

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1860.

VOL. XXXVII.

Staunton Spectator.

JOB A. WARDWELL, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR GOVERNOR.
GABRIEL MIRSH!
FOR LIEUT. GOV.
RICHARD BARTON.

NOTWITHSTANDING the failure of the Atlantic Cable to connect up to the establishments of some of the principal cities of the Old and New World, yet GABRIEL MIRSH! has been engaged to be a speaker in the country, for the purpose of exciting a greater interest with all mankind, has extended it as far as the city of Staunton, where it is performing some of the most important functions of the day. In the way of exhibition at his old residence, he has exhibited the largest and most complete STORE OF GOODS ever brought to this market. The greatest wonder, however, of all the exhibits is the collection of children, who are called YOUNG MIRSH!, who are now to be seen in the window, where the prettiest maid in the country is always to be found engaged in Keeping Watches and Jewelry.

\$100,000.00 offered him this place, is still in the hands of a company of speculators in Staunton, ready to be handed over to any one who will bring forward a superior workman in his line.

G. H. RICHARDSON.

Oct. 15, 1860.

CONFESSIONERY ESTABLISHMENT!!!

CHOCOLATE VARIETIES STAND FOR THE SEASON AT THE

W.M. T. MOUNT, Main St., Staunton, Va.

MAGNUS S. COASE

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the public to his new establishment of **FALL GOODIES**, which is now ready and open, consisting of Water, Sausage and Soda Crackers, Puff Pastry, Figs, Currents, Citrus, Dates, Prunes, English Walnuts, Filberts, Almonds, Peaches, Nectarines, Grapes, Pears, Apples, and a variety of other delicacies, also **Apple Fudge**, **French Candies**, **Cakes** and **Toys**.

Wedding parties furnished at the shortest notice, also **Wedding Cakes** and **Tableaux**.

Also **Fresh Peaches**, **Lobsters**, **Pickles**, **Catchups**, **Ac.**

He will sell on reasonable terms, and respectfully invite all to call.

W.M. T. MOUNT, Main St., Staunton, Va.

Oct. 15, 1860.

CARDS.

MARKEWOOD & GRAVES,

FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

Opposite the Marble House,

Main St., Staunton, Va.

Would inform their friends and the public generally, that they are now prepared to make

work suitable to them in the most

reasonable style.

As they have had the practice of six years to CUTTERS, they feel confident of pleasing any who may favor them with their custom, and they hope by prompt attention to business to merit a liberal share of patronage.

Staunton, Sept. 6, 1860.

JAS. H. MCVEIGH & SON,

(Successors to McVeigh & Chamberlain.)

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Liquors, Wine, Tomatoes, Sodas, &c.

FRINCE STREET WHARF,

ALLEGRA, VA.

March 20, 1860.—15.

Western Virginia

MARBLE WORKS,

AT STAUNTON,

AND HARRISONBURG.

MARQUIS & KELLY.

Staunton, April 7, 1860.

JOHN C. COCHRAN,

COCHRAN & COCHRAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AT STAUNTON,

AND HARRISONBURG.

Marshall's old stand, Optic Va. Hotel.

Staunton, Oct. 11, 1860.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

P. H. TROUT & CO.

We are receiving a large stock of Druggists,

A. McAllister, Palms Oil, &c., which

we have to sell to save articles in

favorable terms. Their stock of PHARMACEUTICAL INSTRUMENTS is very large, embracing all instruments used in the practice of medicine, including a complete set of Facci, Aspinall, Brashears, Fiss, Purkyn, &c., ever brought to this market.

Staunton, March 5, 1860.

DE RODERICK, ARTHURSON & CO.

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS,

80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y.

We could supply the Trade with all kinds of

Wool and Winter Clothing, and abundantly

show that my cargo of Goods did arrive safely, and includes the greatest variety of well known cloths ever brought to this market.

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DE RODERICK, ARTHURSON & CO.</b

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA.

TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1860.

THE STAUNTON SPECTATOR has no political bias or partiality; it is a newspaper of facts, and its editor has no superior in knowledge of history or in the selection of topics as an advertising medium.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The Convention and the Task.

The Convention of the Constitutional Union Party, which assembled in Baltimore last week, has presented to the country, an candidate for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States, the distinguished gentlemen whom names stand at the head of our columns. John Bell, of Tennessee, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, are known in all sections of the country as the representatives of a party founded for the purpose of bringing together all national and conservative men who love the Constitution and the Union. They are statesmen of ability, integrity and enlarged patriotism, in whose hands the rights and interests of every section will be protected; and as such, will receive, we trust, the cordial support of all who desire to avoid a purely sectional issue in the approaching Presidential election. So far as our humble influence extends, we shall use it in their behalf, from the solemn conviction that nothing but the success of such men can save the country from continual discord, and perhaps disunion.

