

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA., TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1865.

The Staunton Spectator

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

At Two Dollars a Year, IN ADVANCE.—Three Dollars will be charged when not paid in advance. *Obituaries, Announcements and Communications of a private character charged for at advertising rates.*

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Clerks, Sheriffs, Lawyers, Constables, Merchants, and business men generally, are respectfully informed that every kind of BLANKS they may need can be had, at the shortest notice, at the Spectator Office.

Send in your orders and they will be immediately attended to.

June 20, 1865.

To the People of the Valley.

THE "OLD STAND," 223 BROAD ST., REVIVED.

WM. J. STEVENS, respectfully announces having received a full and complete stock of

Ladies Fine Uress, Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres,

And indeed every article requisite to make a first class DRY GOODS STORE.

THE SHOE, HAT AND TRUNK

Business will also be continued, and the Stock has been fully replenished; this branch being in special charge of MRS. G. H. GETTINGER, (formerly of the Valley), and from his long experience every assurance is felt of his ability to do as well, both in quality and price, for his friends, as any house in Virginia. One rule of the house is to recommend nothing but good goods. A call is respectfully solicited.

W. J. STEVENS,
235 Broad St., Richmond, one door east of 3rd.

June 20—5m

H. KER, L. L. STEVENSON,
Richmond, Staunton.

M. G. HARMAN, Staunton.

Ker, Stevenson & Co.,

Auction, Commission & Forwarding

Merchants, Staunton, Va.

Solicit consignments and make prompt returns. Storage on reasonable terms. June 20—17

GOOD MATCHES.

I take this method of informing my old customers and friends, and the public generally that I am now making and will keep constantly on hand a large lot of superior

Friction Matches,

which I propose to sell lower than they can be purchased elsewhere, by the gross or single box for cash.

June 20—17

D. R. BLACKBURN.

IN THE BILLIARD.—I have to announce all persons from Harrison, Trading of Tobacco with Mrs. NAKAH MARGARET HENRICH, she having left her bed and spent with her case. I will not be responsible for any bills she may contract in the United States in my name.

July 24, 1865.—27 150



POETRY.

FEW TALK.

That tall young fellow's here to-day;
I wonder what's his name?
His eyes are fixed upon our pew—
Do look at all his Jane.

Who's that womanly dressed in green?
It can't be Mrs. Leach;
There's Mr. Jones with Deacon Giles—
I wonder if she'll preach!

Lead me your fan, it is so warm;
We both will astir in yew;
Mourning becomes the widow Ames—
How Mary's bonnet shines!

Do look at Nancy Steeper's veil,
It's full a breadth too wide;
I wonder if Susanab Aves
Appears to-day as bride!

Lord! what a voice Jane Rice has got!
Oh! how that organ roars!
I'm glad we've left the negro's seat—
How hard Miss Johnson scolds!

What right shows those are in front?
Did you observe Ann White?
Here's a new bonnet trimmed with black—
I guess she's lost a child.

I'm half asleep; that Mr. Jones,
His sermon are so long;
This afternoon we'll stay at home
And practice that new song.

POLITICAL.

THE HERALD OF THE RICHMOND ELECTIONS.

The following article from the New York Herald, of the 30th, in reference to the late election in Richmond, we transfer to our columns, deeming it a pretty fair view of the sentiments which influenced Augusta county, in the election of county officers on the 18th of July last:

"It is rather difficult for us to understand how the election of ex-rebel soldiers can be legally prevented. Union men were put in nomination, but it seems that the people did not want them in office. This belongs, what are we to do? The mere fact of an election presupposes the intention of the general government to allow the people to choose their own local rulers; and if they prefer rebel soldiers to Union men, we do not see how the matter can be helped at present. Indeed, the Government can have no voice in the affair, unless the President decide to violate the constitution in order to keep ex-rebels out of official positions. It must be remembered, however, that after all, this is a mere question of the records of the different candidates. There are no rebels now. The soldiers of Lee's army elected at Richmond have already taken the oath of allegiance, and been pardoned, or, at least, they will do so before they hold their offices. These ceremonies, then, make them, in the eye of the law, just as good Union men as the rest of us; and we hope that they will prove to be so in practice. The shortest and the easiest and the best way, therefore, to remove all apprehensions in regard to the Southern elections is for us to remember that the rebels died with the rebellion, and that all the candidates are consequently good enough Unionists for all practical purposes.

