1859.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—In pursuance of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta County in the case of Conley vs. Reed and others, I will, on *Thursday, the 6th day of October*, 1859, on the premises, at public auction, proceed to sell a TRACT OF LAND, on which was formerly the residence of Wm. A. Reed by Thomas Burton and wife, containing 1½ Acres and 30 poles, situated in the County of Augusta, about miles N. W. of Staunton on Moffett's Branch, and adjoining the lands of Jacob Wolfe and others. Said land is in the possession of said Reed, is quite well improved, and would make a comfortable home.

TERMS.—So much money as shall be sufficient to pay costs of sale and suit, and the balance in two equal payments at 6, 12 and 18 months from day of sale, the purchaser giving bonds and approved security and the title retained as ultimate security.

W. H. H. BAYLOR, Com'r.

Sept. 13, 1859—tds.—p$4.50.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE ON THE 15TH OF OCTOBER, 1859.—I will sell at public auction, my FARM, containing about 17 Acres, adjoining the lands of Jacob Baylor, A. G. Wayland, and others, about 2 miles from Staunton Depot. The land is level, well adapted to the growth of Red Clover, and about one half of it is BOTTOM, of unsurpassable quality, the balance is limestone upland, and in a good state of cultivation. There is a tolerable *DWELLING HOUSE*, a Kitchen, a new Carpenter's Shop, new Spring House, with one of the best Springs in the county near the house. I deem it useless to say more about the property, supposing no one will buy without examining. It may be found at all times in the premises, and will take pleasure in showing the land to any one before the day of sale, and upon them of the terms, &c.

G. W. ANDERSON

Sept 13, 1859.—4ts*

LAND FOR SALE. Under a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, in a cause depending between Dennison's Administrators and Abraham Beaver, I will proceed, on the premises, on *Wednesday, the 19th day of October next*, to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, a Tract of Land containing about 35 Acres, with comfortable improvements, situated in Augusta county, on the road leading from Mt. Solon to Dangerfield, and within a few rods of Beard's Blacksmith Shop.

TERMS.—On a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, in equal instalments, the purchaser to give bonds with good personal security, and title to be retained until the purchase money is paid.

NICHO. K. TROUT, Comr.

Sep. 13, 1859.—4ds

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.—On Wednesday the 12th day of October next, the undersigned will sell at auction, on the premises, the Farm lately owned and occupied by Thos. Ferrer, deceased, containing about 270 Acres, more or less, subject to the widow's dower, which has expired by her marriage, as she informs me, or otherwise, as the purchaser may agree upon. The remainder exclusive of dower, is cleared, with some 20 acres of meadow, and most of it in good grass. Also, another Tract of about 42 Acres, lying on the Parkersburg road, three miles from Staunton. The terms will be made known on the day of sale, or on application to me.

HENRY EIDSON, jr.

Aug. 30, 1859.—4ds

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—On the 10th day of October next, I will sell at public auction, on the premises, the property now in the occupancy of Mr. D. Gardner, as a residence. Persons desirous of purchasing will find it to their interest to examine the property before the day of sale.

TERMS.—One third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments, bonds with good security to be given and the title retained as ultimate security.

JOHN H. BAYLOR, Trustee.

Aug. 30, 1859.

MILL IRON.—Mill Iron of all sizes, just received at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

IRON RAILING.—Iron Railing for Cemetery lots, just received at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER'S

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

VELVET RIBBONS.—Velvet ribbons of all widths, just received at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER'S

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

1 Lot of Iron Machinery fitted up at the work shop of the Staunton Foundry

A. J. GARBER & CO.

STELLA SHAWLS.—A large supply just received at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

PHALONS, Joses and Betchelor's HAIR DYE at

P. H. TROUT & CO'S

Staunton, Sept. 6, '59. Drug Str.

PRIVATE SALES.

MONTEVIDIO, IN NELSON COUNTY, VA., FOR SALE.—As the Agent of the Heirs of Dr. Hall I will privately this fine plantation, containing 500 Acres. Two hundred acres are cleared, fifty acres of which are another one hundred years. The high lands are of good quality, and the bottoms are of a character to compare favorably with any land in the county. The improvements are a comfortable DWELLING, good Barn and other out houses. There are two never failing springs of the purest water, and a fine meadow, from which 40 tons of hay were cut last year. Any one wishing to see the premises can do so by calling on the undersigned in Staunton, or on the tenant on the place, who is in charge of the premises. Any one wishing to purchase will find it to their interest to call on the undersigned in Staunton and be shown to land to any person wanting to see it.

TERMS made known on the day of sale. Possession given immediately.

JNO. C. RICHARD, } Exrs
WM. K. RICHARD,

Sept. 13, 1859—3t.

☞ Spectator, Rock. Tenth Legion and Lex. Gazette copy and send account to this office.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Under a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta, entered in the cause of Wenger's Executor vs. Crosthwait, I shall, on the premises, on *Tuesday, the 3rd day of September* next, proceed to offer the real estate publicly, a certain piece of land containing about 31½ Acres, on the main road leading from New Hope to Waynesboro'—adjoining Tom Tonge, on which is a DWELLING HOUSE, Shop Tonge, on which is a DWELLING HOUSE, Shop and Blacksmith Shop, and a tolerable good stand for a blacksmith, and is the same land bought by Jacob Crosthwait of Susannah Wilson.

