



## THE WIDE AWAKES.

The Known Nothing proclivities of the Republican party will stick out, says the *Pittsburg Post*. The latest exhibition of it is in the new order of Wide Awakes. We have had two or three after dark exhibitions of the new order in our own city, and we are anxious of them in most of the large cities of the North. So far as we have been able to observe their motions, their principle business seems to be to carry torches, march about in the dark, and yell for Lincoln and Hamlin. The *Journal* of this city spoke of them the other day as a sort of military organization who will be ready to form a sort of body guard for the Republican President, when he shall come to approach the White House, and all the Southerners begin to kick up their heels. We do not think the Wide Awakes about here will ever do much towards preventing a dissolution of the Union. Many of them, we may judge from appearance, will not be able to vote unless they begin at 19, as a couple of prominent politicians in the Republican ranks in this city make their boast of having done.

The Wide Awakes about here consist principally of caps, a small cap, a broad band with a tassel tied to one end, and a youthful aspirant to manhood at the other. They spend their evenings in drilling, and learning to carry their torches perpendicular, when their bodies ought to be horizontal. They give their parous great uneasiness by staying out so late at night.

We waited up one night to see the Wide Awakes, and we saw them. About one hundred and fifty men gathered together all sorts and sizes. They walked up and down the streets gouting their torches, and looked very military in their dollar and a half uniform.

One thing is certain, the coal oil establishment ought to return a vote of thanks to the Wide Awakes, for they have opened a new market for the fuel. Their drilling requirements are not equal to the Chicago Zouaves, and the Wide Awakes can't stand this weather. If they are to do the voting, and afterward put Mr. Lincoln safely in the White House, it will be done with very little "bone and sinew."

But seriously, these kind of organizations are useless, and worse than useless. What is the object of young men in their majority turning out for a political campaign, as if they were already voters? The tendency of the movement is neither favorable to morals, nor to a peaceful election. Every effort to draw up legal voters should be encouraged, but we are at a loss to see how the coal oil torches of the Wide Awakes can throw any light upon the great political questions of the day, or enable young men to form intelligent opinions in regard to politics.

The excitements of a political campaign are not merely those of feeling. Many of them are by no means favorable to the moral training of the young. Full grown men will not parade the streets with torches, and black caps and night-caps. The youths will do it from the love of excitement.

There is something in these things that is especially inviting and captivating to the mind of active youth. It gives them a precious consequence that is gratifying to their vanity.

We have heard parents allude to the Wide Awakes, as an institution of dangerous tendency, which required all their energies and authority to counteract. We think they are right. It is bad to add to their turbulence of unripe age to the other elements of a political campaign. It induces the Wide Awakes, to be drilled to influence our elections, result and disorder will increase, and our elections will become pitched battles, instead of peaceful assemblies for the performance of duties in a quiet and proper manner. Let the light of common sense and other judgment decide the political questions of the day, and not the glare of coal oil torches, carried by young men in baby imitation of martial array.

## REPUBLICAN DISLOALTY TO THE UNION.

Sherman M. Booth, of Milwaukee, who has gained notoriety for siding in the resistance of the officers of the United States, when engaged in the execution of the Fugitive Slave law, was recently rescued open day in Milwaukee, from the confinement to which he was held by the U. S. authorities and rapidly carried out of the city. He has since made his appearance at Ripon, in the northern part of Wisconsin, etc., where he was at once made a hero of by the Republicans, and a public meeting was called for the purpose of hearing an address from him. While engaged in speaking, several U. S. Marshals with warrants for his re-apprehension. One of them attempting to arrest him was roughly treated by the crowd, and narrowly escaped death. The officers were obliged to defend themselves in their hotel. Booth was openly defended from arrest by the Abolitionists and Republicans and a gang was organized to protect him against the officers of justice. The Republican "Wide Awakes" also turned out for the same purpose. The officers were unable to arrest him and during the following night he was taken out of the town.