Nothing in the world could be more natural than for the Southern people to vote for those candidates who had served them in the rebel armies. The Unionists of Richmond during the war were very few and very silent. If they loved the Union they kept the fact to themselves, and only revealed it when Gen. Grant had made the confession perfectly safe. For all the good they did the Union cause they might almost as well have been rebels. But wanting that point we find in the secrecy they observed in regard to their opinions a strong proof that they considered themselves estranged from the sympathies of the people at large. Now, does any one suppose that the people have utterly changed their sympathies within the past few weeks? They are sick of rebellion; they are glad to be in the Union again; but they sympathize rather with the

men who always thought as they did and acted as they did than with those with whom they were constantly at variance in sentiment. We believe that they dislike Jeff Davis and the other rebel leaders who deluded them; but it is too much to expect them to dislike Lee's soldiers, who were equally deluded, and with whom they suffered in common. No; the Southern voters are neither more or less than men. We like to see them selecting their bravest men for office and we desire the North to follow their example. If the Southern people were to rally at once to elect unpromising Unionists to posts of honor, we should be inclined to suspect such sudden loyalty.

In addition to the above, and on the same subject, we present to our readers the following views of the Charlottesville, (Va.) Chronicle, in its issue of last Wednesday:

"Of course, the military power can abrogate and nullify all other elections which have been held in Virginia, and, we suppose, suppress the State Government altogether. In other words Martial Law in its broadest acceptation, would seem to prevail in Virginia, and the Civil Government of the State has been restored.

We do not mention this to make any complaint. We had hoped, indeed, that our readers would have deemed it advisable to restore the right of self-government to the Southern States, and we interpreted the Act of amnesty which was extended to the people to have this design. But if such was not the purpose, we think it ought to be clearly understood, and we think that in some authoritative manner the people of Virginia, in view of the action in Richmond, ought to ascertain from the authorities in Washington the theory upon which we are to be governed. No amount of legislation in Congress, and no exercise of power, can create the precise political feeling at the South which exists at the North any more than it could compel the State of Rhode Island to think exactly the same things that are thought in the State of Ohio. We can submit to the decision of the War; we can relinquish Independence; we can honestly go back to the Federal Constitution and the Union; we can submit to the emancipation of our slaves; but we cannot change our nature; we cannot feel delighted that we have been whipped; we cannot cease to love our own hills and valleys; we cannot but sympathize with those who died fighting by our side, or who have come out of the war mutilated, and broken in fortune, in maintaining a common cause. The people of the South, for example, love General Lee, and if the people of the North do not love him, neither the stronger nor the weaker party can change such feelings in the mind of the other party. If a Southern man professes to think and feel in such matters as a Northern man thinks and feels, he is a monster or a hypocrite.

We can speak the more freely on such points, because we were no secessionist, never believed in Secession, and, while we have many personal friends among them always regarded them as a most mischievous party. But there are no secessionists at the South now. The thing is absolutely relinquished, and the old secessionists are, perhaps, more unpreserved in submission to the Union than the former Union men of the South.

Therefore we consider the abrogation of this election as suggesting a disposition on the part of the government which does not consist with any sort of freedom in the elective franchise at the South; and we think it proper that the precise views of the President should be obtained. In order to obtain them he should be visited by delegates commissioned by the people.

A fellow in Apostock, Maine, advertising for a wife, describes himself as follows:— "I am eighteen years old, have a good set of teeth, and believe in Andy Jackson, the Star-Spanangled and the 4th of July. Have taken up a State lot, cleared up eighteen acres last year, and seeded ten of it down. My backhand looks first rate, and the oats and potatoes are bully. I have got nine sheep, a two year old bull, and two heifers, besides a horse and barn. I want to get married. I want to buy bread and butter, hoop skirts and water for the female persuasion during my life. That's what's the matter with me. But I don't know how to look it."