TERMS.—On a credit of 9, 18 and 24 months, in equal instalments, the purchaser to give bonds and good security, and the title to be retained as ultimate security.

NICHO. K. TROUT, Comr.

Aug. 9, 1859.—tds

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!

HITCHCOCK & OSBORN,

RICHMOND CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE,

No. 213 and 215 Main Street,

(Have constantly on hand

The Largest and best Assorted stock OF CARRIAGES IN THE STATE.

Consisting, in part, of the following STYLES:

Calashes	Phaetons
Coaches	Chaises
Brett Phaeton	Barouches
Six seat Rockways	Buggies
Five seat do	Top Buggies
Four-seat do	do Wagons
Two-seat do	Concord Wagons
Road Sulkeys	Trotting Sulkeys
Slide Seat Buggies	do Wagons
Harnesses and Whips	

It is confidently believed that no stock of Carriages in this or any other market is more worthy of public attention, embracing nearly all the latest styles and improvements that are desirable and will be sold at the lowest possible prices, and warranted the usual length of time. We present our sincere thanks to our patrons for their liberal patronage, and hope to merit a continuance of their favors.

☞ All kinds of Carriage repairs done promptly.

Richmond, March 12 1859—1y

1859. FALL TRADE. 1859.

JAMES WOODHOUSE & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND DEALERS IN PIANO FORTES, GUITARS, VIOLINS, MUSIC, &c.

129 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

BEG leave to call the attention of the public to their stock of Goods, which, already one of the largest in the State, in their line of business, they are now increasing by fresh supplies, which will make it complete in every department, and well worthy the attention of buyers.

They especially invite an examination from the country merchants, confident in believing that they are able to supply their wants to their entire satisfaction.

They can furnish from their Book Binders and Manufactory every description of Blank and Memorandum Book, and at low prices.

Their Wares Rooms are constantly supplied with a large assortment of Piano Fortes of the very best manufacture, which they are willing to sell on reasonable terms.

Orders are respectfully solicited and will be promptly and faithfully attended to.

JAMES WOODHOUSE.

Richmond, Aug 30,1859—tf5

ESTABLISHED 1838.

KEEN, BALDWIN & WILLIANS

ARE now receiving direct from their own manufactory, the largest and most desirable stock of Fall and Winter Clothing they have ever exhibited, and to which addition will be made by every arrival throughout the season.

Their *First Floor* is devoted to the *RETAIL TRADE*, where they are prepared to show at all times a full and complete assortment of the most fashionable goods, gotten up in a style equal to the best Merchant Tailors work and sold at 50 per cent less THAN WORMAN PRICES!!!

Their *Second and Third Floors* are devoted exclusively to the *WHOLESALE TRADE*, and will be found to contain a most extensive and desirable stock of fashionable and well made Clothing, manufactured with great care and with direct reference to the wants of the Merchants of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee.

Devoting the whole of our time to the Manufacture and sale of clothing alone, with longer experience, and more extensive operations and other material advantages, we can and do offer the greatest inducements.

KEEN, BALDWIN & WILLIANS.

Richmond, Aug 16, 1859.—Vind copy.

HARTMAN'S NO 1 AMMONIATED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

Manufactured expressly for the Farmers and Planters of Virginia and North Carolina, by

S. HARTMAN, ... *Richmond, Va.*

THIS Super-Phosphate of Lime contains a large per centage of Ammonia, and is one of the best and cheapest fertilizers ever offered the public, adapted to Wheat, Corn, Oats, Tobacco, and all Vegetables, Grasses, &c., on all the cultivated soils of this country. This Manure produces all the immediate effects of Guano, besides leaving a permanent benefit to the soil. A pamphlet containing a treatise on Super-Phosphate of Lime; with testimonials, certificates &c., furnished with directions for the application, will be sent gratis to any person, on application by mail or otherwise.

This Super Phosphate of Lime is put up securely in barrels for shipment. Six barrels to the ton, at $6 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

The above Fertilizer may be had of Messrs. Gry & Wardell, Staunton, Va. S. HARTMAN

Aug. 30, 1859.

CHINA, QUEENSWARE AND GLASS.

BUTLER, SON & FRANKLIN,

(LATE WM. H. BUTLER)

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS,

79 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

HAVE now in store and will be receiving, in all this month, a large and general assortment of China, Queensware, Glassware, Lamps, Looking-glasses, Castors, and a variety of *Fancy Goods*, which they are offering at *Wholesale and Retail* upon the most favorable terms. We cordially invite merchants of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee to inspect and price our goods, feeling confident that we can offer them such inducements to purchase of us as must secure their orders.

☞ The most careful attention given to packing goods securely and forwarding them with dispatch.

Richmond, Aug. 1859.

RICHMOND MADE CARRIAGES.

KING & LAMBETH,

Franklin St., *One square below Exchange Hotel.*

HAVE on hand a large and fashionable assortment of best quality Carriages consisting of Coaches, Coaches, Chariotees, Barouches, Rockaways, Slide Seat Buggies, Top Buggies and Buggies without tops.