This Booth was formerly a Republican editor in Milwaukee, and, in his case, the Republicans of that State have rendered themselves conspicuous—we had almost said infamous—in endeavoring to sustain treasonable resistance to the Constitution, laws and officers of the United States.—This is now outbreak in the same direction, and the participation of the "Wide Awakes" in it is an alarming indication of the sympathies of the Republican party with reference to the Federal Government and the plain demands of the Federal Constiti-

tution and a significant warning of the danger which would result from the clo-  
sure of such a party to power.

**The News from Texas**

The *Evening* from Texas report that the Republicans, as a party, are sound and loyal to the Constitution as it stands, willing to obey it honestly and faithfully, cannot be underrated, in view of the conduct of its members. They are not only found courageous personally in resisting the officers of Government in the execution of the Fugitive Slave law, but they openly attempt to embarrass and prevent the legitimate exercise of Federal jurisdiction by notorious "Peculiar Party Boys," which seek utterly to subvert the Constitution. Sooth till actually passed the Assembly of this State at the session of 1850, by the vote of more than eighty Republican members.

Ought all conservative Union-loving men to unite in resisting the success of a party, which excludes such duty partly to the Constitution of our country, and whose triumph is presumed to endanger our Patriotic rights? If the Union is to be preserved, it must be by fidelity to the Constitution. We can tolerate the slaves still in the Union, if we systematically deprive them of the rights guaranteed to them by the Constitution. The Union will at the Constitution, cannot and will not exist.

The observation of the citizens makes possible the preservation of the Union—*Admiral*.

## THE EFFECTS OF DEEPENING THE SOIL.

Last week we referred to the necessity of deepening the plow of the soil which is used to raise crops, as nearly the requirements of the case. This week we see to be growing more and more in favor with every intelligent farmer. They are taking up with more fervor and determination to improve where the fad may be had with regard to the way to plow furrows. In conversing with a very observant farmer last Saturday, a few days since, he observed that so far as his experience went, the average depth of plowing throughout the State, is very heavy in high meadows, and, indeed, so deep as to reach six inches in depth, sometimes seven but the latter depth was exceptional. He was not very impervious to the atmospheric influences, but he has found it necessary to become as late and as still as possible, for the surface water was held by it, and did not pass readily in the Spring. For these reasons he had almost given up the attempt to try the effects of the subsoil plow.

It must be borne in mind that the work of subsoiling is not to be done each year, but that its necessity is not only left over in the interval. For instance, a field is tilled for a crop at the expense of wheat, and the wheat is sown and packed by the tramp of the team and the pressure of the plough against it; that after a few ploughings, the crust thus formed is not only impervious to the atmospheric influences, but he has found it necessary to become as late and as still as possible, for the surface water was held by it, and did not pass readily in the Spring. For these reasons he had almost given up the attempt to try the effects of the subsoil plow.

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When this work has been carried out, in connection with draining, it has more than doubled the value of the land, and the best of this is not only in the superior value of the crop, but also in the increased rent charged for land, which has been once made to produce by the mere work which has been expended in deepening the soil. In fact, the deepening of the soil is the same to the farmer as increasing bank capital to the merchant—it facilitates every operation that is carried on, and gives the command of more land; that very land it renders more productive, because it renders it earlier, so that every crop which is sown or planted gets the benefit of the whole growing season. The land with an increased depth of worked soil being more susceptible to the influence of heat, and proving to be warmer as well as drier, and this point alone in our short seasons is not to be highly estimated.

Seven hundred and twenty-two bales of cotton were received in New Orleans on Thursday last.

Since it has been determined to uniform the police of Philadelphia, quite a number of the force have resigned.

## LIST OF PREMIUMS

To be awarded at the Second Annual Exhibition of the Farmers and Mechanics' Industrial Association of Franklin County to be held at Chambersburg, on the 2d, 4th and 6th days of October, 1860.

## HORSES.

## BLEDDED STOCK—BEST BREED.

JUDGES—A. B. Wingert, Peter Brough, Abraham Keeler, (2d.)