DO JUSTICE AND LOVE MERCY.

The following article from the New York Clipper breathes a healthy spirit for that latitude:—"In battle they [the Southern people] were fierces worthy of our steel, and what generous heart, now that they are overcome, aid utterly bent down, would strike a fallen foe. And yet we continually hear men demanding more blood. They insist on the fulfillment of the terms of the law, and which asked to have a amnesty by to stop the bleeding of the wound they reply, 'As it so nominated in the bond?' I do not find it in the bond."

What if it is not in the bond, mercy requires it. These men are not thieves or murderers in the common acceptation of the term. They were erstwhile herefore as men of character and principle, and when they rebelled it was to uphold and maintain an idea long cherished and openly taught, and although they grieved both in the idea and in the manner they sought to enforce, they showed how sincerely they believed in it by the obstinacy with which they fought for it. It is now blotted from America's annals, and it remains for us to restore our country to the happy and powerful position it occupied before the rebellion. This cannot be done by shooting or hanging, but we must love mercy and practice forgiveness, and endeavor by a course of humane treatment, to make the Southern people feel that we are magnanimous conquerors; and having saved America from dissolution, we can afford to take them again by the hand, forget the fratricidal strife, and see each other in the delightful work of peace. We are not only commanded thus to love mercy, but every consideration of love to our neighbors, the future of our country and the mere selfishness of trade and commerce, all point unmistakably to this as the proper and the only course.

We cannot afford to have on Ireland, a Hungary, or a Poland on our hands, nor do we want thousands of political refugees from our happy shores residing in foreign lands, breathing over wrong holding new rebellions or attempting to stir up our people to renewed strife which will have if this spirit of hatred, malice and blood-thirstiness is not effectually frowned down. If our people will but act in the spirit of the words at the head of this article, our country will soon again bud and blossom at the rose and will be the happiest and freest nation on the globe.

SOUTHERN LADIES.

A correspondent of the New York Herald, writing from Cape May, after speaking of various personages at that famous "watering place," and giving a description of various heiles from different cities, adds, there is one class missing who formed a charming feature at the Cape before the war—

No fine looking belles from Virginia—no dark-eyed Southerners from the Gulf states now mingle in the wilderness of beauty, composing a brilliant hop. They are gone—gone, I suppose, forever. Their places are supplied by a lot of frands—sufflers, camp followers, sanitary commissioners, freedmen squatters—who register themselves with a great flourish as from Virginia, Georgia, &c., whose ill gotten wealth stolen from the unfortunate people of the South, Unionists as well as Secessionists, cannot conceal the vulgar origin of the possessors. There will not, cannot be any Southerners at our watering places, as long as the twenty thousand dollar clause of President Johnson's amnesty proclamation hangs over their heads in terrorism.

A man supposed to be John Surratt, one of the conspirators implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln, arrived in Harrisburg in handcuffs, and under a proper guard, in the morning train from Pittsburg, and left for Washington in the Northern Central railway train at noon to-day. He was arrested somewhere in Texas.—Aug. 1.

It is stated that the President has given directions for the entrance of a noble parquai, when the indictment against Gen. Lee and others now pending in Judge Underwood's court in Norfolk, Va, shall be called up.

Mrs. Lincoln is living in perfect seclusion at the Hyde Park Hotel, on the shore of the lake, seven or eight miles from Chicago. Both her sons reside with her. Captain Robert Lincoln is studying law in the office of Messrs. Staunton, McTagg & Fuller, of Chicago.

STAUNTON SPECTATOR.

BY STRASBURG & ARGENBRIGHT.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1865.

SPECIAL COUNTY COURT.

The commissioners convened the Justices on Friday last, the 4th instant. Eleven were found ineligible, according to the Attorney General's opinion, and at request of the Governor did not qualify. The election of Presiding Justice was postponed to the 4th Monday. Wm. A. Burnett was appointed Clerk, pro tem. John J. Towberman was appointed Crier, to act in place of Sheriff, and Wm. H. Gamble was nominated for Coroner.