Our work is manufactured by first class workmen, and of the best materials, and we pledge ourselves to furnish our friends and the public with any description of CARRIAGE on as good terms as it can be purchased elsewhere.

Gentlemen and Ladies are invited to call and examine our assortment of Carriages before purchasing, as we are confident we will make it to their interest to deal with us.

ALFRED KING,
THOS. H. LAMBETH.

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y

China, Glass & Earthenware,

NO. 117, MAIN STREET,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

I HEREBY THE public generally, that I am now in receipt of my FALL STOCK or GOODS, larger and more varied than it has ever before been; embracing Decorated and gold Band Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets; Plates, Bowls, Pitchers, Ornaments, &c., &c. Also White China and Granite of the best shapes and styles in sets and by the single piece. My stock for the Wholesale Trade has been replenished with great care, and I feel assured, that I can sell as low as any respecting I ouse in the United States, as I receive my goods direct from the manufacturer.

A call is respectfully solicited.

Richmond, July 26, 1859—1y. O. B. TAYLOR.

1859. NEW AND LARGE STOCK. 1859

OF FINE SPRING CLOTHING,

NOW ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT

No. 119 Main St., Richmond Va.

J. D. GOODMAN & CO. are now prepared to supply the wants of their customers and the public generally with all the new Spring styles of CLOTHING comprising Dress Suits, Business do. of every variety of style, new Spring Overcoats, Furnishing Goods, &c. Stock varied and complete, embracing many new and novel styles. We know no competition in soliciting an examination of our stock which we have manufactured for a continued liberal patronage, guaranteeing in quality, workmanship style, fit and price full satisfaction.

Richmond, March 22, 1859.

J. W. NIPE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries, Wines, Liquors & Segars,

RICHMOND VA.

I HAVE taken the House, No. 119 Main street, a few doors below the St. Charles Hotel, formerly occupied by Thos. Jones & Co., where I intend to conduct a General Commission, Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Business, and shall be pleased to receive a continuance of that patronage which has been so liberally bestowed upon me for the last two years.

Richmond, Feb. 8, 1859.—1y. J. W. NIPE.

SALE OF LIVE STOCK.—The undersigned have procured the services of H. H. Crockett, for the purpose of selling LIVE STOCK in the country generally, who, with L. S. Irvine, will be to that market on the 1st of Sep. tember next, prepared to give their faithful attention to all business confided to them; and feel confident from their long experience in the business of giving entire satisfaction.

JOHN CROUSE,
L. S. IRVINE

Richmond, August 15, 1859—2m.

DAVID N. JONES, AGENT,

MANUFACTURER OF

DOUBLE REFINED STEAM CANDLES

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CONFECTIONERIES, DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN FRUITS, PICKLES, Cigars, Chewing Tobacco &c.,

No. 72 Main St., Richmond, Va.

March 29, 1859.

POWERS'

NEW STYLE

"PEARL AMBROTYPES,"

No. 161 Main Street,

RICHMOND.

OLD Platinum Gilded Frames, colored in all or water colors. Large size Ambrotypes 50 cents to $25. Pearls Street, &c.

March 29, 1859.

H. M. SPENCE,

Merchant Tailor,

[illegible] Main Street, [illegible] Richmond, Va.

Richmond, July 26, 1859.

MISCELLANEOUS.

POWLE & CO., Alexandria, Va., IMPORTERS OF GUANO, PLASTER, SALT, SEGARS, MOLASSES, &c. &c.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

Just received, per ships "Nerva," Templeman "Silver Star," and "Charles Ward," direct from the Chincha Islands, 5700 TONS of PERUVIAN GUANO, which they offer to their customers at lowest rates.

SOMMERRO GUANO.

Direct from the Island of Sombrero. This is the richest Phosphatic Guano known.

BOLA BLE PHOSPHATED GUANO.

Manufactured by Dr. R. H. Stabler, of this city, and warranted to contain 8 per cent of Ammonia, and 45 per cent soluble Bone Phosphates. Also,

REEDS ISLAND, &c.

CALIFORNIA GUANO,
JARVIS ISLAND, and
MEXICAN GUANO

CUBA MOLASSES

Dark Strap Cuba Molasses, landing.

PORTLAND SUGARS AND SYRUP

175 bbls A A Portland Sugars

Portland Syrup at New York prices.

SOFT WINDSOR BLUE PLASTER.

[illegible] Tons just received, per Brig "Mary H." from "Adriatic," and "George Deering," from Windsor N. S.

LIVERPOOL COARSE AND FINE SALT.

Now in store and landing,

2500 sacks Coarse } SALT
1500 " Fine "Ashton Fine."

Expected shortly by Ships "St. Charles," direct from Liverpool. All offered low to the trade.

The above articles being of direct or indirect importation, they are enabled to offer them at as low rates as they can be had in any market in the country.

Alexandria, Aug 25, 1859.

VIRGINIA CENTRAL R. ROAD.

Mail and Passenger Train Going East.

LEAVES Staunton Daily at ..... 6.35 A. M.
Leaves Waynesboro' Daily at ..... 7.09 "

Going West.

Leaves Waynesboro' Daily at ..... 1.40 P. M.
" Staunton daily (except Sunday) at 2.40 "

FREIGHT TRAIN WITH PASSENGER CAR ATTACHED.