We had the pleasure of witnessing the proceedings of the Baltimore Convention, and truly it was a refreshing scene. We breathed the atmosphere of a pure patriotism, and felt our hopes for the purity of our institutions revive, when we saw men from every section of the vast expanse saluting their hands and their hearts upon the common platform of the Constitution and the Union. No differences of opinion existed among that band of earnest patriots, or if there were diversities of sentiment upon abstract questions, they sank into insignificance when compared with the grand objects of national importance, for which the Convention assembled. Consequently nothing occurred to interrupt the cordial concurrence of men who were brethren, and it was indeed pleasant to see them dwell together in so much harmony and peace.

Our readers will find elsewhere in this paper a synopsis of the proceedings of the Convention. The conclusion to which all parties must come in, is that with such a ticket as we present to the country, selected by so large and respectable a body of able men from all sections, we need not despair of the Republic. Let the standard borne by John Bell and Edward Everett be the rallying point of all who love the Union and the Constitution, and all will yet be well.

American Tract Society.

The annual business meeting of the American Tract Society was held in New York city, on Wednesday last; the Hon. Wm. C. Alexander, one of the Vice Presidents, in the chair. The subject of slavery was introduced as a matter of course. A Rev. Mr. Watson, of Chicago, offered a resolution in favor of issuing tracts "warning forth the injury of the African slave trade," and delivered a strong anti-slavery speech. But the Rev. Mr. Lee, of Brooklyn, turned the tables upon Mr. Watson. He moved that the Executive Committee be directed to publish tracts against the evils of abolitionism, which was received with unanimous applause and laughter. Without giving Mr. Watson another chance, the meeting then adjourned till next year.

The Magistrate.

One of the most important offices to be filled at the coming election, is that of Justice of the Peace. The good order of the community and the general interest of the people are committed in a large degree to the Magistracy; and the County Court is a legislative as well as judicial body. It should be composed of intelligent, upright and firm men; but such men are generally destined to present themselves as candidates for the office, and they should be sought out by the people. We trust that the people of this country will, in casting their votes, discard every consideration but that of personal fitness for the office.

Washington Review.

We have just received the April No. of this publication, issued in this country by Messrs. L. & C. Co., of New York. The contents are—*Vita Religiosa*, Manila and Venice in 1848—*The Slave of War*, Pinckney and his Times, Georgia, and the Government of Hungary, Parliamentary Debates, Japan, Darwin on the Origin of Species, Contemporary Literature, Critic &c., or the best British Reviews and Blackwood's Magazine for \$10.

Southern Literature.

Mr. John N. Thompson, for several years past "the Southern Literary Messenger," an excellent literary periodical, published at Augusta, Georgia. Mr. George R. Gray, the well-known "Moral Advocate," and a gentleman of fine literary attainments, is now editing the *Messenger*, and will do credit to his high reputation.

Editorial Staff.

Mr. Thompson, nearly opposite the Virginia Hotel, has a large supply of new Spring and Summer books. His trade will be very hard to beat. We would be obliged by Mr. Gray, with a small contribution. He has every variety of style, quality and price to select from. Give him a call.

Editorial Staff.

The Richmond Leader, says the Alessandri family, in an excellent article on the "perfidy of Douglass," deplores their son, and commends him, as it was well, for practising strict economy for going on the way without any expense to many persons, and inured them to the hardships of reading.

Editorial Staff.

At a meeting of the voters of the 2d Military District of the county, held in Middlebrook, on Saturday, the 2d inst., I was nominated as a candidate for the 2d Military District. I beg your most respectfully to decline running for the office. Jas. A. G. Morris.

The Charleston Secession.

The Whig Leader is at work on the proceedings of the Convention. "We have no desire nor inclination to discuss the views, principles and objects of the secessionists who voted in the course of those delegates who concluded in principle with the retiring delegates, and yet, were omitted or delayed to co-operate in their action. It may be that their course was the most prudent." And "But reflecting all this, it continues, "we still vindicate, without reservation or censure, the action of those delegates who have voted in the Convention. Their action was right—right in principle and safe in policy."