OUR COLORED POPULATION.

We understand it is the purpose of a large portion of the freedmen of this part of the country, to emigrate, at an early day, to some of the Northern and Western States which present stronger inducements to them than the land of their birth. While the sudden withdrawal of so much of the laboring population, may occasion some inconvenience to our farmers, we hope they will make arrangements to supply the deficiency.

It is quite natural that the freedmen should desire to leave the scenes of their late bondage and humiliation, and seek homes among those who have always sympathized with them and who are prepared to receive them with open arms and open doors. As a matter of interest, also they will find it to their advantage to remove to a country which has been free from the ravages of war and still abounds with all the means and appliances of comfort.

In the Southern States freedmen will have the prejudices of generations to encounter. It will be many long years before their social condition, in the South, can be materially changed. It is not a matter of surprise, therefore, that they should desire to seek a home among people who cherish none of the antipathies of race which are so deeply rooted in Virginia, and who will receive them as equals in society as well as in the eye of the law.

The Children of Israel, under the guidance of Jehovah, left the land of Egypt, after their release from bondage. We are bound to believe that their exodus was dictated by wisdom, because Omnipotence directed their movement. Similar considerations to those which induced the children of Israel to pass over the Red Sea, now prompt the freedmen of Virginia to go beyond the Potomac and the Ohio. It is said that history is constantly repeating itself. Here we have an illustration of the fact. The Exodus of the Jews is to find its counterpart in the departure of the children of Ham from the land of their bondage.

May they profit by the example of their predecessors—the Jews! May they avoid the iniquities which brought such terrible retribution on that nefarious race! May they, by an humble submission to the will of God, and upright conduct, in all the relations of life, merit and receive the most signal marks of his approval!

Let them go, and may peace and prosperity attend them.

GAS LIGHT.

We are happy to learn that H. H. Peck, Esq., has leased the Staunton-Gas Works for a term of five years, and is now making arrangements to supply the town with gas. Mr. Peck has already sent on for rosin and will, in a very short time, be prepared to meet out gas to our citizens, and turn our darkness into light.

IMPROVEMENT.

Mr. C. N. Williams, manufacturer of boots and shoes, opposite Union Hall, is putting a new front in his store-room. It is a great improvement and will add greatly to the appearance of his room. We are pleased to see improvements going on and business reviving in our little "city of the hills."

Mr. James M. Strasburg, formerly of this county, who lately graduated at Otterbein College, Westerville, Franklin county, Ohio, has received the appointment of Professor of Mathematics in Lane University, Leocompton, Kansas. Mr. S. was employed in this office for several years.

TOURNAMENT AND PICNIC.

The gay lads and merry lasses in the neighborhood of Tinkling Spring, had a grand festival in the shape of a tournament and Pic Nic, on last Saturday, at Tinkling Spring Church, in this county. Had we the time and space the descriptive powers of our pen would not be sufficient to do justice to the occasion; we will therefore give our readers an outline and leave the embellishments to their vivid imagination.

The crowd commenced assembling very early in the morning, and in a short time the beautiful grove in which the Church is located, was crowded with the beauty, youth and vigor of the neighborhood and surrounding country.

The hour for the contest [11 o'clock] having arrived, the party repaired to a field, a short distance off, to witness the horsemanship and skill of the many ambitious young knights. There were about twenty-five competitors for the honors of the day.

The following is a list of the successful knights and the ladies on whom the honors were conferred:

- Saml. H. McCaa, Knight of the Crimson Scarf
Miss Evaline Withrow, Queen of Love and Beauty
Chas. S. Arnall, Knight of 5th Va. Infantry
Miss Helene Withrow, 1st Maid of Honor
Jacob P. Imboden, Knight of Moby
Miss Mary Brooks, 2d Maid of Honor
A. W. Harman, Jr., Knight of Spring Farm
Miss Mattie Doid, 3d Maid of Honor
Miss Bob F. Hamilton, Knight of the Forest
Miss Mattie Cook, 4th Maid of Honor
A. A. Broyle, Knight of Wickham's Brigade
Miss Ella Van Lear, 5th Maid of Honor

Mr. Geo. M. Cochran, jr., delivered a brief but very appropriate speech, preceding the crowning ceremonies, after which the party turned their attention to a very long table, near by, which was groaning beneath all the injuries of the season.