For best full bred Stallion..... \$6.00

2nd do do do 4.00

3rd do do do 2.00

best full bred Mare..... 5.00

2nd do do do 3.00

best 3 years old Colt, Horse, Mare, or Gelding—full breed..... 5.00

2nd do do do 3.00

best 2 year old—full breed..... 4.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best yearling Colt—full breed..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best Suckling Colt—full breed..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best 3 years old Colt, Horse, Mare, or Gelding—full breed..... 5.00

2nd do do do 3.00

best driving Horse, Mare, or Gelding..... 4.00

2nd do do do 3.00

best South Down..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best pair of Cotswold Ewes, 4 in number..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

No Horse to draw more than Premium.

**CARRIAGE AND SADDLE HORSES.**

JUDGES—Saidly Strickler, Capt. J. M. Brown, D. O. Gehr.

For best pair of Carriage Horses..... 6.00

2nd do do do 4.00

3rd do do do 2.00

best driving Horse, Mare, or Gelding..... 4.00

2nd do do do 3.00

best saddle Horse..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best do do do 1.00

best driving Horse, Mare, or Gelding..... 4.00

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best saddle Horse..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best do do do 1.00

best pair of 4 Bakewell Ewes..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best pen of 4 Southdown Ewes..... 3.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best pair of 4 Lancashire Cattle..... 4.00

2nd do do do 2.00

best Black Ram or Mule..... 2.00

2nd do do do 1.00

best Pair of 4 Lays..... 2.00

2nd do do do 1.00

best pair of 4 Shetland Ponies..... 2.00

2nd do do do 1.00

best pair of 4 Ladies Ponies..... 2.00

2nd do do do 1.00

Harrisshire Ponies..... 2.00

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Lancashire Skirks..... 2.00

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Wales Ponies..... 2.00

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## VALLEY SPIRIT.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 5, 1860.

Geo. H. MENGEL,

Publisher and Proprietor.

## OUR FIRST OBJECT.

"The main object of all good Democrats is, to defeat the election of the Republican candidate."

FOR PRESIDENT,  
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,  
of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,  
of Georgia.

## PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Electors at Large

George M. Kain, RICHARD VANCE.

District Electors

1	Fredrick A. Serr	14	Ivan Rockhow
2	Wm C. Patterson	15	Oro D. Jackson
3	Joseph Crockett	16	J. A. Ahl
4	J. W. Bremer	17	John B. Danzer
5	G. W. James	18	J. B. Crawford
6	Charles Kelly	19	H. N. Lee
7	O. P. Jones	20	J. B. Howell
8	Daniel Knoll	21	N. F. Peterman
9	J. L. Dugger	22	Samuel Marshall
10	S. H. Johnson	23	William Rock
11	T. H. Walker	24	E. D. Rawson
12	S. M. Winchester	25	Gaylor French
13	Joseph Leapham		

Resolution Adopted by the State Executive Committee, Aug. 9, 1860.

Resolved, That the Democratic Presidential ticket be headed with the name of Douglas or Breckinridge as an Elector at large, and in the event of the success of said ticket, if a greater number shall have been cast for Douglas, then the vote of the Electoral College of the State shall be cast for Douglas and Johnson; but if for Breckinridge, then for Breckinridge, and if less than the majority of votes cast for the candidates for whom the majority of votes are cast, then for Breckinridge, and in case of tie, the vote of the Electoral College shall be cast for that candidate; if it will not elect either of the Democrats for whom it is cast, or any of the Democrats who are voted for in the State, then the vote shall be cast for the candidate who has the majority of the votes of the State, and the Chairman of the Committee be requested to obtain from the Electors their several and distinct pledges of acquiescence in the foregoing resolution, and report the result of his action at a future meeting of the Committee.

FOR GOVERNOR,  
HENRY D. FOSTER,  
Of Westmoreland.

FOR CONGRESS,  
HON. WM. P. SCHELL, of Bedford  
(elected for the division of the Congressional Conference.)