"As to the ultimate action to be adopted at Baltimore," it says, "we see but two alternatives presented to the Democratic party. The doctrine of protection in the Territories must be finally rejected or accepted. If it is rejected, as we have already indicated, its rejection will involve the dismemberment of the Democratic party, and a separate nomination of a Democratic candidate on the platform of Constitutional protection will inevitably issue. If it is rejected, then the rejected must be unequivocal. If the delegates who now compose the Convention are willing to yield the point—if they are willing to tolerate the doctrine of Territorial sovereignty, then, by all means, let the issue be presented in the most tangible form—by the nomination of Stephen A. Douglas. Mr. Douglas has taken his position in a fair and open manner, in so far as to honor and assist the host of friends who sustain him and his doctrine, that any compromise candidate shall be allowed to stand by him. Much as we oppose his doctrine of Territorial government, we would infinitely prefer to see him elected on the honest and avowed platform of Territorial sovereignty, rather than witness the election of a man who shall seek to cover the people up a platform speaking one sentiment at the North and another at the South."

The Enquirer acquiesces by appealing to the Convention of Seecessors which meets in Richmond on the 11th of June, to take no decided action until they shall be informed of the measures adopted by the Baltimore Convention on the 16th of that month.

So far as we have observed, the other Democrats of Virginia, with few exceptions, do not agree with the Enquirer, but sustain the course of the Virginia delegation and ensure the Seecessors.

Intelligence has been received of the death of Daniel Harnberger, one of the parties accused of having been connected with the killing of James Desler, of Rockingham. He was drowned in the State of Alabama.

A motion was made to proceed immediately to the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

Mr. Shipp, of Pennsylvania, offered an amendment that each candidate nominates one person for each office, and that the election be made from such nominations.

[Mr.] Randolph, of N. J., here interrupted the proceedings to introduce the venerable Lewis C. Gray, of Newark, of whom he was received with great enthusiasm.

Mr. Gray, of Pa., took the floor and advocated the adoption of a platform.

Mr. Little, of Pa., wanted no platform, and in the course of his remarks avowed a preference for John Bell, of Tennessee, as the Presidential candidate.

Mr. Peale, of Ohio, moved an amendment that central committee be appointed. He wanted no platform.

Mr. Harris, of Missouri, thought that no ballot should be taken till delegates known to be on the way had arrived.

Mr. Watson, of Mississippi, thought it was better to make haste to vote, inquiries, I have no hesitation in expressing the belief that no court in Virginia could for one moment have thought of convicting Daniel Harnberger upon the facts disclosed at the examining court."

Town Affairs.—The stockholders of the Boot and Shoe Factory met on Saturday last, to mature some plans of operation. It was decided to confine the business of the Company, for the present, to the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and not to embark in the manufacture of Leather. A committee appointed for the purpose reported last evening that they had secured the National Hotel building for the Company. Speedy steps will be taken to commence operations.

R. G. Blodget, Esq., resigned his place as one of the Directors, which vacancy was filled by the election of Col. R. Terk.—Vindictor.

House of Delegates.—The stockholders of the Boot and Shoe Factory met on Saturday last, passed an ordinance imposing taxes for the year 1860; another concerning the market; and a third prohibiting the tapping of the water pipes or using the water for making the brick dock, without the written consent of the Water Committee. All of these ordinances will be published in the town papers. John E. Kortz was appointed Assistant Treasurer.

Aug 1st.—The annual training of officers of the three Regiments commenced in this place yesterday, and our town now presents a decided military appearance. The General Master of the 16th Regiment will take place at Spring Hill, on Thursday; of the 33d, at Fifeville, on Friday; and of the 93d, at Middlebrook, on Saturday.

House.—The tariff bill was discussed during the day. Various amendments were offered, but the only one acted upon was to increase the duty on sugar from ten to thirty cents per pound, and twenty-four instead of twenty cents on rum.

Senate.—Senate.—The Judiciary Committee asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the bill to establish a uniform law on the subject of bankrupts, on the ground that it was inexpedient, which was agreed to.

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House.—The tariff bill was debated all day, but no progress was made with it.

Senate.—Senate.—The consideration of the House bill was resumed. A motion to substitute the House bill for the modified one before the Senate was voted down—year 50, nays 80. The bill was then passed, year 44, nays 8.

The provisions of the bill give to actual settlers the public lands at the rate of twenty-five cents per acre after two years' occupancy.

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STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The **Virginia Resolutions**.—The intelligence was soon from Charleston, that the Convention had adopted the Tennessee platform, and that in consequence of that action, the Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina delegations had presented a resolution in the Congress that "Resolved to have been written." The Convention did not adopt this platform at all, although it was debated, as is said, by Virginia. The following is that part of it which relates to the point of controversy:

"Resolved, That the citizens of the United States have an equal right to settle with their property in the territory of the United States, and that, under the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, which we recognize as the correct exposition of the Constitution of the United States, neither the right of persons nor property can be destroyed or impaired by Congressional or Territorial legislation."