In short, every thing passed off most pleasantly; and the day will long be remembered by all as the cool, refreshing Oasis in the weary traveller crossing the burning desert.

GENL. ROBERT E. LEE.

On Friday last the Trustees of Washington College, at Lexington, unanimously resolved to tender to Gen. Lee the Presidency of that venerable Institution. Gen. Lee was long a Professor at West Point, and now that his military "occupation's gone," perhaps forever, we trust he may find it accord with his ever patriotic impulses to become the tutelar guardian of the many ingenuous youths of Virginia who would flock around him there.

There is a pleasing propriety in the idea that the College endowed by Washington, the chosen exemplar of Robert E. Lee, and farther endowed by the eages of the Cincinnati Society of which his own father, "Light-horse Harry" Lee was a distinguished member, should now receive a fostering influence from his own immortal name. And that as they after their long service in the field was over, doubtless found comfort in the thought that they rendered farther patriotic service by endowing a college for the youth of their country, so we hope that Gen. Lee, now that the toils of war have ended, may find his great services still rendering his country service in advancing that college to greater usefulness, finding a soothing repose for himself amidst its peaceful shades.

THE CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN.

This paper, for a long time a leading organ of the denomination: whose interest it represents, has been resumed. It is still edited and published by the Rev. Wm. Brown. Its terms are four dollars per annum. Office in the book store of Wm. D. Cooke, Esq., at Jno. N. Gordon & Son's, 14th street, between Main and Franklin, Richmond, Va.

The only female present at the execution of the conspirators at Washington was Miss A. J. Walker, surgeon. When she saw the rode her horse after the masculine style.

TO THE JUSTICES OF THE COUNTY COURTS OF VIRGINIA.

CHARLES J. - I desire to call your attention to the second paragraph of the third article of the State Constitution, which is in the following words:

No person shall vote or hold office under this Constitution who held office under the so-called Confederate Government, or any rebellious State Government, or who has been a member of the so-called Confederate Congress, or a member of any State Legislature in rebellion against the authority of the United States, excepting therefrom County Officers.

I have reliable information that in a number of counties in the State persons have been elected to the office of Commonwealth's Attorney, Sheriff, Commissioner of the Revenue, and Clerk of Court, and in some instances Justices of the Peace, who are disqualified by the clause of the Constitution above quoted, and who have not been relieved by acts of the General Assembly. Whereas it has come to the knowledge of the Executive that a person elected as a Justice of the Peace under the disability referred to, a commission, has been returned, I will also take care that no Justice to whom a commission has been issued, who is disqualified under the said clause, be permitted to qualify, and you will further take care that no person so disqualified, who has been elected to the office above referred to, shall qualify or enter upon their duties.

You will consider all officers above referred to, to which persons so disqualified shall have been elected, vacant, and order elections immediately to fill such vacancies.

Respectfully of the Circuit Courts will observe this order in organizing their respective courts.

I take for granted that this seeming disrespect for the Constitution has arisen from a want of proper consideration; I am led to believe that it has been done, in any instance, through any disrespect for the Constitution and law of the State; but I feel it incumbent on me to see that the Organic Law of the State is safeguarded.

In the election vacancies, you will be guided by the provisions of the Code of 1860.

R. H. HERRINGTON, Governor of Virginia.

COOLING BEVERAGE.

These who are fond of something good to drink can find a most healthy and pleasant beverage by calling at Bickle's Corner and trying the old pump handle a hearty slyke. We are pleased to announce—not ourselves as candidates—but that the old pump has been superseded by a new one. All praise to those who accomplished the work.

A private letter from Paris says there are more Americans there at the present time than was ever known. Some of the largest Parisian hotels are almost exclusively occupied by rich Americans.

The Nashville Dispatch says there is no truth in the report that the property in that city, owned by Mrs. Gen. Ewell, is about to be restored to her.