FOR ASSEMBLY,  
D. K. WUNDERLICH, of Ch'g'd.  
Dr. A. C. V. MCNEAL, of Fulton.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,  
HIRAM C. KEYSER, of London.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,  
GEORGE W. TOMS, of Quincy.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,  
B. Y. HAMSLER, of Lurgan.

FOR COMMISSIONER,  
CORNELIUS LAUDERBAUGH, of Mercersburg.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,  
S. BRECKENRIDGE, of Green.

FOR AUDITOR,  
WM. JOHNSTON, of Concord.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

As various rumors are afloat in relation to the ownership of the Valley Spirit Printing Establishment, I desire to state that I am and have been the sole proprietor thereof, since the 11th day of August last, when I purchased the interest of my late partner.

In the mouth of some, Mr. P. S. Dechert is associated with me. Others have it that Mr. J. M. Cooper is a partner. The fact is that neither of them now owns any part of the office, or have any control over its editorial or business affairs. Mr. Dechert is engaged in settling up the old books of the establishment, in which he is interested. Mr. Cooper was and still is an endorser for me—the same relation he bore and still bears, I believe, to my former partner, Mr. Ripper.

I have been associated in various ways with Messrs. Dechart and Cooper in this office for a number of years, and have at all times found them liberal and honorable in all their dealings with me. But the present ownership of this office having, by the action of idle tongues, become a subject of public conversation, I wish it to be understood that I am the only proprietor.

GEO. H. MENGEL,  
CHAMBERSBURG, Sept. 4, 1860.

## Meeting of Conference.

The Democratic conference appointed by the Democrats of the several counties comprising the Congressional district, will assemble at Chambersburg, on Tuesday, the 11th of September, for the purpose of presenting a candidate & platform for their

The Democratic conference will meet at the most that will give

## Who are the Friends of Douglas?

We assert that the Breckinridge man who supports the Cresson plan of the Democratic State Committee, is a better friend to DOUGLAS than the pretended DOUGLAS man who goes with Messrs. FORNEY, NILL and HALDEMAN for a straight-out ticket. We can prove this proposition to the full satisfaction of any real friend of Mr. DOUGLAS, and we now invite all good friends of that gentleman to scrutinize the facts and figures we present below.

The vote of Pennsylvania at the Presidential election will be in the neighborhood of half a million—\$60,000. It is claimed that BELL will receive 40,000. If he does, then there will be about 460,000 votes to be divided between LINCOLN and both divisions of the Democratic party. Say that LINCOLN gets 225,000. This will leave 235,000 for DOUGLAS and BRECKINRIDGE, which, if combined on one electoral ticket, will beat LINCOLN ten thousand.

Now suppose we divide these 235,000 Democratic votes as follows: 125,000 to DOUGLAS and 110,000 to BRECKINRIDGE. This will give DOUGLAS 15,000 over BRECKINRIDGE, and secure him the electoral vote of the State.

But suppose 25,000 DOUGLAS men refuse to adopt the Cresson plan and vote a straight-out ticket—which will be the result? We have put the strength of LINCOLN at 225,000. We have also put the strength of the united Democracy at 235,000. Deduct 25,000 straight-out DOUGLAS men, and you reduce the available Democratic vote to 210,000, or 15,000 less than LINCOLN's, which of course gives the State to the Republicans.

If DOUGLAS is 15,000 stronger than BRECKINRIDGE in Pennsylvania, and both combined are 10,000 stronger than LINCOLN, then every vote cast for BRECKINRIDGE under the Cresson plan will count for DOUGLAS in the Electoral College, whilst every straight-out DOUGLAS vote (if their number rises to 10,000) will be a dead loss to him. This demonstrates our proposition that the "BRECKINRIDGE man who supports the Cresson plan of the Democratic State Committee is a better friend to DOUGLAS than the pretended DOUGLAS man who goes with Messrs. FORNEY, NILL and HALDEMAN for a straight-out ticket." Deny it who can.