Going West.

Leaves Waynesboro' Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at ..... 7.30 A. M.
Leaves Staunton same days at ..... 9.25 "

Going East.

Leaves Jackson's River on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at ..... 5.15 A. M.
Leaves Staunton for Greenwood same days, 9.40 "

Mail Train going East connects at Gordonsville with trains on Orange and Alexandria Railroad for Washington, Baltimore, &c., and at Richmond with trains for Petersburg, Lynchburg, &c., same day. Trains going West connect at Goshen with stages to Lexington, at Millboro' with stages for Warm Springs, Rockbridge Alum, &c. and at Jackson's River with Stages for White Sulphur, Lewisburg, &c.

THOS. DODAMEAD, Gen'l Supt.

Aug 30, 1859.

BATH ALUM SPRINGS, VA.

10 MILES FROM MILLBORO' DEPOT, VA. C. R. R.

HAVING taken charge of this establishment I am prepared to accommodate boarders in a degree of solid comfort that will not be surpassed in the mountains this season. My experience in the management of the old or Warm Springs, and more recently the Washington House, Lynchburg, may afford some guaranty to the public of my disposition to please my guests.

The Bath Alum is admirably constructed and equipped—is an elevated region at the eastern base of the Warm Spring mountain, enjoying an atmosphere unsurpassed for salubrity and having a variety of Mineral Waters, Alum and Chalybeate, as excellent in their kind as any other in the State, and the purest mountain freestone.

TERMS:—Per day $2; per week, $10; per month of four weeks, $35.

Excellent music from a New York band provided, and Ten Pin Alley, and other amusements, *without charge* to the guests of the house.

On these terms, and with a determination to please, I hope to fill the rooms early and to keep full to the last day of the season.

H. SNEAD.

June 21, 1859.

A PLEASANT SUMMER RESORT.

BUFFALO GAP HOUSE.

THIS well known ~~Mountain Resort~~, 3½ miles west of Staunton, on the Central Railroad, is open for the accommodation of travellers and visitors. Persons wishing to spend the heat of Summer in a cool quiet way cannot find a more suitable place in all Virginia. It is easy of access—the Cars of the Central Railroad passing by it every day. The house is large and convenient, surrounded by the most beautiful mountain scenery. Fine Springs of Freestone, Sulphur, Chalybeate and Alum water convenient. Dutch Knob, the highest mountain in Virginia, is visited by hundreds from this place.

A good TEN PIN ALLEY, with good order (no whiskey) and every attention to the comfort of visitors.

Board per week, $7; per month $25; children and servants half price.

Post Office, Swoope's Depot, Augusta Co., Va.

June 23, 1859. P. HERRING, PROPRIETOR.

BRICK FOR SALE.—The undersigned having associated themselves together in the BRICK-MAKING AND LAYING BUSINESS, take this method of informing the public that they have now on hand and will keep constantly on hand an assortment of GOOD BRICK, which they will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere. Brick furnished and laid on the shortest notice. One dollar can always be found at our yard for the first tolt. Office on the Winchester road, about one-fourth of a mile from town

Always good LIME on hand at the yard.

Staunton, July 14, 1859.

PLASTER.—The Staunton Steam Mills Co. is receiving and will continue to receive large supplies of best Windsor Plaster, and will keep the same constantly on hand during the fall and winter, and for sale *for Cash only.*

Farmers of Augusta and neighboring counties may rely upon being able to procure their Plaster, fresh ground, and in any quantities, *at prices below those of former seasons*, by application to

RICHARDSON, Sup't.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859. S. S. Mills Co.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.—We have just received from Baltimore Sugar Refinery,

15 bbls Crushed Sugar,
15 " Coffee "
15 " Granulated and Powdered do.,
10 " Yellow do.,
10 " Syrup and Molasses,

Which we offer to the trade at very low figures for Cash.

TAYLOR & BOGE.

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

NEW TOBACCONIST.—I have taken the store room lately occupied by Wm. Barkman, and immediately opposite the Virginia Hotel, where I intend to keep constantly of TOBACCO, SEGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, and all articles usually kept in a wholesale and retail Tobacco Store. By prompt attention to business, and determination to give entire satisfaction, I hope to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

C. S. JENKINS.

Staunton, Feb. 1, 1859.

BUY THE WAMSUTTA PRINTS.

They are the Best CALICOES yet offered to the public for the money.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:

DEFOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,

NEW YORK.

June 28, 1859.—6m

REMOVAL.—On Wednesday, the 31st inst., the subscriber will remove his *JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT* from his present stand to the room on Main Street, lately occupied by Mr. David S. Berry, and the next door to the Drug Store of Messrs. Trout & Co. His customers are respectfully invited to notice the change, and call at the new stand. A. LANG.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

JUST IN SEASON FOR PICKLING.—All kinds of SPICES, such as White, Black, Red and Long Pepper, Ginger, Nutmegs, Mace, Turmeric Celery Seed, for sale at DR. W. B. YOUNG'S

Staunton, July 19, 1859. Drug Store.

COPAL, COACH AND JAPAN VARNISHES of the best quality. Also PAINTS and OILS of all kinds, for sale low by

DR. H. S. EICHELBERGER.