The attention of the farmers is called to the advertisement of Harveys & Williams, of Richmond.

MARRIED.

On Sunday, July the 30th, at the bride's residence in Bowling Green, Caroline county, Virginia, by Rev. J. C. Parish, Mr. ARTHUR S. SPITZER, of Staunton, Va., to Miss MARY VIRGINIA, eldest daughter of the late Michael DeLaney. On the morning of the 31st inst. in Harrisonburg, by Rev. W. D. Bell, Mr. ISAAC WITZ, of Staunton, to Miss LILLIAN F. HELLER, eldest daughter of the late Herman Heller, dec'd, of this place.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—Pasquell's Fresh Course, Bellows's Latin Grammar, and Latin Reader; Bellows's English Grammar, Davies' Grammar and elementary Algebra; and Arithmetic; General's and Mitchell's Geography; Webster's Elementary Spelling Book and Primary School Dictionary; Warren's Complete Latin Grammar; Walker's School Dictionary; McNelly's Metric Reader; Ford, Pennington, and Pennington's Paper and Envelopes, Copy Books and House Books.

NEW NOVELS.—A variety of NEW NOVELS, for sale by the publishers and others wearing a number of any one kind of books if not on hand, can be had from the regular retail price. TERMS CASH. I can afford to sell books and Stationery at a discount. Aug 5-6 BOBT. COWAN.

DOCTOR A. H. FAUTLEROV undertakes to cure all cases of Rheumatism and Paralysis, to the extent of the limbs, and the various kinds of neuralgia and operative surgery will be attended to at his office, at all the hours of the patient as the conditions may require. Letters of advice are given. A limited number of office students will be received who will be examined daily upon their studies, and will have the advantage of his library and plates. Office: Opposite the Court House. Aug 5-6

WANTED.

FROM 15,000 TO 20,000

WHITE PINE SHINGLES. L. J. & J. H. PARRISH, Willam Street, eight miles North of Staunton. Aug 5-6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAUNTON Aug. 1st, 1865.

Mr. Editor: As it is not possible for me to see in person, several of the parties whose applications for Special Pardon were entrusted to my care, I will thank you to publish the subjoined correspondence for the benefit of those who are interested.

Respectfully Yours, J. C. BOWYER.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 27, 1865.

To the Chief Clerk of the Office of the Attorney General of U. S.

My Dear Sir: Will you please advise me what action has been taken by the Hon. Attorney General of the U. S. in reference to the applications submitted by me for Special Pardon.

Very Respectfully, Your Obedt Servt, J. C. BOWYER.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1865.

Sir: The petitions for Pardon of persons named in your list have all been recommended by the Attorney General to be granted, and regulations have been sent to the Department for "Warrant of Pardon."

Respectfully Yours, M. F. PLEASANT.

Pardon Clerk.

Mr. Bowyer leaves for Washington City on the 9th or 10th inst., and will remain there some eight or ten days. Persons desiring him to sign their petitions can have their petitions prepared by N. K. TROUPER, here, and forwarded to his address at Washington. Aug. 8, 1865.—11

Frank Frazer, Book Binder, and Paper Hanger, STAUNTON, VA.

Respectfully informs the Public that he is prepared to execute orders of every description in his line.

BOOK-BINDING. Music Books bound in the most approved style.

MUSIC POSTERS, LADIES' CALLENS, LINEN PAPER, FINEST BOOKS, &c. ON HAND.

PAPER HANGING done in the most substantial style. Aug 5-6

HARVEYS & WILLIAMS, Commission Merchants, OFFICE: BROCKHOUS BLVD, RICHMOND, VA.

Are prepared to give personal attention to the sale of GRAIN and other necessary produce, and will make CASH ADVANCES on the same, when desired, or will fill orders for Groceries. Goods always selected.

ESTABLISHED BY R. G. GATLEY, and R. H. GATLEY, STAUNTON, VA.

Formerly of Harvey, Armstrong & Williams, JNO. D. HARVEY, formerly Sports & Harveys, and H. WILLIAMS, formerly Harver, Armstrong & Williams. Aug 5-6

MALE ACADEMY

BY REV. J. C. WHEAT.