To make the matter plainer, if anything can be plainer than the foregoing, we will present the argument in tabular form:

Whole vote of the State,	500,000
Give Bell and Everett	40,000
And we have left for division between the Democrats and Republicans	460,000
Give Lincoln	225,000
And we have left for Douglass and Breckinridge combined	235,000
Deduct Lincoln's vote	225,000
And we have left a clear Democratic majority of Now unite the Democratic vote on one Electoral Ticket and give Douglas and Breckinridge	10,000
And Douglass gets the electoral vote by leading Breckinridge	125,000
But throw away 25,000 Douglass votes upon a straight ticket and Give Lincoln	110,000
will lead Douglass 10,000 And Lincoln will beat them both	15,000
From all this it must be perfectly clear to every intelligent reader, that the professing DOUGLAS Democrat who refuses to sanction the Cresson plan, deserves to be denounced not only as a traitor to the Democratic party, but as a traitor to Douglass.	15,000

Tee the Mark.  
Forney's Press concludes an article against the union of the Democracy of Pennsylvania upon a common electoral ticket with this mandate:

"In the meantime, we hope the Douglas Executive Committee of this State will honor their straight out ticket in the field. Tee men time has already been lost."

Do you hear that, members of the Straight out Committee? Forney is tired of your delay—to come up to time at once. Don't stand shivering on the brink, but do your work immediately. If you hesitate much longer Forney may discharge you and take the management of the Standard into his own hands.

## Resolution of Approval.

Resolved.—That we approve of the nomination of Hon. Ross Stephen A. Douglass and the Hon. H. V. Johnson, the regularly nominated candidates of the Democratic party, for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States.

The above resolution was forced on the late Nominating Convention and passed by a vote that cannot be received as at all complimentary to the resolution itself. We do not believe that the feeble endorsement it received was occasioned by a feeling in the Convention that Judge Douglass was not a "regularly nominated candidate," but from a disinclination on the part of a great body of the Delegates to pass any resolution on the subject.

According to the count of the President of the Convention, which we must presume to be impartial from the total absence of unbiased feeling so conspicuously displayed on the occasion, there were but 35 votes in favor of the resolution. We believe they do not claim any more. There being 71 Delegates in Convention 33 according to remain unaccounted for. The small majority the resolution received is rather mortifying to the true friends of Mr. DOUGLAS, in this county, where it was supposed he was largely in the ascendancy; and it further shows the impolicy of hazarding such a resolution when the party is so nearly equally divided.

The fact that the Times, a Republican journal, has changed its course, and will bear no part Douglass and Johnson and a straight-out electoral ticket. The Democracy of Franklin will not be hampered and will at the pleasure of leaders. The Hon. Jones Nill, who stood so gallantly for Douglass both at Baltimore and Baltimore, as President of the convention.

Your Respectfully,

We find the above letter in the State Sentinel, published at Harrisburg, one of the few renegade papers that goes a stretch further than Forney's to break up the Democratic party in this State. The letter is dubbed an "important" one and in many respects it is worthy that distinction. Its chief importance is derived from the announcement it contains that "the Times, a Republican journal, has changed its course, and will hereafter support DOUGLAS and JOHNSON and a straight out ELECTORAL TICKET." Do tell! "Fusion" is to be "emphatically rebuked in our county." We suspected as much and gave the party timely warning of the treachery about to be practiced upon it. We are glad to perceive that one of the sponsors for the Times has the independence to declare its principles if its editor has not. The Times will have lonesome times in advocating its straight out ticket deprived of all sympathy from the friends of Judge DOUGLAS in the State. Its situation commands the most heart felt commiseration.

Confidence and Respect.

The editor of the Times, or somebody for him, made the modest assumption while that paper was in its embryo state that it already possessed

"the confidence of the party, and respect of those with whom we (they) deal."

This was, indeed, a very safe assumption at that time before the public had dealt with it and the party knew nothing, and cared less, about it. To make the self-laudatory remark still more attractive it is placed in italics as if intended to mean something.

It can hardly be the spirit that it is hitting at as its "high-toned" dignity does not allow of any illusion to the hands of the opposition as if it were a part of their bargain and sale for their good-will and patronage.