Staunton, March 8, 1859.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS for Medical use. Just received Pure native and foreign Grape Juice, Brandy, Porter, &c., for Medical purposes, at

DR. W. B. YOUNG'S.

Staunton, July 19, 1859.

CHAMPION KEYSTONE CIDER MILLS.—We have just received a new stock of the above Cider Mills, which gave great general satisfaction last season.

WOODS & GILKESON.

Staunton, Aug 30, 1859

CORSETS, FRINGES, BUTTONS, GLOVES English and American Prints, Bleached and Brown Goods, Cloths and Cassimeres, at

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER'S

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859.

TEAS. We have in store and for sale a very superior lot of Teas, just received from the Pekin Tea Company. Call and examine.

P. N. POWELL & CO.,
Union Hall Building.

Staunton, Sept. 7, '58

ATTENTION OFFICERS.—Military Cloth, Swords, Sashes and Epaulets, at low prices, by

CRAWFORD & COCHRAN.

Staunton, April 19 1859

PAPER HANGINGS. Wall Papers, Fire board Prints, Window Curtains, &c. just received and for sale by

ROBT. COWAN

Staunton, May 17, 1859.

CORN MEAL. For sale in large or small quantities at the STAUNTON STEAM MILLS at market prices. Apply to

S. A. RICHARDSON, Sup't

May 31, '59.

COXES' Gelatine, American Isinglass, French do. Receive do., for sale by

P. H. TROUT & CO.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

1000 LBS. CINCINNATI SUGAR CURED CANVASSED HAMS just received and for sale by

TAYLOR & BOGE.

Staunton, Aug. 16, '59.

MOTHERS BREAST CLOTHS—to relieve pain and prevent the Outbend Breast.

Staunton, Sept. 6, '59. P. H. TROUT & CO.

30 OZS. of Sulphate Quinine, just received at

P. H. TROUT & COTS.

Staunton, Aug. 30, 1859.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

The New Hat and Cap Store,

No. 107, Main Street,

NOW OPEN

ELLETT & WEISIGER have received and opened their large full, complete and well selected stock of Goods, to which they invite the attention of their friends and the public. They feel assured that they can satisfy the wants of the most fastidious. Their stock embraces every variety of Goods in all departments of their business.

The examination of the country merchants they especially solicit. To this branch of their business they are satisfied that they can offer inducements both in regard to extent, variety and price, which cannot fail to please.

Mr. J. L. Hutchinson, formerly of Union, Monroe County, Va., and late in the house of Ginter, Kent & Alvey, is interested in our business, and will devote to it his valuable services.

ELLETT & WEISIGER

A CARD. It will be seen by the above that I am interested in the business of Messrs Ellett & Weisiger. I respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends, pledging to them all the advantages which are promised in the above advertisement. Their wants or her in person or by order, shall at all times receive my careful attention.

JOHN L. HUTCHINSON

Richmond, March 1, 1859

WALSH'S GUN AND PISTOL DEPOT.

GUNS, PISTOLS, FISHING TOOLS, FIRE WORKS, SPORTING APPARATUS, WALKING CANES, &c. JAMES WALSH, Manufacturer and Importer of Rifles, Guns, Pistols, &c. invites the attention of Merchants, and Sportsmen to his extensive and well selected assortment of goods of every description to the Gunnery line, which he will sell at the lowest possible prices, and on the most accommodating terms. Colts celebrated FIVE SHOOTER, and every description of Fire Arms kept constantly. Also Ammunition Percussion Caps, &c.

He has in store, also, a choice assortment of Canes of various styles and colors.

He will repair all kinds of Fire Arms neatly, quickly, and substantially, mount Canes, refit and repair door and trunk locks at reasonable prices. Call at his store, No. 80 Main street, Richmond, Va.

JAMES WALSH,
Maker and Importer of Guns, &c.

Richmond, March 16, 1859—1y

1859. FALL TRADE. 1859.

SMITH, RHODES & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS,

SADDLERY ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTH &c. &c.

No. 22, Pearl St., Richmond, Va.

HAVE now in Store and daily receiving an elegant assortment of goods selected and purchased principally for cash direct from the manufacturers, and selected with especial reference to the wants of the trade of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee, and they would respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and Saddlers visiting this market to an examination of the same, confidently assuring them that they can meet their extensive facilities, and will sell their goods on equal terms with any regular House, North or South.

Their stock comprises a full and extended varie ty of Fine and Heavy Hardware, Tools, Building materials, Saddlery, Hardware, Patent and Enameled Leather, Hog Skins, &c., Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Webbing, Chains, Harness, Bolting Cloth, Twine and Tacks, and Cutlery a large assortment styles and qualities.

Richmond, Aug 16, 1859—1y.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING FOR 1859.

WE are getting in a splendid stock of GOODS, and invited all who need any article in our line to call and examine them, consisting in part of—

Slide Stripe Cassimere Coats and Sacks,
with Pants and Vests to match,
Black Cloth and Cassimere Frocks and Sacks;
Black Cassimere Pants;
Black Satinet and Grenadine Silk Vests,
(a slight article for Spring);
Brown, White and Check Sidestriped Linen and Marseilles Cassimere Pants and Vests;
A large lot of Furnishing Goods;
Marseilles, White and Colored Shirts, Drawers, Socks, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Gloves, Ties and Suspenders.