THE exercises of this Academy will commence Sept. 1st, 1865.

Through instruction will be given in the various branches of English Literature, the Classics, Mathematics, also in the French Language if desired. N. B.—Pardon taken in exchange for tuition. Aug 5-6

For Sale. WE will sell, privately, from TWENTY TO TWENTY-FIVE 0000 PAIN KILLERS AND RUBBERS.

Apply to W. J. D. BELL, or W. R. BELL, who will exchange them for Country Produce. Aug 5-6

Information wanted. Our son, EDWARD L. BOLT, who went to the Confederate Army at Chambersburg, about the 1st of June, 1862, has not been heard of since that time.

Any information concerning him will be most gratefully received by his mother, Mrs. L. B. BOLT, at Staunton, Va. Notice's Creek, August 5th, 1865.

Valley Springs, Va. Mrs. J. B. BOLT, who is a sister of the above named Mrs. BOLT, will also be glad to receive notices for the same.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND a variety of all denominated. WE ALSO SELL ALL KINDS OF COLA AND BOTTLED BANK NOTE. ALL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. The undersigned, who has been appointed by the Board of the President of the University of Kansas, to act as Secretary of the same, will be glad to receive notices for the same.

A. H. FAUTLEROV, Secretary.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

It is now stated that the Hon. Mrs. Norton is the editor of the London *Out*.
General E. Carrington has been re-appointed District Attorney of Washington.

The report of the trial case in Washington made a pile of manuscripts over twenty-eight inches high.

W. P. Johnson, the brother of the President, has been appointed surveyor of the customs at Columbus, Texas.

Nearly twenty thousand dollars have been collected for the statue of Shakespeare, which is to be erected in Central Park, New York.

A movement is on foot by colored men to purchase the Charleston Mercury and publish it as an anti-slavery journal.

H. D. Sherman, of the famous Sherman oil well, who five years ago, was a poor man, is now reported to be worth over five million of dollars. He expects soon to be rich.

One firm in London advertises to the amount of \$200,000 per annum. All the partners have grown immensely rich.

Governor Perry, of South Carolina, has issued his proclamation for reorganizing the State, filling executive offices, etc.

Secretary McCulloch announces that shipment of arms, ammunition and grey cloth may be made hereafter to and within the State of Tennessee.

At last the health of New Orleans continued good. There was the average number of deaths, but none from typhoid. Weather intensely warm.

General Sherman, in his speech at Louisville, said he should never, nor accept office, and never again draw his sword in anger.

"Blind Tom," the musical slave prodigy who created such a sensation four or five years ago, is now in Cincinnati, and as wonderful as ever for his mastery of music.

A convention of the colored men of Va. assembled at Alexandria, last Tuesday. They desire the right of suffrage, and varied their proceedings by a "long and angry and threatening debate."

During the present fiscal year, thirteen or fourteen millions of dollars will be needed to pay the pensions. In June the applications for pensions were one quarter more than in previous months.

Gov. Boren of West Virginia, has appointed Nathaniel Harrison, Esq. Judge of the ninth Judicial Circuit of the State, composed of the counties of Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Monroe, Mercer, and McDowell.

Weichman, the principal government witness in the conspiracy trial considers himself the government, for he says to attack him, a government witness, is to attack the government. Be careful what you say about Weichman.

We want say a word about Weichman. Major General Halleck and family, with a number of army officers, sailed on Tuesday for California in the steam ship Ocean Queen. The Gen. goes to the Golden State to assume the duties of his new command, the Military Division of the Pacific, one of the five grand divisions into which the country is now militarily partitioned.

A special correspondent of the N. O. Times, dated Brownsville, July 13th, says:

Major Texier of Cortim's staff, has been killed from above, bringing in intelligence of the capture of General Kirby Smith and his entire party. He was intercepted by the Governor of Saltillo, S. Yllesca, on the 4th of July, at Piedras Negras, Mexico, about fifty miles below Eagle Pass, and compelled to surrender.