There is no honest Democrat or well-wisher for the success of the party, that can approve their course. We must be united if we would be successful.

Then, how is it possible for us to unite when the Breckinridge wing of the party are scarcely recognized as Democrats by these rule or ruin Douglassites whose very brief and new-found zeal for their leader has carried them clean beyond the bounds of prudence or common-sense. Is this the

body to fraternize? Must Democrats who have stood side by side and achieved

many a glorious victory over the enemies of their party and the country, now take up arms against each other and sacrifice in the strife all they politically hold near and dear? Are men who have been life-long Democrats, who have grown grey in the service of the party, and who have not been in the habit of scratching their tickets at almost every election, to be thrust aside because they will not fall down and worship the new-fangled God of a faction in the party? If Democracy has arrived at this sorry pass it requires no prophet to foretell that its days are numbered.

We are content to allow every man to exercise his own preference in regard to his choice between our Presidential candidates. We will neither attempt to force, or coax, any portion of the party as to how they should vote on the Presidential issue. They

can vote "as seemeth good in their own eyes" and so that their votes count towards electing a DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENT we will have no fault to find, but will ever regard them as good and true Democrats. We would at the same time ask that the same privilege be granted to us that we are so entirely willing to concede to all others.

A plan has been agreed upon, and accepted all over the State, save by a few who follow the lead of Forney, to unite the party on the regularly-nominated ticket for electors. What reason can any Democrat give for opposing this wise course—one that would work out such excellent results?

Judge DOUGLAS who is now on a grand electioneering tour over the country will positively speak in Harrisburg on the 7th inst. Men of all political parties will flock to hear him, attracted by his fame and ability as a public speaker. The Douglas Club, of this place, at its meeting on Saturday evening, passed a resolution to attend and appoint a Committee to make the necessary arrangements for the excursion. The Cumberland Valley Railroad Company will carry passengers over the road on that day at the usual excursion rates.

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The excursion will be on Saturday

evening, and the price of the

excursion will be \$1.00 per

person, and the money will be

used for the benefit of the

party.

such sticklers for "regular nominations" why off this inconsistent position to the regular nominated Electoral ticket? Is it not childishly captious to reject this harmonizing proposition, and does it not clearly

show that they are more anxious for the election of Lincoln than they are for DOUGLAS? We regret to be constrained to say that this is the true interpretation of their course, and it is every day verifying the saying, in the mouths of the enemies of Judge DOUGLAS, that "Squatter Sovereignty is a short cut across lots to Black Republicanism."

Important Letter from Franklin County.

Commonwealth, Aug. 30, 1860.

Editor State Sentinel. The Franklin County Democratic Convention met at Chambersburg Tuesday the 28th inst. After a plenary session for the county, it was with great enthusiasm, a resolution was adopted by the county side, to nominate for the State side, Douglass and Johnson, as the regular nominees of the party.

On the 29th inst., a resolution was adopted by the State side, to nominate Douglass and Johnson, as the regular nominees of the party.

In connection with this, should it be mentioned that the Times, a Republican journal

has changed its course, and will bear no part Douglass and Johnson and a straight-out electoral ticket. The Democracy of Franklin

will not be hampered and will at the pleasure of leaders.

The Hon. James Nill, who stood so gallantly for Douglass both at

Baltimore and Baltimore, as President of the convention.

Our County Ticket is, without doubt, the most unexpected and intelligent body of men assembled together.

In these elections of a ticket the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed in the Convention.

The Delegates one and all seemed to have an eye single to the good of the party, in making their nominations, and had they adjourned immediately after forming the ticket all would have been well with the Democracy in this county.

As it is, we trust, the unpleasant scene at the close of the Convention will rest with those who are responsible for it and not tend in any way to further distract the party. Our County Ticket is, without doubt, the most unexpected and intelligent body of men that could have been nominated, and one that no good Democrat can refuse to endorse, and is well worthy the confidence and support of the people of the county.