All of which we call the attention of Buyers to before purchasing elsewhere. Our stock is replenished weekly which enables us always to offer the most desirable styles at the very lowest market prices.

N. STOCKSDALE & SON,

144 Main St., 5 doors below Ex. Bank,

March 15, 1859—1y. Richmond, Va.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Main St., Opposite the Custom House,

RICHMOND, VA.

ALEX. DUVAL, PROPRIETOR.

THE subscriber having recently taken this Hotel, respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public generally.

The House is located in the most desirable part of the City, on Main Street, opposite the new Custom House, only half a square from the Farmer's, Virginia and Exchange Banks, and within a few minutes walk of the Capitol. His accommodations are of the first order and not surpassed by that of any other House.

His tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and will at all times be furnished with the best of everything that the market can supply.

Omnibuses will always be found at the different depots to convey passengers and baggage to the Hotel.

ALEXANDER DUVAL.

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y*

Exchange and Banking House of

C. W. PURCELL & CO.,

Richmond, Va.

WE offer our services to Presidents and Contractors on the different lines of internal improvements throughout the State, for the collection of debts due by the State and for its conversion into and sale of Virginia State Stock. Having every facility for selling, we are prepared to make liberal advances on Stock till sold. *Our charge will be moderate.* We also offer our services to our friends in the country for the purchase of Virginia State, Bank, and every description of Stocks, at the current market rate, with out any charge of Commission.

Orders for stock either for the purchase or sale of any security will meet our prompt attention, and will be attended to on as good terms as though the parties sending were present.

C. W. PURCELL & CO.

Richmond, Oct. 19, 1858.—1y

O. H. CHALKLEY,

DEALER IN

LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, OIL,

TANNER'S TOOLS, &c.,

AND IMPORTER OF

FRENCH CALF SKINS,

13th Street, between Main and Cary,

RICHMOND, VA.

IS now in receipt of a large and excellent stock of goods appertaining to his business, to which he invites the attention of all in want, as they will be sold VERY LOW FOR CASH, or to approved credit.

O. H. CHALKLEY.

Richmond, Mar. 15, 1859.—1y

THOMAS J. BAGBY,

GENERAL AGENT

For Hiring Negroes, Renting Houses, COLLECTING CLAIMS, &c.

All business entrusted to my care attended to personally.

Office No. 8, Wall st., near Ex. Bank, Richmond, Virginia.

Refers to Messrs. Chas. T. Wortham & Co., Tinsley, Tardy & Williams, Hunt & Brother, S. McGruder & Sons, and H. S. Ellyson, of Richmond.

April 19, 1859—tf.

READER! DO YOU WANT A SMALL STEEL of fine marking Clothing? If so, call at A. E. GRAHAM'S and leave your order. If you live in the country, you need not be deterred. Send one dollar and you will receive, by return mail, the Plate, bottle of Ink, and everything complete, post paid; also Brands for marking every description of merchandize made to order.

A. E. GRAHAM, Brand Cutter,

Drug Store 13th street, Richmond, Va.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!—E. GATHRIGHT, manufacturer, Beds and Bedding, having recently built a new building on Governor street, between Main and Franklin, has on hand a large and well selected stock of the best style and workmanship, a large portion of which is made by his own orders. He pledges himself to sell all articles in his line, for cash, for less money than that can be bought elsewhere in the city. Please call and look before you purchase elsewhere.

E. GATHRIGHT.

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y

WORD & WEISIGER,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

No. 12 Pearl St., Richmond, Va.,

HAVE their Spring Stock of Clothing complete, embracing the largest, best assorted and cheapest stock they have ever offered to the trade.

They respectfully call the attention of Merchants to their stock, feeling confident they can offer as many inducements as any house in this country.

Richmond, March 15 1859—1aS

F. R. BAUGH,

WITH

WADSWORTH, TURNER & CO.,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

15 Pearl Street

J. B. WADSWORTH, D. D. TURNER, A. S. BAUGH, } RICHMOND, VA

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y

G. S. LOWNES & CO.,

Ornamental Iron Railings,

BALCONIES, VERANDAS, GRATES, FENDERS, &C.,

SAFES! Second hand safes for sale cheap. Remember the number—144 *Main Street, near Seventh, Richmond, Va.*

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y

MITCHELL & TYLER,

DEALERS IN

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Silver and Plated Ware,

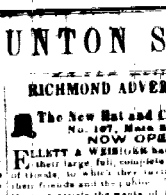
MILITARY AND FANCY GOODS,

RICHMOND, VA.

Richmond, March 22, 1859—1y*

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pianos! Pianos!! Pianos!!!



GOLD MEDALS IN THREE SUCCESSIVE years at the Maryland Institute, besides first premiums at Fairs in Philadelphia, Washington and Richmond.

TESTIMONIALS OF EXCELLENCE FROM THALBERG,

STRAKOSCH, and G. SATTER.

As also from some of the most eminent Professors and amateurs in the country.