Two victors got four pieces of artillery, nine hundred new rifles, and a train of wagons loaded with ammunition and provisions. The sickness and men were

CRAWFORD SPRINGS, AUGUSTA COUNTY, VA.

NOTICE. Within sight of the Pond Gap Depot on the Virginia Central Railroad, 17 miles West of Staunton, is the town of Crawford Springs. The location is ideal for the reception of visitors. The Analytic of the SULPHUR SPRING here shows that it very strongly resembles the

White Sulphur Spring, in Greenbrier County, and it is considered valuable in Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver, and other maladies for which that water is so justly celebrated. There is another Spring on the premises which has a high reputation as a scaling and curative agent.

Fine Alum and Chalybeate Water, from the Variety Springs, two miles distant, will be kept on hand for boarders here.

BOARD ROOMS for Feasts, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Private and Family Parties.

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VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE, STAUNTON, VA.

The next session of this Institute will open on the 1st Wednesday in October. The buildings were occupied during the war, but they will be ready for use in the District of English, Mathematics, Languages, Music, Drawing and Painting.

NOTICE TO PARTIES SENDING IN PRIGHE TO AND FROM STAUNTON. The Va. Central R. Co. will furnish cars for the track leading to market.

HOW TO SAVE FORT! CALL ON JAS. A. PIPER and buy from us at "WHITE'S CORNER" and buy from us at a fair hundred.

SACKS OF SALT. The salt can be sold as a low figure as it is offered here for sale by the wagon load.

BAKING AND FLOUR TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. A. J. MILLER, Surgeon and Dentist, Staunton, Va.

WANTED. YOUR COOPERS. Good Wages and Constant Employment will be given. Address H. E. GALLAUER, Staunton, Va.

SOLED. From the premises of the subscriber, on Friday night last, July 15th, a dark bay HORSE.

WANTED. Men understanding their business, Good Wages and Constant Employment will be given.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. The subscriber, proposing to remove to a Western State, offers for sale, privately his farm, lying on Middle River, six miles North West from Staunton.

FOUR ACRES. near oneself is RIVER BOTTOM, the balance of the cleared land very productive, about 25 or 30 acres in timber. The improvement consists of a new two and a half story.

BRICK HOUSE. four rooms and a basement, with wash room and cellar, and also a roomy parlor. There is attached a frame porch and garden, with a well and cistern, with three small rooms above, and a back porch, with two small rooms and one above. There are on the premises and in the yard, a stone spring house, corner in and grassy, and a new well.

JOHN B. BALDWIN, LAWYER. Will practice in all the Courts holden at Staunton, in the Circuit Courts of Loudoun, and Frederick counties, and in the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia. He will undertake special cases in any part of Virginia.

HEAD QTRS. SUB. DIST. AT STAUNTON. District of South Western Va. Staunton, Va., July 29, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 1. In obedience to Orders from Headquarters, Department of Va. I hereby assume command of this Sub-District, composed of the following named counties: Augusta, Highland, Rockbridge, Bath and Alleghany. All orders, heretofore issued by the Commandant of this Post, and now in force, are continued and will remain in force until revoked.

HEAD QTRS. SUB. DISTRICT. District of South Western Va. Staunton, Va., July 29th, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 2. The following named officers are hereby appointed to the Staff of the Sub. District, Commandant and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

EDUCATION. REV. E. P. WALTON, A. M. offers his services as a teacher and respectfully refers to the following citizens:

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS. I have received a large stock of pure MEDICINES, OILS, DYE STUFFS, PAINTS, SPICES, PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES.

HARDWARE. We are now receiving a general assortment of Goods in our line, suitable for COACH, HARNES, SHOE AND CABINET-MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, BUILDERS and HOUSEKEEPERS.

STRAYED OR STOLEN HORSE. On the 15th of July, 1865, I lost a dark chestnut stallion, with white blaze on the face and blind in the left eye.

PAID FOR RAGS. THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR TOBACCO STOCK OF JOHN B. EVANS. SCHOOL IS CHURCHVILLE.

VALENTINE LOT OF QUEEN ANTS. Staunton, July 29, 1865.

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