A terrible calamity occurred near Gaulean, S. C., on Saturday, the 15th inst., by which twenty-four persons, chiefly young ladies, lost their lives. The party had enjoyed the morning pleasantly in a picnic excursion at a small pond two miles from the town, and in the afternoon about thirty of them, all ladies were one or two embarked on a flat boat to sail on the pond. They had been out some time, and were near the center of the pond when the boat ran on a snag. The pressure of the boat upon the snag punctured its bottom and it soon filled with water, and all were drowned. Fourteen of the names of those who happened to be here, record three of the drowning persons. One family lost four and another five of its number by the disaster.

Many have supposed that it was what are called "the Tennessee resolutions" (which were not adopted by the Charleston Convention) which were taken up and adopted by the adhering Confederates to be held in Baltimore, all will be well and harmonious again with the Democratic party. On the contrary, the Richmond Enquirer says that the first of the Tennessee resolutions—the only one referring to the Territorial question—never should be adopted, being "ambiguous, equivocal and uncertain, and declared against by every prominent man of either section." There is another platform, therefore, according to this—*Allegany Gazette*.

The Voice of Oppression.—Public demonstrations have been made in Savannah, Columbia, Waycross, and other places in Georgia, Memphis and other Southern cities, by the South Carolinians, approving the action of the delegates that withdrew from the Clerical and Methodist Conventions. On the other hand, a meeting will be held in New Orleans, on the night of the 9th, and the eve of the Second's departure. A deputation to the Washington Convention say, however, that the signers of the call for this meeting "are contemptible," and that public opinion sustains the delegates.

A letter from Washington, in the Philadelphia Ledger says: "Ex-Governor Wren who, as well as Senator Hunter, counseled the Southern delegates at Charleston to secede, is warmly urging the movement of a Southern Convention. He considers Mr. Hunter's chance for a nomination is gone, and his own as small. The Southern movement is one that will press with all his energy. It will be its master spirit, and will control it. But many other and very influential Southerners are bent upon the Southern movement, in favor of a Southern platform, and a Southern State Rights nomination for the Presidency."

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COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS S. CALTER's candidate for the office of Commissioner of Revenue in the 1st District of Augusta county.

Feb. 7.

We are authorized to announce THOS. M. DONOHOE, a candidate for reelection to the office of Commissioner of Revenue in the 1st District of Augusta county.

Feb. 14, 1860.

We are authorized to announce JOHN G. STOVER, a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Revenue in the 1st District of Augusta county.

Feb. 14, 1860.

We are authorized to announce GEO. M. AVILLE, a candidate for reelection to the office of Commissioner of Revenue in the 1st District of Augusta county.

Feb. 22, 1860.

FOR CONSTABLE.

We are authorized to announce GEO. M. AVILLE, a candidate for reelection to the office of Commissioner of Revenue in the 1st District of Augusta county.

Feb. 22, 1860.

FOR SHERIFF OF HIGHLAND.

We are authorized to announce CHARLES C. STEUART, a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Highland.

Mar. 6, 1860.—See.

THE MARKETS.

STAUNTON MARKETS.

WHEAT FLOUR.

Reported by P. N. Powell & Co.

May 16, 1860.

FLOUR.—New Superfine, \$5.25 to \$6.00

Family, \$6.00 to \$7.00

Ewe, \$9.00 to \$10.00

GRAIN.—Oats, \$0.40 to \$0.50

Corn, (New), \$0.75 to \$1.00

BUTTER, Fresh Roll, \$3.50 to \$10.00

BACON, \$0.10 to \$0.15

PLASTER, Lump per Ton, \$11.00 to \$12.00

LARD, \$0.00 to \$0.05

SALT, \$0.00 to \$0.05

Gums & Alum, \$2.00 to \$3.00

RICHMOND MARKETS.

Reported for the Spectator by W. D. Polson & Sons.

ST. LUCIA.—Flour, \$5.25 to \$6.00

FLOUR.—Quota Superfine, \$5.25 to \$6.00

MEAT, H. S. \$1.40 to \$1.45, White \$1.50 to \$1.65

CORN, \$0.40 to \$0.50

BUTTER—15¢ per lb. common to good, 25¢ prime.

EGGS—\$1.00 to \$1.40

GUANO—\$0.00

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STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA.

TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1860.