WM KNABE & CO.,

1, 3, 5 and 7 North Eutaw Street,

and No. 207 Baltimore St., between Charles & Light, would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their well assorted stock of

GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES,

which, for beauty of finish, power and sweetness of tone and elasticity of touch, have been, by judges, pronounced unrivalled. Every Piano guaranteed for five years and a privilege of exchange granted at any time within six months, if not entirely satisfactory.

Terms Liberal. A call is respectfully solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

Pianos taken in exchange, hired, tuned and repaired.

WM. KNABE & CO

NOTICE.—The undersigned would respectfully state that he has now taken charge of WILLIAM KNABE & CO'S. PIANO FORTE SALES ROOM, No. 207 Baltimore street, between Charles and Light sts. Having had thirteen years' practical experience in the manufacturing of PIANOS, he flatters himself that he understands the various qualities necessary to constitute a superior Piano Forte in tone and durability—a knowledge only to be acquired by experience. He would, therefore, be pleased to serve his friends and the public generally in the selection of instruments to suit the taste of each customer. The usual guaranty is given with every Piano sold. For particulars, write for the circular of the Factory.

LEOPOLD GOEBEL,

At Wm. Knabe & Co's Salesroom.

No. 207 Baltimore st., between Charles and Light.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1859.

DR. BAAKEE

TREATS ALL DISEASES.

DR. BAAKEE will also give special attention to the following diseases:—Coughs, Colds Consumption, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the Nose, Mouth, Throat and Lungs. Attention given to the treatment of all skin diseases—Lumbago, Lumbar Sciatica, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Apoplexy, Dyspepsia, Piles, Costiveness, and all derangements of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels; also, all Chronic Diseases pertaining to women and children. Dr. Baakee can produce one thousand certificates of his perfect success in curing Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, Fistulas, Swellings of Tumors of every description, and without the use of the knife. These last named Diseases cannot be treated by correspondence, therefore, the patient must place themselves under the personal supervision.

Dr. Baakee has made a new discovery of a Fluid that will produce perfect absorption of the cataract, and restore perfect vision to the Eye without the use of the knife or needle, and cures all diseases of the EYES and EARS, without the use of the Knife and he has constantly on hand an excellent assortment of beautiful ARTIFICIAL EYES, AND TEMPORARY EAR DRUMS, suitable for either Sex and all ages—inserted in five minutes.

Dr. Baakee is one of the most skilful and celebrated Physicians and Surgeons now living. His fame is known personally in every principal city of the World.

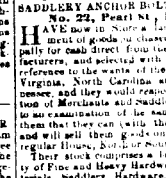
All letters containing ten cents, directed to Dr. Baakee, asking any questions pertaining to any disease shall be promptly answered, and all Chronic Diseases can be treated by correspondence, except those mentioned that will require his personal supervision.

☞ Office Hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

DR. BAAKEE.

Office, No. 74 Lexington street, between Charles and Liberty streets, Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore, Aug. 9, 1859.—1y.



ARTISTS', PAINTERS' AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' DEPOT.

THE subscriber, has constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of materials for the use of **Artists, Painters and Photographers.** Also on hand a large assortment of STEREOSCOPIC INSTRUMENTS and VIEWS embracing every variety of Foreign and American Landscapes, Statuary, Paintings and Rare Groups, &c. The beauty and interest of the Stereoscopic Views upon the parlor table furnish a never ending source of entertainment both to visitors and the home circle.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied on the most liberal terms.

W. A. WILSONG,

No. 2, N. Liberty Street, Baltimore, Md.

June 28, 1859—1y.

JOHN WILSON,

ESTABLISHED 1807---RETIRED 1853.

JOHN E. WILSON, AGENT, the surviving partner of JOHN WILSON & SON, *No. 14 Baltimore Street, near the Bridge*, now removed to N. W. Corner HOWARD AND CAMDEN STREETS, nearly opposite Camden Station, BALTIMORE.

☞ Constantly on hand and for sale, Old Wines, Brandies, Old Rye, Bourbon Whiskey, &c., in Wood or Draught and Bottles

1852. Old Diploma Rye Whiskey. 1852.

THE DIPLOMA OF THE MARYLAND INSTITUTE for the Promotion of Mechanic Arts, to John E Wilson, of Baltimore for best OLD RYE WHISKEY, exhibited at the Exhibition of Articles of American Manufacture, held in the City of Baltimore, on the 1st day of October, 1852.

JOSHUA VANSANT, PRESIDENT.

G. H. Howe, Secretary.

The Old Diploma Rye Whiskey.—Together with selections from the choicest stocks of RYE WHISKEY in Allegheny, Washington and other counties in Maryland, ranging in price from 75 cts., $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2 per gallon, constantly on hand and for sale by bbls, half bbls, demijohns, gallon and single bottle, at the *"DIPLOMA OLD RYE WHISKEY WAREHOUSE*, Cor. Howard & Camden Sts., nearly opposite the passenger station of the B. & O. R. R.

Call and examine. Orders solicited and promptly executed by the Agent,

JOHN E. WILSON.

Baltimore Aug. 9, 1859—1y.

L. H. MILLER'S

FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

Bank Locks, Vaults, Doors, &c.,

MANUFACTURED IN BALTIMORE.