If ordinary elections be made in its behalf, and the personal friends of the candidates, it will be hard to beat.

We are highly gratified to learn, from all sections of the county, that the ticket is entirely acceptable to both wings of the party. We know that our candidates are sound Democrats above suspicion or reproach in any particular, and that they go in for all measures to promote the unity and harmony of the party and that is sufficient with all true Democrats.

Yours, Respectfully,

D. K. Wunderlich.

In regard to our candidate for Legislature it is scarcely necessary for us to say one word to the people of this county. No man in the country is more favorably known and more highly respected. His sterling honesty as a man, his active business habits, his exemplary Christian life, and his long experience as a public officer, in our county, are well known to every man in the county. From an intimate acquaintance for years we can say, without fear of contradiction, that Franklin County does not hold a man better qualified to make a sound and conservative Legislator than Daniel K. Wunderlich. His colleague on our Legislature ticket, Dr. A. C. V. McNeal, of Fulton County, careful, attentive and intelligent business man, who possesses in an eminent degree the qualifications necessary for a position in our State Legislature. He has not only the business qualifications necessary for a useful member of the House, but he is strictly honest and reliable, and will never cast a vote, should he be elected, that will dishonor him or bring disgrace upon the good old Commonwealth.

PROTHONOTARY.

Miram G. Kowar.

Five men in the county combine in a more or less degree the necessary qualifications for filling this important County Office, with credit to themselves and advantage to the people of the county, than Mr. Kersaw. He is a lawyer by profession and well versed in the manner of correctly transacting all legal business, and can give important directions to persons having business in the Prothonotary's Office that may save them a lawyer's fee.

As a man Mr. Kersaw is irreproachable in character, and as an officer he has proved himself competent, attentive and obliging. The post of Prothonotary cannot be better filled than by the present incumbent and the county can gain nothing by making a change.

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

G. W. Toms.

The re-nomination of Mr. Toms was a compliment well bestowed on a faithful public servant.

He is an intelligent, high minded, honest man, always at his post and his record is always promptly, correctly and elegantly made out.

All political parties will acknowledge that his qualifications, for the office he holds, are of the very first order, and that he has been one of the most faithful officials we have ever had in our Court House. He has well earned and is well worthy a generous support from the people of the county.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

B. Y. Mamash.

This gentleman has filled the position of Clerk for the past three years with entire satisfaction of the Court and people of the county.

To know Mr. Mamash is to know and respect him. A more pleasant or agreeable man in his social relations cannot be found in the county.

As a speaker he is emphatically a good one. His books and papers are always posted up in perfect order, and those who have had business to transact with him have always found him attentive and obliging. It is a matter of great importance to our Court to have a skillful and efficient Clerk, and the selection of Mr. Mamash, which we regard as certain, will be of infinite advantage to the people of this community in all their judicial relations.

The balance of the ticket, which we hope not to notice particularly in this week's paper, is composed of honest and courageous citizens, deserving of the confidence and support of the public, and who, if elected to the respective positions for which they have been nomi-

## THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

OUR COUNTY

A Glorious One and Success Certain.

REVIVED UNION

Or the Whole People on the County Tickets.

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The late Democratic County Convention was composed of the very best men in the party from all sections of the county. We have rarely seen a more respectable and intelligent body of men assembled together.

In these elections of a ticket the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed in the Convention.

The Delegates one and all seemed to have an eye single to the good of the party, in making their nominations, and had they adjourned immediately after forming the ticket all would have been well with the Democracy in this county.

As it is, we trust, the unpleasant scene at the close of the Convention will rest with those who are responsible for it and not tend in any way to further distract the party.

Our County Ticket is, without doubt, the most unexpected and intelligent body of men that could have been nominated, and one that no good Democrat can refuse to endorse, and is well worthy the confidence and support of the people of the county.

If ordinary elections be made in its behalf, and the personal friends of the candidates, it will be hard to beat.

We are, however, well pleased with the result.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Hon. Wilson REILLY was called

to preside over the Democratic County Meeting held during the first week of our August Court. He