THE STAUNTON SPECTATOR having a circulation at any paper published in Western Virginia, has no reported record of having an advertising medium.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JOHN BROWN,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The Convention and the Ticket.—The Convention of the Constitutional Union Party, which assembled in Baltimore last week, has presented to the country, as candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency of the United States, the distinguished gentlemen whose names stand at the head of our column, John Bell, of Tennessee, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, are known in all sections of the country as fit representatives of a party founded for the purpose of bringing together all national and conservative men who love the Constitution and the Union. They are statesmen of ability, integrity and enlarged patriotism, in whose hands the rights and interests of every section will be protected; and as such, will receive, we trust, the cordial support of all who desire to avoid a purely sectional issue in the approaching Presidential election. So far as our humble influence extends, we shall use it in their behalf, from the sincere conviction that nothing but the success of such men can save the country from continual discord, and perhaps disunion.

We had the pleasure of witnessing the proceedings of the Baltimore Convention, and truly it was a refreshing scene. We breathed the atmosphere of a pure patriotism, and felt our hopes for the prosperity of our institutions revive, when we saw men from every section of this vast confederacy uniting their hands and their hearts upon the common platform of the Constitution and the Union. No differences of opinion existed among that body of intelligent pe-

**FOWLE & CO'S
SOLVENT PHOSPHATE
PERUVIAN GUANO,
MADE OF GUANOS OF
DIRECT IMPORTATION,
Under the personal supervision and direction of Dr. R. H. STABLER,
Chemist of this city.**

THIS FERTILIZER
We confidently recommend to the most permanent and cheapest yet offered to the public.

Being composed of

**NO. 1 PERUVIAN & SOMBRENO
GUANOS,**
Of our own direct importation from the CHINCHA
and SOMBRENO ISLANDS.

THE SOMBRENO GUANO
Before being mixed, is rendered immediately available by the addition of Sulphuric acid. This treatment is universally recommended by the most eminent agricultural observers. Without its action of the two Guanos which mixed is not satisfactory, and consequently cannot be used.

This is the only mixture of the Ammonium and Phosphate GUANOS we have of yet offered to the Agricultural community, in a really soluble form.
PRICE \$25 per Ton or \$3,000 lbs.
Our reports from those who applied the above Fertilizer to their crops, tell all that it is superior to any other, and that our Peruvian Guano, with the addition of Phosphate, tends rather to extend than permanently improve the soil.

Address to Dr. R. H. STABLER,
Chemist of this city.

Albuquerque, May 1, 1860.

**THE STAUNTON
GOLD MINE!!**

**GREAT DISPLAY AT
WHITE'S OLD STAND.**

THE NEW YORK BAZAAR

IS NOW OPENING

THE LARGEST AND MOST ELEGANT STOCK

OF DRY GOODS

**Comprising the most suitable and fashionable For-
eign and Domestic**

DRESS GOODS,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, &c., &c.

**ON account of the speedy sale of my first stock, I
have again returned to buy in a very handsome
assortment of all kinds of**

FANCY GOODS,
which were selected from Foreign Markets, with great care and expense, which I will sell at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

and of lower rates.

TEAR & YOUNG'S HOUSE IN THE VALLEY.
An appointment has been made for me to have a house in the Valley of the Cheat, and I have also added a house of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES,
which were expressly ordered for this market, and which I will sell on the most accommodating terms.

THE CLOTHING TRADE IN THE WORLD.

C. L. BICKEL.

White's old stand, Gen. Beverly & New Sts.

Staunton, May 1, 1860.

VIRGINIA.—At a Circuit Court convened and held at Staunton on the 1st instant, the Hon. J. A. Kinney having this day been appointed Clerk of the Court, in place of Mr. W. H. Thompson, deceased, and the Hon. J. A. Kinney having the administration of the seal of the Circuit Assembly in that case made and provided, took up his seat in the Court Room, and the Clerk of the Circuit Assembly, and the Clerk of the Circuit Assembly, commanding him to come and sit down to be held ready to act, on the 4th Thursday in June, and the 1st Friday in July, and the 1st Saturday in August, and the 1st Friday in September, and the 1st Saturday in October, and the 1st Friday in November, and the 1st Saturday in December, and the 1st Friday in January, and the 1st Saturday in February, and the 1st Friday in March, and the 1st Saturday in April, and the 1st Friday in May, and the 1st Saturday in June, and the 1st Friday in July, and the 1st Saturday in August, and the 1st Friday in September, and the 1st Saturday in October, and the 1st Friday in November, and the 1st Saturday in December, and the 1st Friday in January, and the 1st Saturday in February, and the 1st Friday in March, and the 1st Saturday in April, and 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