PERSONS in want of these articles will find it much to their advantage to purchase from the manufacturer where they can find a large stock, and have any they desire built to order at a low price.

Miller's safes and Bank Securities have long been manufactured in New England where they are considered indisputable truthers who want perfect protection from Fire and Thieves.

For prices, sizes &c., send for a circular. Parties ordering safes are requested to return them at my expense if not perfectly satisfactory.

L. H. MILLER, 159 North Street,

Opposite Calvert Station Baltimore.

Baltimore, June 23, 1859—1y

RIBBONS, MILLINERY & STRAW GOODS.

FALL AND WINTER, 1859.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Ribbons, Bonnet Silks and Satins Velvets, Roche, Flowers, Feathers, Crape Bonnets, Flats, &c.,

237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore St., Balt., Md.

OFFER a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

☞ Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

☞ Terms 6 months if per cent off for Cash, par funds.

Balt., Aug. 16, 1859—1aS

J. WEATHERBY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL dealer in Chilson's Furnaces Brick and Portable, Cooking Stoves of every description with Furniture and Cook Ware Shell, Blue and Office STOVES Franklin Air-Tight Bar Room and Cannon Stoves, Fetzour Heating and Latrobe Stoves.

☞ Orders from the country respectfully solicited.

☞ Merchants supplied on the most reasonable terms. J. WEATHERBY & CO.,

40 & 42, Baltimore St., one door from Lombard Street, Baltimore.

August 16, 1859—4iJas.

JESSE SARDEN,

SCALE MAKER,

South East Cor. Charles & Baltimore Sts.,

BALTIMORE

Baltimore, April 1, 1859.—1y.

100 NEGROES WANTED.—I will pay in cash the highest market price for healthy young NEGROES for the Southern market. Persons having such for sale will find it to their interest to call on me before selling, by letter or otherwise at Waynsboro', Augusta County, Virginia.

JOHN R. SMITH.

July 26, 1859—6mo.*

PHYSICIANS can always be supplied with a full assortment of Medicines of the same quality at DR. H. S. EICHELBERGER'S.

Staunton, Jan 28, '59.

WE have just received a good supply of Bleached and Brown Domestics

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1859. TAYLOR & BOGE.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE CITIZENS OF STAUNTON.

DENNIS & BROTHER,

DYERS!

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

BEG to inform the citizens of Staunton and vicinity, that they are now prepared to execute every description of Silk Cotton or Woollen DYEING or CLEANSING as well as can be done in New York, or elsewhere. We have new Machinery and the very best of Workmen, and guarantee to give satisfaction to our patrons. Merino Silk and Delain Dresses dyed into fashionable colors, to suit the taste of the owners; Shawls of every description dyed and cleansed; Crape Shawls dyed Scarlet, Crimson or other colors equal to imported; Velvet dyed nearly equal to new; Silk Dresses cleaned, and grease or wine stains removed. We intend to do our work equal to any establishment in the United States, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Staunton and vicinity.

N. B.—*Gentlemen's Garments* cleaned and dyed to look like new.

DENNIS & BRO.,

Successors to J. W. Hinze,

Franklin St., opposite Metropolitan Hall,

Richmond, May 5, 1858. Richmond, Va.

SPRING TRADE, 1859.

CRENSHAW, QUARLES & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

European and American Dry Goods,

229 Broad Street.

JUST received—

Elegant Dress Goods, Shawls, Manullas, Embroideries, Skirts, Paracols, Prints, Ginghams, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Damasks, Irish Linens, Table Cloths, Marseilles Spreads,

Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings,

Cottonades, Heavy Linen Ducks,

Pentitentiary Plaids, Colored and White Osnaburgs,

And all the various styles usually kept in a first class Dry Goods House.

We shall continue to receive throughout the season all the new designs that are manufactured in Europe and our own country, in order to present to the trade, at all times the most desirable goods in market.

CRENSHAW, QUARLES & CO.,

Richmond, March 8, 1859. 229 Broad Street.

G. W. MINNIS

Photograph and Fine Art Galleries,

No. 197, Main St., Richmond, Opp. Custom House, and Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

HAVING furnished myself with every facility for getting up pictures of all kinds, in the most artistic style, I feel assured that I can satisfy the most critical taste. I wish the people of Virginia to be advised of the fact—which is not generally known—that at either of my Galleries they can procure any style of picture that can be gotten in New York or any other Northern city. I am taking life-size Photographs which are colored in Oil, by which means a perfect likeness and a most beautiful picture is secured. The same effect can be produced from small Daguerreotypes or Miniatures which, for effect and durability, equal the best Portraits; small size Photographs, colored in water colors, making a softness and delicacy of hues, highly pleasing; and in Ambrotyping I think I can exhibit specimens which are the very perfection of the art.

Richmond, Sept. 21, 1858—1y

TO MERCHANTS.

W. PETERSON;

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

155 Main Street, Corner of 12th,

RICHMOND, VA.

INVITES the attention of wholesale buyers to his large stock, embracing all articles in his line—consisting in part of—

Superior Indigo	Epsom Salts
Extract Logwood	Varnishes
Dye Woods	Window Glass
Madder	Paints, Oils
Alum, Borax	White Lead
Cop